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Calculation Examples

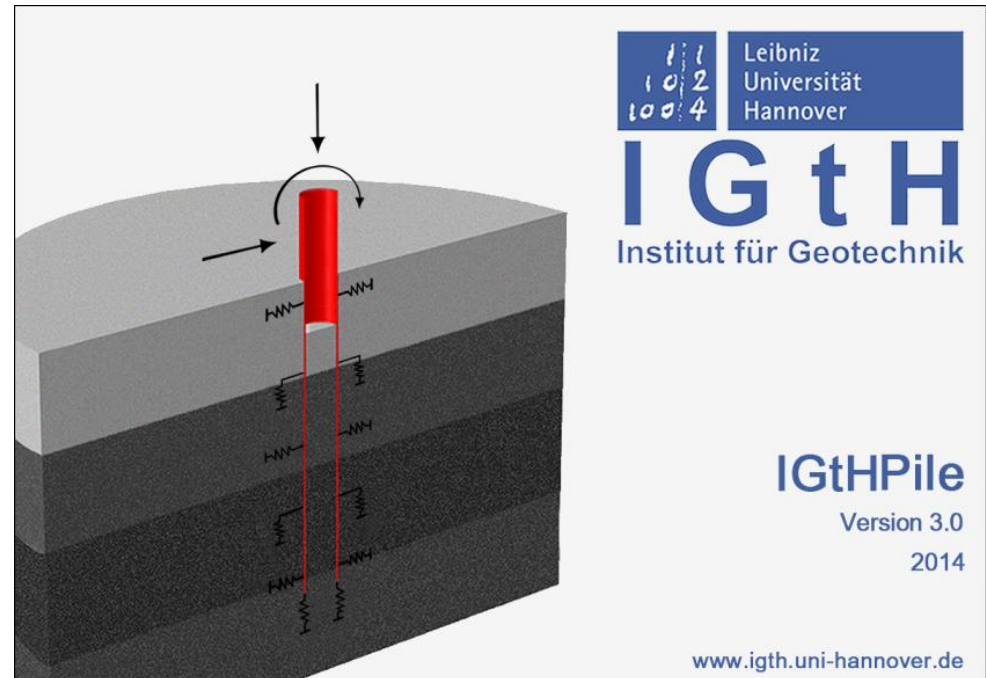
IGtHPile V 3.0 (January 2015)

Mauricio Terceros - Klaus Thieken - Kirill Schmoor



Preface

IGtHPile was developed in the scope of several research activities of the Institute for Geotechnical Engineering (IGtH), Leibniz University Hannover (Germany), in the field of foundations for offshore wind energy structures. It enables the calculation of the behavior of open pipe piles under lateral as well as axial loading with focus on design needs for offshore wind foundations. Various state-of-the-art approaches are implemented and therefore the program can be used as a tool for parametric studies and also for routine pile design.



Part 1: Laterally Loaded Piles

Laterally Loaded Piles – Generate Project

Generate project

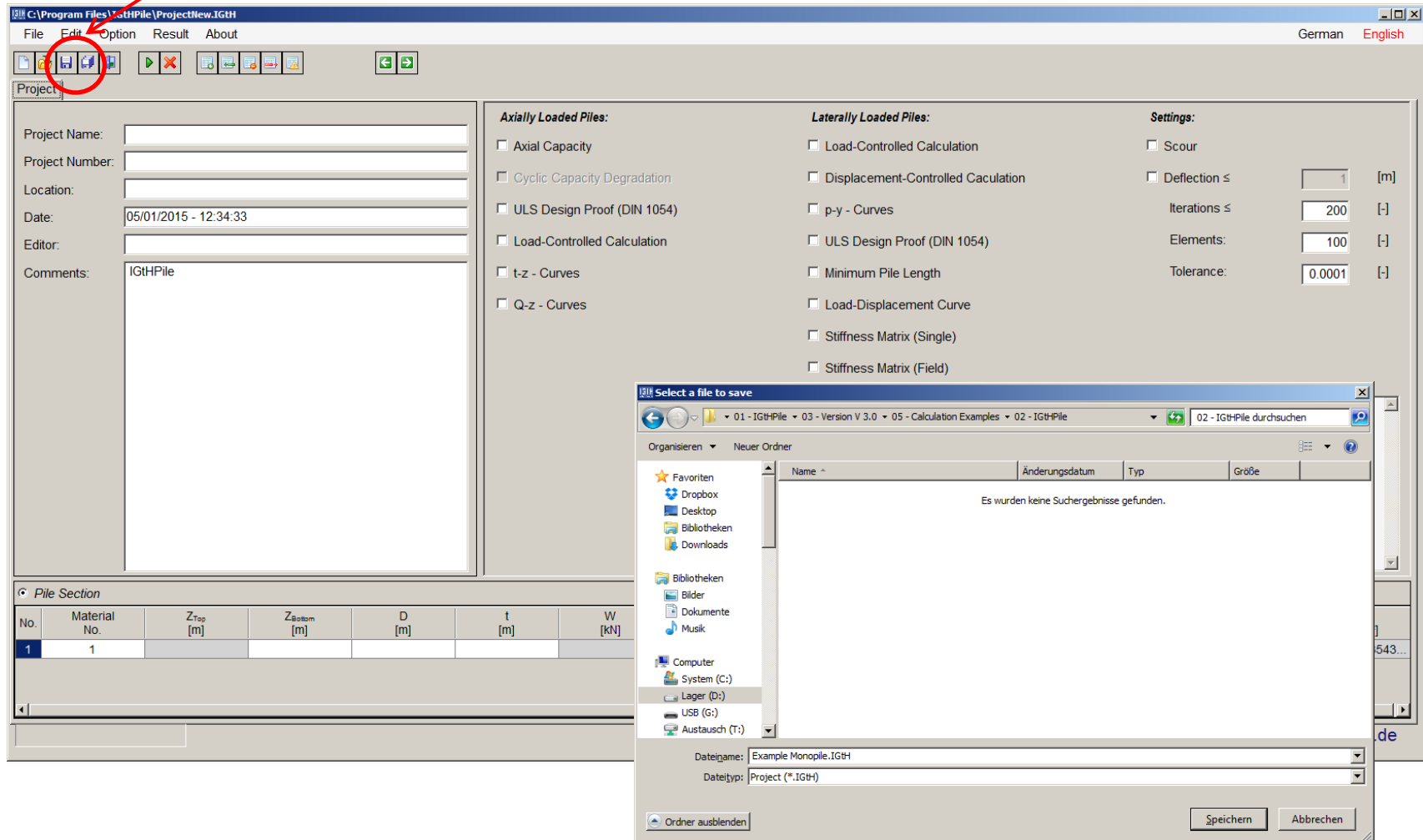
The screenshot shows the IGtHPile software interface. The title bar reads 'IGtHPile'. The menu bar includes 'Datei', 'Bearbeiten', 'Option', 'Ergebnis', and 'Impressum'. The language is set to 'Deutsch' with an 'Englisch' option. The toolbar contains various icons, with the 'Generate project' icon (a green square with a white 'G') circled in red. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Projekt:** Fields for 'Projektname:', 'Projektnummer:', 'Standort:', 'Datum:', 'Bearbeiter:', and a large 'Kommentar:' text area.
- Axial belasteter Pfahl:** A list of checkboxes for axial pile calculations: 'Axiale Tragfähigkeit', 'Zyklische Tragfähigkeitsreduktion', 'Grenzlastnachweis (DIN 1054)', 'Lastgesteuerte Berechnung', 't-z - Kurven', and 'Q-z - Kurven'.
- Lateral belasteter Pfahl:** A list of checkboxes for lateral pile calculations: 'Lastgesteuerte Berechnung', 'Verschiebungsgesteuerte Berechnung', 'p-y - Kurven', 'Grenzlastnachweis (DIN 1054)', 'Minimale Einbindelänge', 'Last-Verschiebungslinie', 'Steifigkeitsmatrix (Single)', and 'Steifigkeitsmatrix (Feld)'.
- Einstellungen:** Checkboxes for 'Kolk' and 'Verschiebung ≤' (with a text input field and '[m]' unit), 'Iterationen ≤' (with a text input field and '[-]' unit), 'Elemente:' (with a text input field and '[-]' unit), and 'Toleranz:' (with a text input field and '[-]' unit).
- Pfahlsektion:** A large empty rectangular area for pile section details.
- Pfahlmaterial:** A large empty rectangular area for pile material details.

The website address 'www.igth.uni-hannover.de' is displayed in the bottom right corner.

Laterally Loaded Piles – Save Project

Save project



Laterally Loaded Piles – Insert Pile Data

Add, insert or delete rows of pile section or pile material, respectively

Describe project

Control parameter

Project Settings:

Project Name: Windfarm xy
 Project Number: 123456
 Location: North Sea
 Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
 Editor: Hans Mustermann
 Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection [m]
- Iterations ≤ [-]
- Elements: [-]
- Tolerance: [-]

Timoshenko Beam (default)

Pile Section Table:

NO.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{annular} [m²]	A _{circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material Table:

NO.	E [kN/m²]	ν _s [-]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82377165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86314173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Choose Between Calculation Types

Define soil parameters

Choose calculation type

The screenshot shows the IGtHPile V 3.0 software interface. The 'Lateral Soil Parameters' tab is selected, and the 'Load-Controlled Calculation' checkbox is checked under the 'Laterally Loaded Piles' section.

Project Information:

- Project Name: Windfarm xy
- Project Number: 123456
- Location: North Sea
- Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
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Axially Loaded Piles:

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- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section Table:

No.	Material No.	Z _{top} [m]	Z _{bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{annular} [m²]	A _{cross} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material Table:

No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Lateral Soil Parameters

12 p-y methods
available

Beam model:
Timoshenko/ Bernoulli

Loading type:
Static or cyclic p-y curves

Software interface for IGtHPile V 3.0, showing the Lateral Soil Parameters input form. The form includes a table for soil parameters and various input fields for beam model, loading type, and soil properties.

Table 1: Lateral Soil Parameters

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ [°]	K _{API} [kN/m²]	E _{s,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Es} ; a _W [-]	G _{ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Go} [-]	v [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	ε ₅₀ [-]	J [-]
1	LINEAR ELASTIC SYSTEM SAND (DIN 1054 2010-12) SAND (REESE ET AL. 1974) SAND (O'NEILL & MURCHINSON 1983) SAND (WIEMANN ET AL. 2004) SAND (SORENSEN ET AL. 2010) SAND (SORENSEN 2012) SAND (KALLEHAVE ET AL. 2012) SAND (KIRSCH ET AL. 2014) SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015) SOFT CLAY (MATLOCK 1970) STIFF CLAY (REESE & COX 1975)											100				

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Soil Layers:

Loading:

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: [kN] H_{End}: [kN] Number: [-]

M_{Start}: [kNm] M_{End}: [kNm] Number: [-]

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: [kN] Load Eccentricity: [m]

Increment: [kN]

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: [m] Limit Depth: [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: [m] ☐ Level (Local Scour)

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ': Internal Friction Angle
 k: Initial Stiffness Coefficient
 E_{s,ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus
 λ_{Es} ; a_W: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus ; Exponent of Wiemann Method
 G_{ref}: Reference Value of Dynamic Shear Modulus

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Laterally Loaded Piles – References p-y Methods (1)

- DIN 1054:2010-12:** *Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V. (DIN), DIN 1054:2010-02: Baugrund - Sicherheitsnachweise im Erd- und Grundbau - Ergänzende Regelungen zur DIN EN 1997-1, 2010 (in German).*
Note: *Spatial earth pressure is used for determination of maximum bedding resistance.*
- Kallehave et al. 2012:** *Kallehave, D., LeBlanc Thilsted, C., Liingaard M.A.: Modification of the API p-y formulation of initial stiffness of sand, Proceedings of the 7th International Conference Offshore Site Investigation and Geotechnics, 2012, pp. 465 - 472.*
- Reese et al. 1974:** *Reese, L.C., Cox, W.R., Koop, F.D.: Analysis of Laterally Loaded Piles in Sand, Proceedings of the Offshore Technology Conference, 1974, Paper No. OTC 2080.*
- O'Neill & Murchison 1983:** *Murchison J.M., O'Neill M.W.: (1984). Evaluation of p-y-Relationship in Cohesionless Soils, Analysis and Design of Pile Foundations (ASCE), 1984, pp. 174-191.*

Identical to: *American Petroleum Institute (API): Recommended Practice 2GEO - Geotechnical and Foundation Design Considerations, Version October 2014.*

Det Norske Veritas (DNV): Offshore Standard DNV-OS-J101, Design of Offshore Wind Turbine Structures. January 2013.
- Wiemann et al. (2004):** *Wiemann, J., Lesny, K., Richwien, W.: Evaluation of the Pile Diameter Effects on Soil-Pile Stiffness, Proceedings of the 7th German Wind Energy Conference (DEWEK), 2004.*
- Sørensen et al. 2010:** *Sørensen, S.P.H., Ibsen, L.B., Augustesen, A.H.: Effects of diameter on initial stiffness of p-y curves for large-diameter piles in sand, Proceedings of the 7th European Conference on Numerical Methods in Geotechnical Engineering, 2010, pp. 907-912.*

Laterally Loaded Piles – References p-y Methods (2)

- Sørensen 2012:** *Sørensen S.P.H.: Soil-structure interaction for non-slender large-diameter offshore monopiles, PhD Thesis, Aalborg University Denmark, Department of Civil Engineering, 2012.*
- Kirsch et al. 2014:** *Kirsch, F., Richter, T., Coronel, M.: Geotechnische Aspekte bei der Gründungsbemessung von Offshore-Windenergieanlagen auf Monopfählen mit sehr großen Durchmessern, Stahlbau Spezial 2014 - Erneuerbare Energien, 2014, pp. 61 - 67 (in German).*
- Thieken et al. 2015:** *Thieken, K., Achmus, M., Lemke, K.: A new static p-y approach for piles with arbitrary dimensions in sand, Geotechnik (submitted).*
- Matlock 1970:** *Matlock, H.: Correlations for Design of Laterally Loaded Piles in Soft Clay, Proceedings of the Offshore Technology Conference, Paper No. OTC 1204, Houston, Texas, 1970.*
- Reese et al. 1975:** *Field testing and analysis of latterally loaded piles in stiff clay, Proceedings of the Offshore Technology Conference, Paper No. OTC 2312, Dallas, Texas, 1975.*

Laterally Loaded Piles – Assigned Soil Parameters

p-y method
(arbitrary combinations)

Insert soil data
in white fields

By default:

$$k_{API} [\text{MN/m}^3] = 0.008085 \cdot \varphi'^{2.45} - 26.09$$

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	k _{API} [kN/m³]	E _{s,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{ES} ; α _W [-]	G _{0,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{GO} [-]	v [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	ε ₅₀ [-]	J [-]
1	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	0	15	9.76	35		40000	0.6	89430.53	0.5	0.25	100				
2	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	15	31	10.31	40		70000	0.5	106298.81	0.5	0.2	100				

Define loading

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Timoshenko-Bear Soil Layers: Standard

Loading: Static

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: 0 [kN] Load Eccentricity: 0 [m]

Increment: 100 [kN]

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: 0 [kN] H_{End}: 100 [kN] Number: 1 [-]

M_{Start}: 0 [kNm] M_{End}: 100 [kNm] Number: 1 [-]

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ: Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

k: Initial Stiffness Coefficient

E_{s,ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus

λ_{ES}; α_W: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus ; Exponent of Wiemann Method

G_{0,ref}: Reference Value of Dynamic Shear Modulus

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Load Controlled Calculation

Start / Stop
calculation

Insert pile head loadings
(Unlimited load cases)

Rotation Fixity at pile head
0 => free
inf => Full fixity

Project | Lateral Sol | Parameters | Loading

Axial Load:

No.	V_k [kN]

$V_k; u_z$ (+)

Lateral Load:

No.	H_k [kN]	M_k [kNm]
1	10000	50000
2	20000	60000

$M_k; \theta_y$ (+)
 $H_k; u_y$ (+)

Rotation Fixity: [kNm/Rad]

Load
 V_k : Vertical Load
 H_k : Horizontal Load
 M_k : Moment
Total Rotation Fixity: inf

Displacement
 u_z : Vertical Displacement
 u_y : Horizontal Displacement
 θ : Rotation

IGtHPILE
See information box!
OK

Calculation finished

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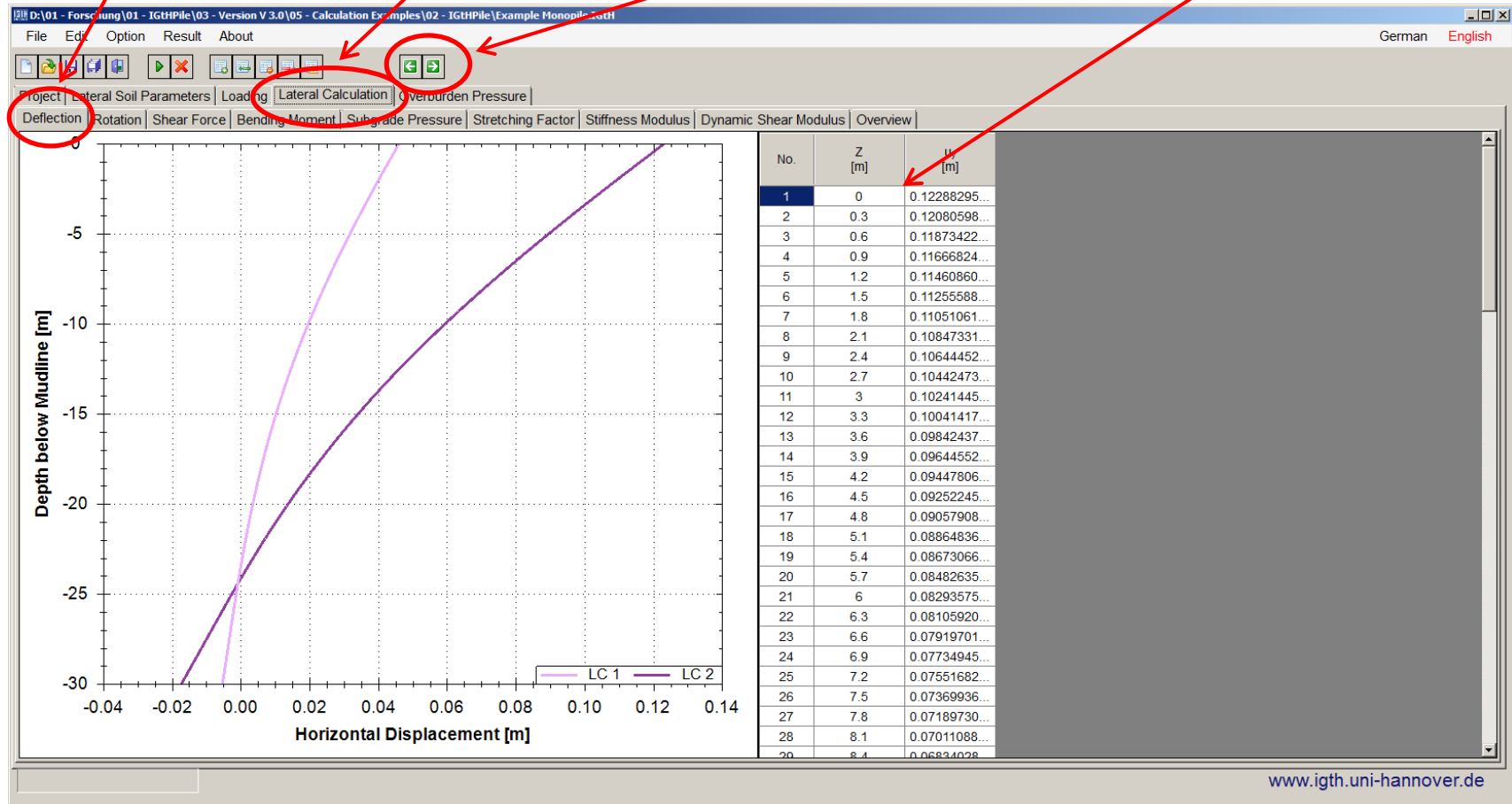
Laterally Loaded Piles – Calculation Output

Deflection line

Calculation output

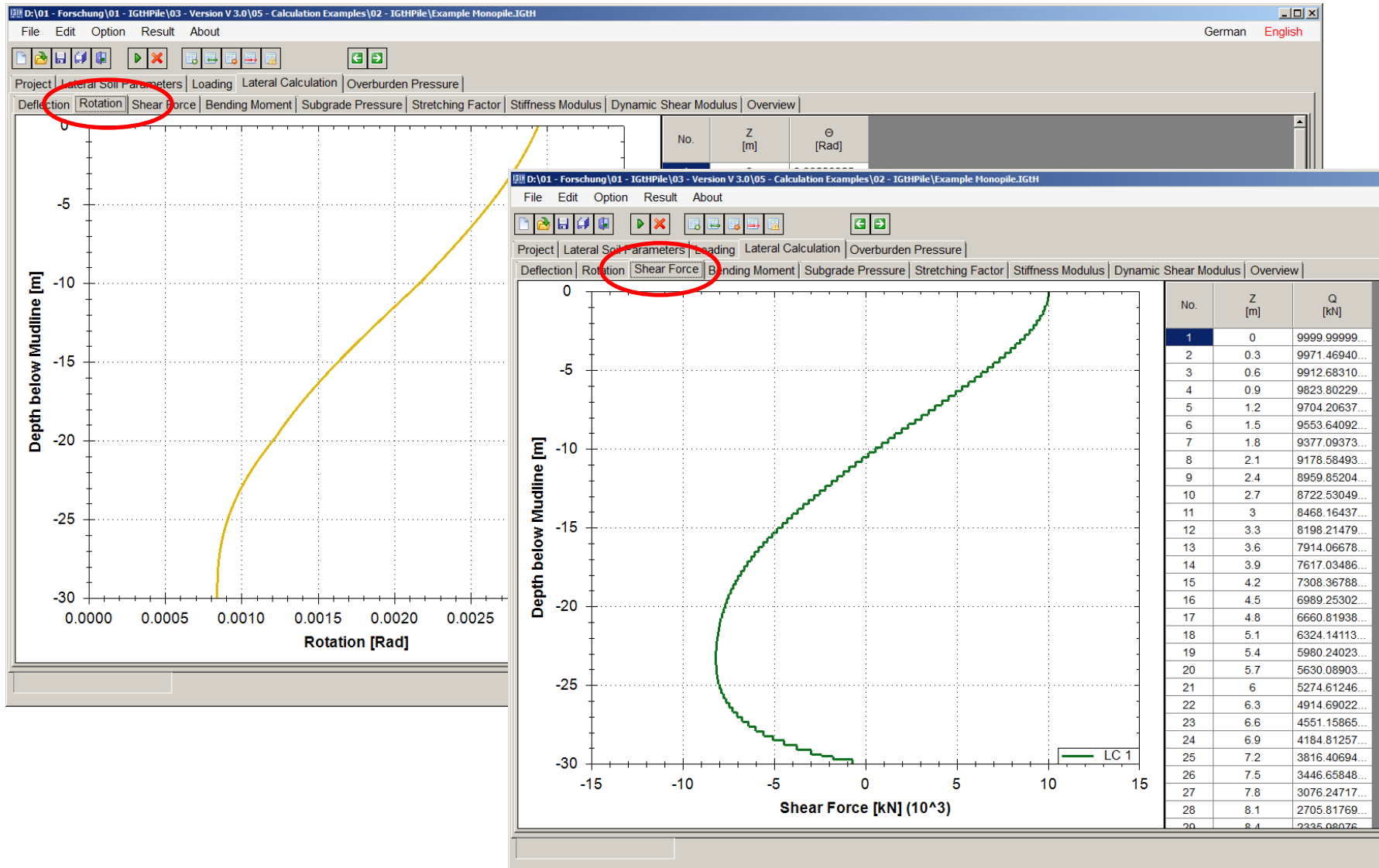
Change load cases

Results in tabular form

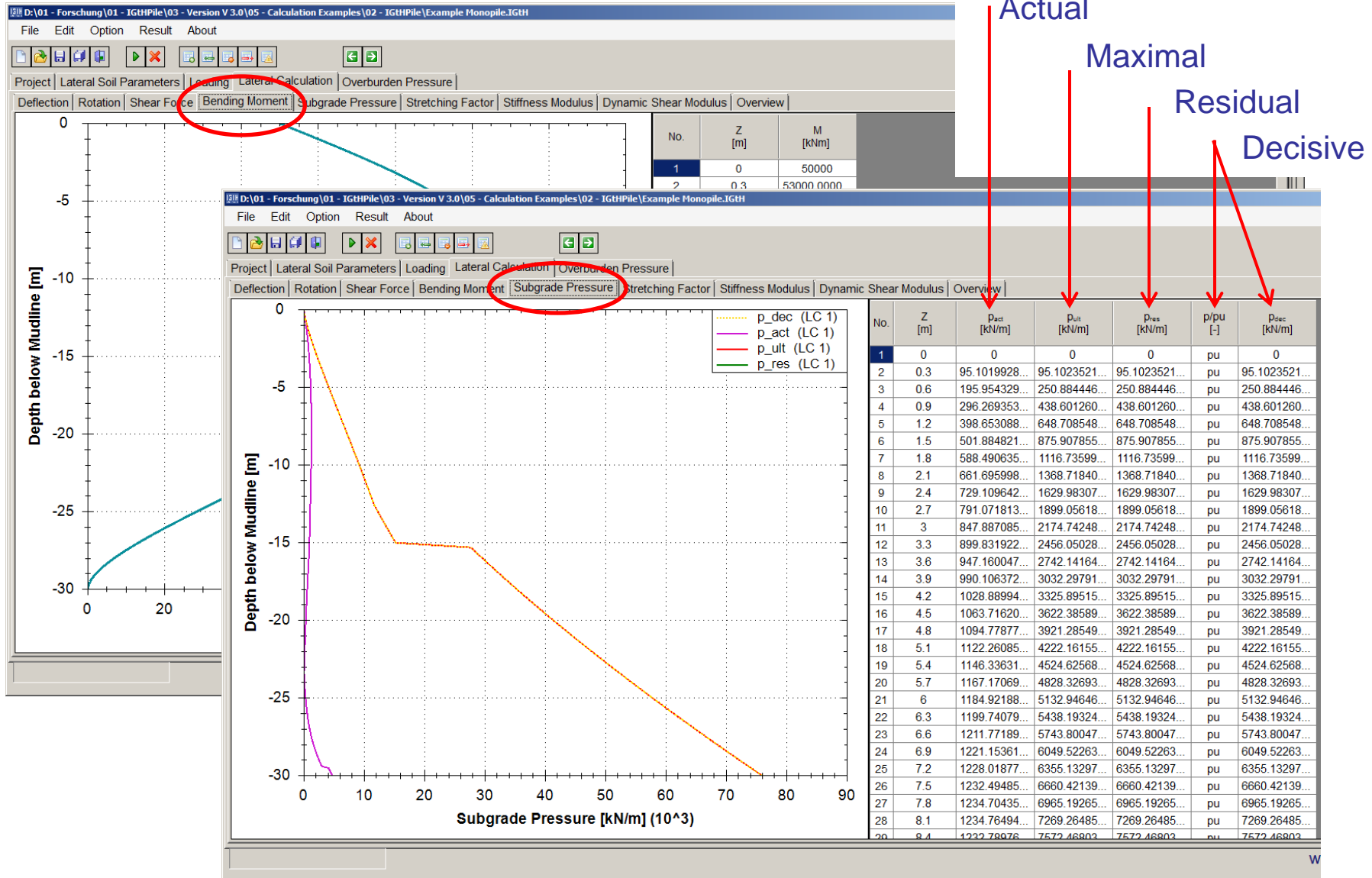


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Laterally Loaded Piles – Calculation Output

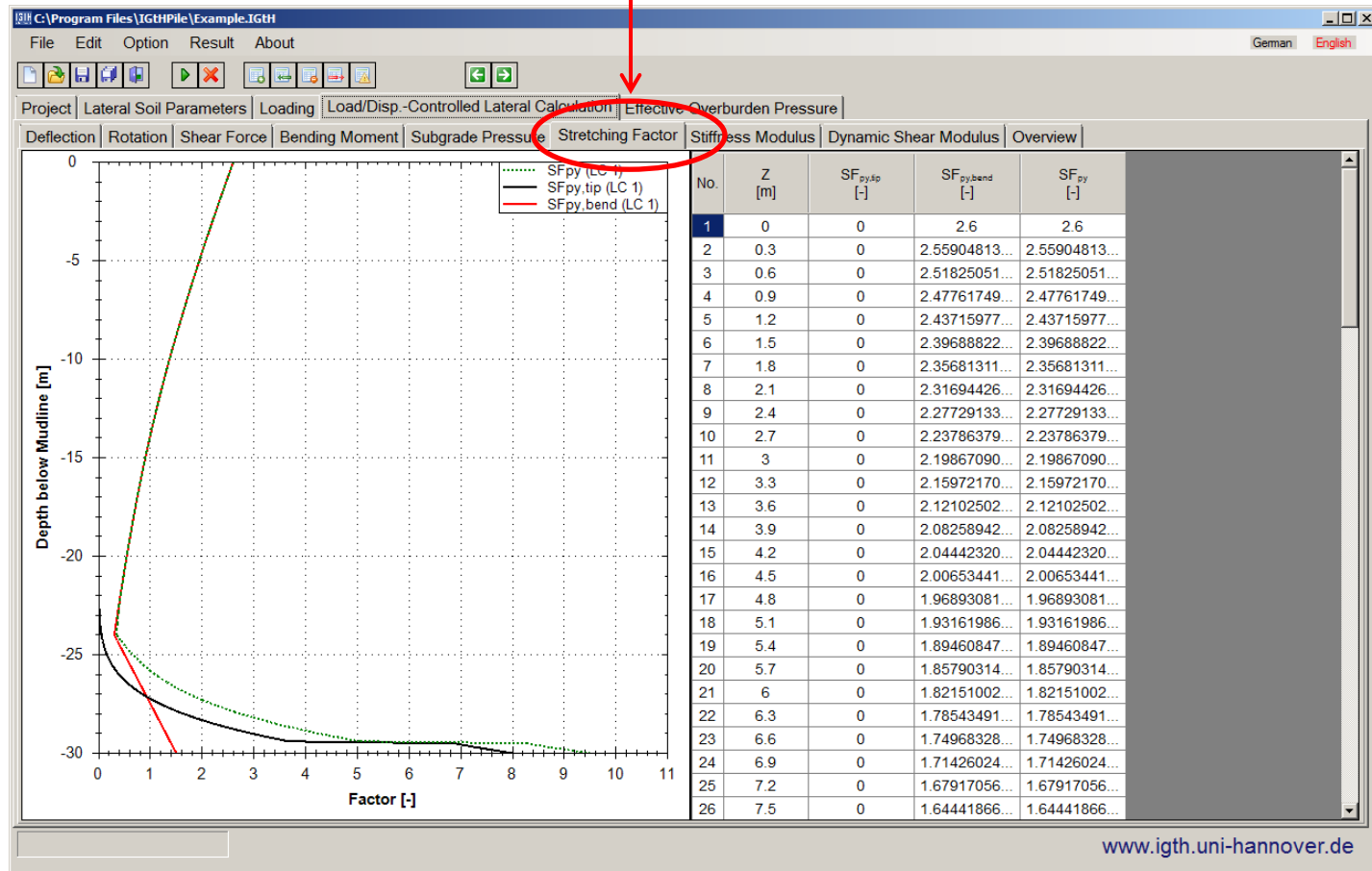


Laterally Loaded Piles – Calculation Output



Laterally Loaded Piles – Calculation Output

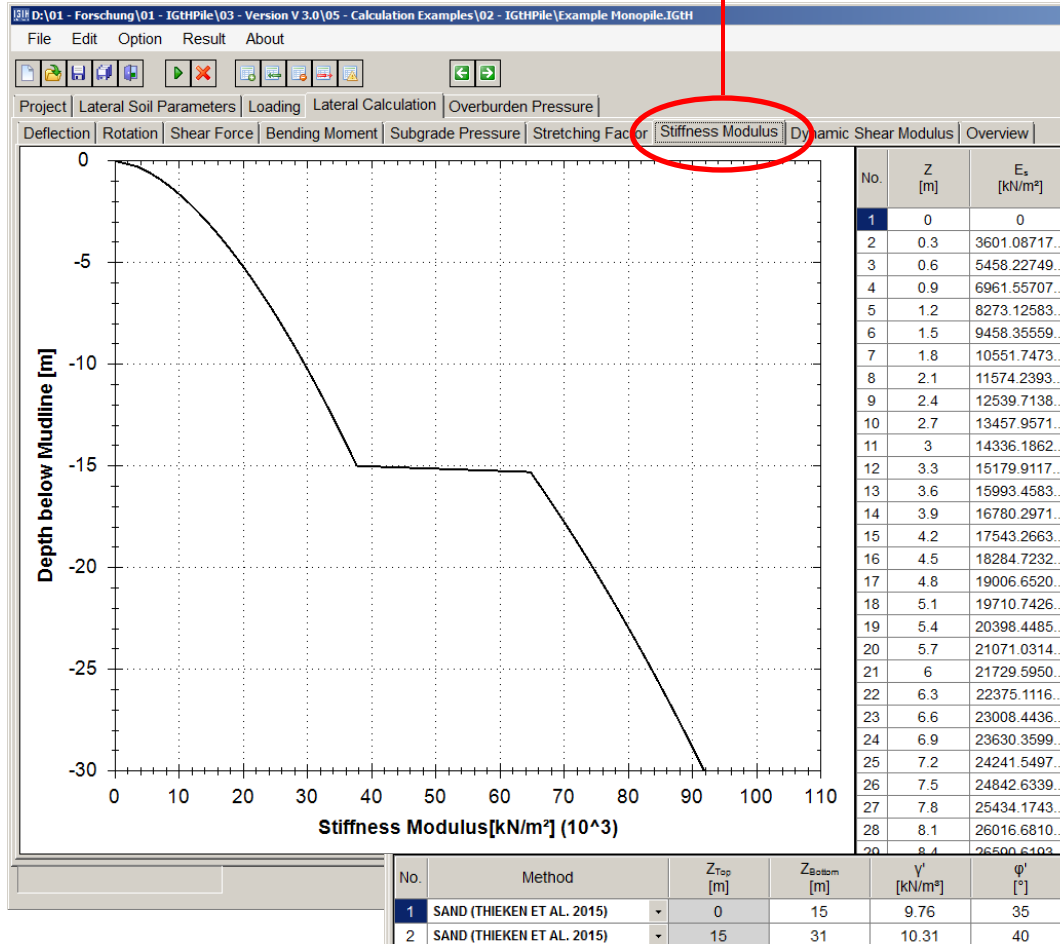
The stretching factor SF_{py} is depicted additionally if the p-y method according to Thieken et al. (2015) is used.



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Laterally Loaded Piles – Soil Stiffness Modulus

Control applied soil stiffness modulus E_s



$$\lambda_{Es} = 0.0$$

$$\Rightarrow E_s = \text{constant}$$

$$0.0 > \lambda_{Es} > 1.0$$

$$\Rightarrow E_s = \text{parabolic}$$

$$\lambda_{Es} = 1.0$$

$$\Rightarrow E_s = \text{linear}$$

Overburden pressure

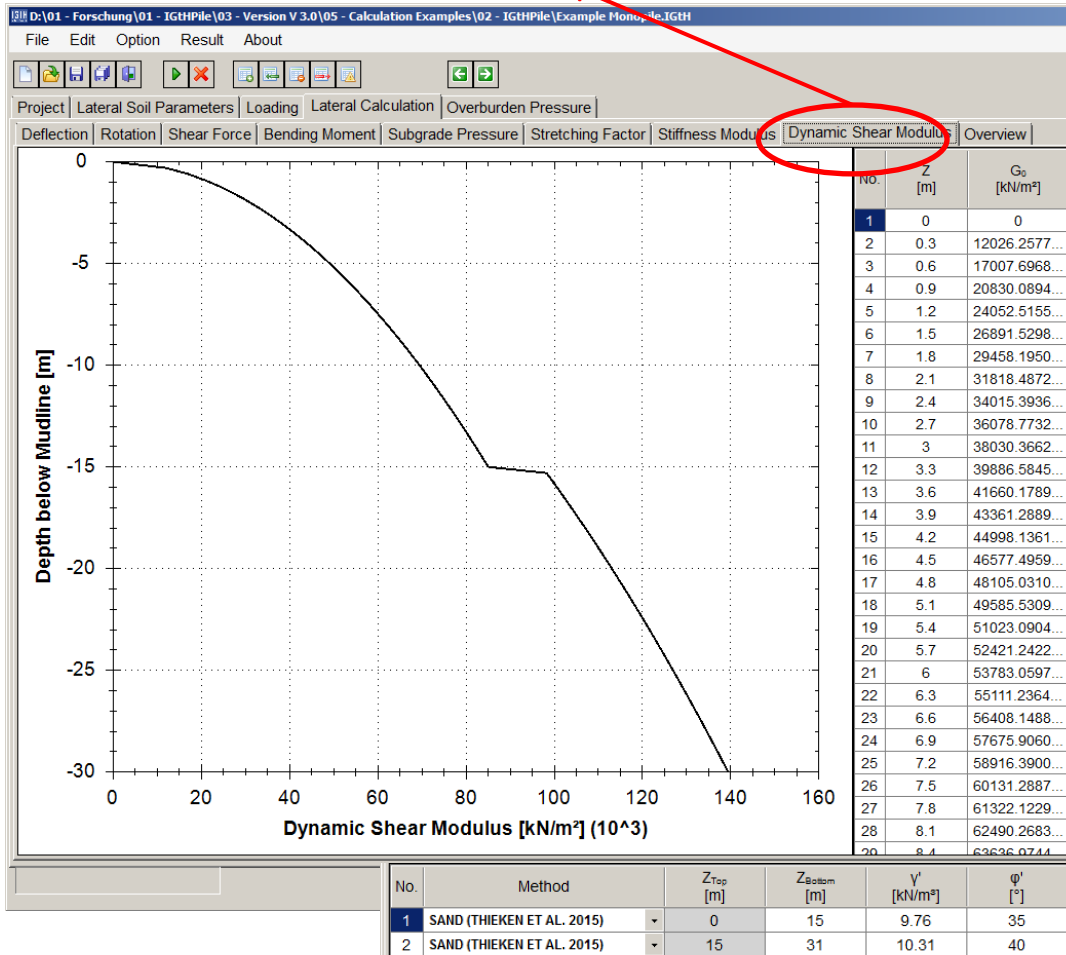
$$\sigma_m = \left(\frac{\sigma_v + 2 \cdot \sigma_v \cdot (1 - \sin \phi')}{3} \right)$$

$$E_s = E_{s,ref} \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma_m}{P_{ref}} \right)^{\lambda_{Es}}$$

Relevant: DIN 1054:2010-12; Sörensen (2012); Kirsch et al. (2014); Thieken et al. (2015)

Laterally Loaded Piles – Soil Stiffness Modulus

Control applied dynamic shear modulus G_0



$$\lambda_{G0} = 0.0$$

$$\Rightarrow G_0 = \text{constant}$$

$$0.0 > \lambda_{G0} > 1.0$$

$$\Rightarrow G_0 = \text{parabolic}$$

$$\lambda_{G0} = 1.0$$

$$\Rightarrow G_0 = \text{linear}$$

Overburden pressure

$$\sigma_m = \left(\frac{\sigma_v + 2 \cdot \sigma_v \cdot (1 - \sin \phi')}{3} \right)$$

$$G_0 = G_{0,ref} \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma_m}{p_{ref}} \right)^{\lambda_{G0}}$$

Relevant: Kirsch et al. (2014); Thieken et al. (2015)

Laterally Loaded Piles – Overview of Main Results

Overview of main calculation results
(for post processing)

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading Lateral Calculation Overburden Pressure

Deflection Rotation Shear Force Bending Moment Subgrade Pressure Stretching Factor Stiffness Modulus Dynamic Shear Modulus Overview

No.	Z [m]	y [m]	Θ [Rad]	Q [kN]	M [kNm]	p [kN/m]	pu [kN/m]	SF _{pytp} [-]	SF _{pybend} [-]	SF _{py} [-]
1	0	0.0458377055067263	0.00293825377902587	9999.9999999993	50000	0	0	0	2.6	2.6
2	0.3	0.0449385177417575	0.0029248410932575	9971.46940213258	53000.0000000019	95.1019928927908	95.1023521524393	0	2.55488142705736	2.55488142705736
3	0.6	0.0440435270859796	0.00291064820056653	9912.68310318873	55991.44082064	195.954329806948	250.884446330502	0	2.50997345259544	2.50997345259544
4	0.9	0.0431530267647355	0.00289567851208142	9823.80229706477	58965.2457515933	296.269353760011	438.601260652057	0	2.46529078979154	2.46529078979154
5	1.2	0.0422673083084512	0.00287993779657637	9704.20637048571	61912.3864407148	398.65308861325	648.708548761651	0	2.42084806677708	2.42084806677708
6	1.5	0.0413866623846502	0.00286343419841906	9553.64092404832	64823.6483518593	501.88482141972	875.90785534253	0	2.37665986838558	2.37665986838558
7	1.8	0.0405113773578446	0.00284617827175398	9377.09373332455	67689.740629077	588.490635774592	1116.73599501118	0	2.3327406638923	2.3327406638923
8	2.1	0.0396417282549178	0.00282818279558795	9178.58493379969	70502.8687490709	661.695998403421	1368.71840147831	0	2.28910425332986	2.28910425332986
9	2.4	0.0387779780589793	0.00280946242188645	8959.85204118778	73256.4442292098	729.109642045602	1629.98307920662	0	2.24576383241008	2.24576383241008
10	2.7	0.0379203816833495	0.00279003345064473	8722.53049715413	75944.3998415675	791.07181344386	1899.05618523724	0	2.2027321919267	2.2027321919267
11	3	0.037069185698242	0.00276991369811964	8468.16437156728	78561.1589907035	847.887085249142	2174.74248841987	0	2.16002170404113	2.16002170404113
12	3.3	0.0362246280747342	0.00274912237261859	8198.21479492038	81101.6083021723	899.83192217232	2456.05028893579	0	2.11764430943566	2.11764430943566
13	3.6	0.0353869379483484	0.00272767995709815	7914.06678056926	83561.0727406479	947.160047850029	2742.14164089607	0	2.07561150545064	2.07561150545064
14	3.9	0.0345563354034648	0.0027056080979764	7617.0348687701	85935.2927748188	990.106372648321	3032.29791717695	0	2.03393433526698	2.03393433526698
15	4.2	0.0337330312791	0.00268292949967196	7308.36788574385	88220.4032354467	1028.88994341946	3325.89515516458	0	1.99262337816069	1.99262337816069
16	4.5	0.0329172269961394	0.0026596678244633	6989.25302362174	90412.9136011712	1063.71620709574	3622.38589734059	0	1.95168874083392	1.95168874083392
17	4.8	0.0321091144058186	0.00263584759732311	6660.81938967295	92509.6895082518	1094.77877980767	3921.28549301802	0	1.91114004981217	1.91114004981217
18	5.1	0.0313088756590515	0.00261149411542954	6324.14113424552	94507.9353251569	1122.2608514177	4222.1615530779	0	1.87098644488764	1.87098644488764
19	5.4	0.030516683096075	0.00258663336209357	5980.24023948007	96405.1776654273	1146.33631590131	4524.62568827339	0	1.83123657358182	1.83123657358182
20	5.7	0.0297326991557855	0.00256129192487137	5630.0890318579	98199.2497372739	1167.17069203634	4828.32693678713	0	1.79189858659639	1.79189858659639
21	6	0.0289570763040912	0.00253549691765446	5274.61246747369	99888.2764468305	1184.92188130977	5132.94646475273	0	1.75298013421803	1.75298013421803
22	6.3	0.02818995698056	0.00250927590655034	4914.69022812805	101470.660187067	1199.74079780691	5438.19324183877	0	1.71448836364145	1.71448836364145
23	6.6	0.0274314735626266	0.00248265683938238	4551.15865925021	102945.067255506	1211.77189626875	5743.80047463839	0	1.67642991717338	1.67642991717338
24	6.9	0.0266817483466085	0.00245566797865133	4184.81257374497	104310.41485328	1221.15361832688	6049.5226367234	0	1.63881093128002	1.63881093128002
25	7.2	0.0259408935447779	0.00242833783781243	3816.40694202445	105565.858625405	1228.01877240411	6355.1329740208	0	1.60163703644009	1.60163703644009
26	7.5	0.0252090112977402	0.00240069512073141	3446.6584842045	106710.780708011	1232.4948594072	6660.42139288223	0	1.564913357766	1.564913357766
27	7.8	0.0244861937013783	0.00237276866419132	3076.24717805666	107744.778253272	1234.70435380336	6965.19265925414	0	1.52864451635577	1.52864451635577
28	8.1	0.0237725228476305	0.00234458738332907	2705.8176937385	108667.652406691	1234.76494773633	7269.26485298805	0	1.49283463133919	1.49283463133919

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Displacement-Controlled Calculation

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Displacement

Project Name: Windfarm xy
 Project Number: 123456
 Location: North Sea
 Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
 Editor: Hans Mustermann
 Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☒ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Displacement-Controlled Calculation

Insert pile head displacements & rotations
(Unlimited load cases)

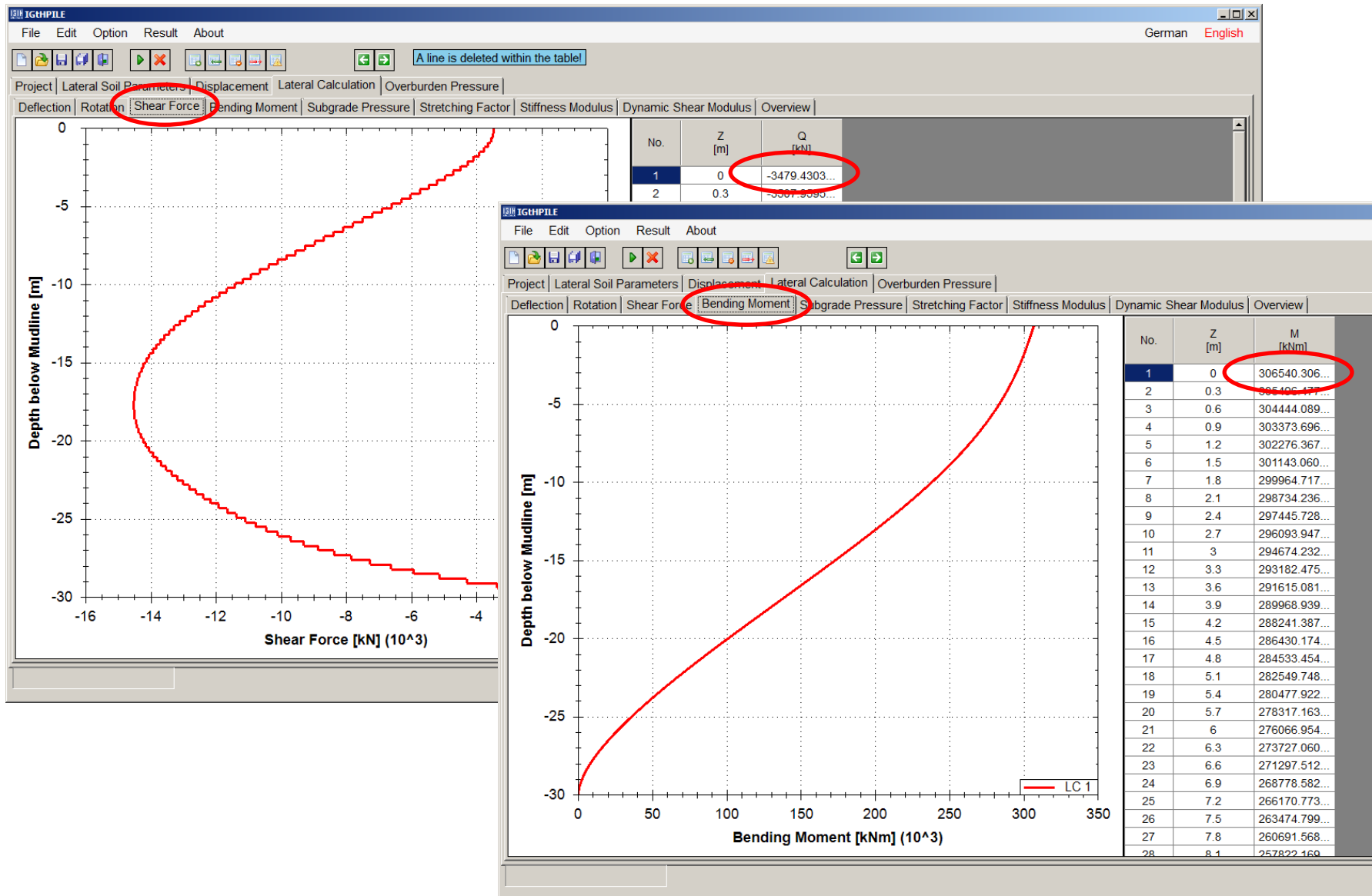
The screenshot shows the IGtHPile software interface with the 'Displacement' tab selected. The 'Lateral Displacement' table is highlighted with a red circle, and a red arrow points to it from the text above. The table contains the following data:

No.	u_y [m]	Θ [Rad]
1	0.05	0.005

Below the table, the 'Displacement' section defines the variables: u_z : Vertical Displacement, u_y : Horizontal Displacement, Θ : Rotation. The 'Load' section defines: V_k : Vertical Load, H_k : Horizontal Load, M_k : Moment, Total Rotation Fixity: inf.

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Displacement-Controlled Calculation



Laterally Loaded Piles – p-y Curves

Presentation of p-y curves

IGtH D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters

Project Name: Windfarm xy
 Project Number: 123456
 Location: North Sea
 Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
 Editor: Hans Mustermann
 Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☒ p-y Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.56734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material

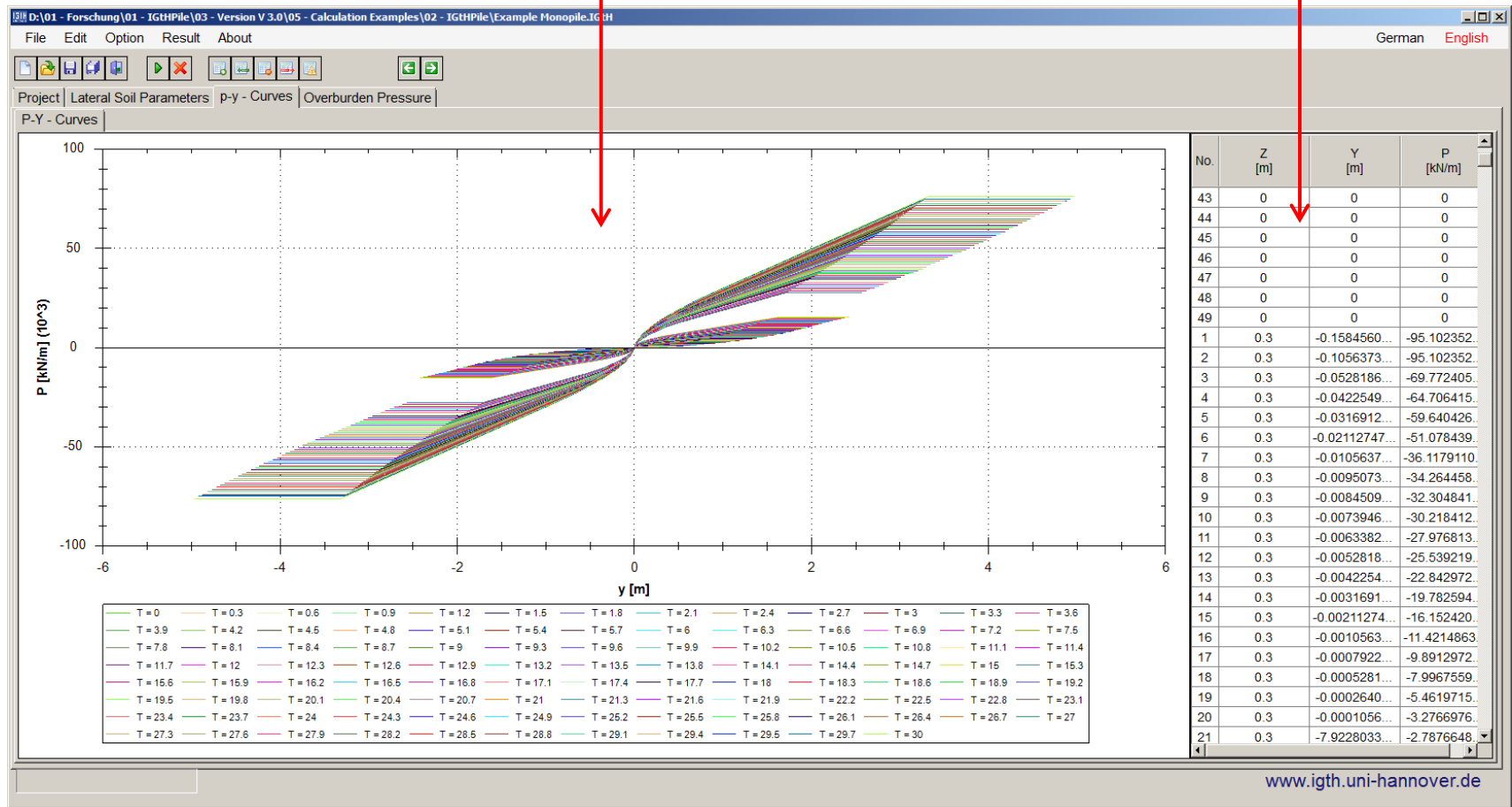
No.	E [kN/m²]	Y _s [kN/m²]	v [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – p-y Curves

Graphical presentation of p-y curves; Basic curves in case of p-y curves according to Thieken et al. 2015

Data of p-y curves displayed in vertical list



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Laterally Loaded Piles – p-y Curves

Presentation of p-y curves with
p-y values for applied loading

IGtH V 3.0 - IGtHPile V 3.0 - Version V 3.0/05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About

German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☒ p-y Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

See information box! = 05/01/2015 13:23:20

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material

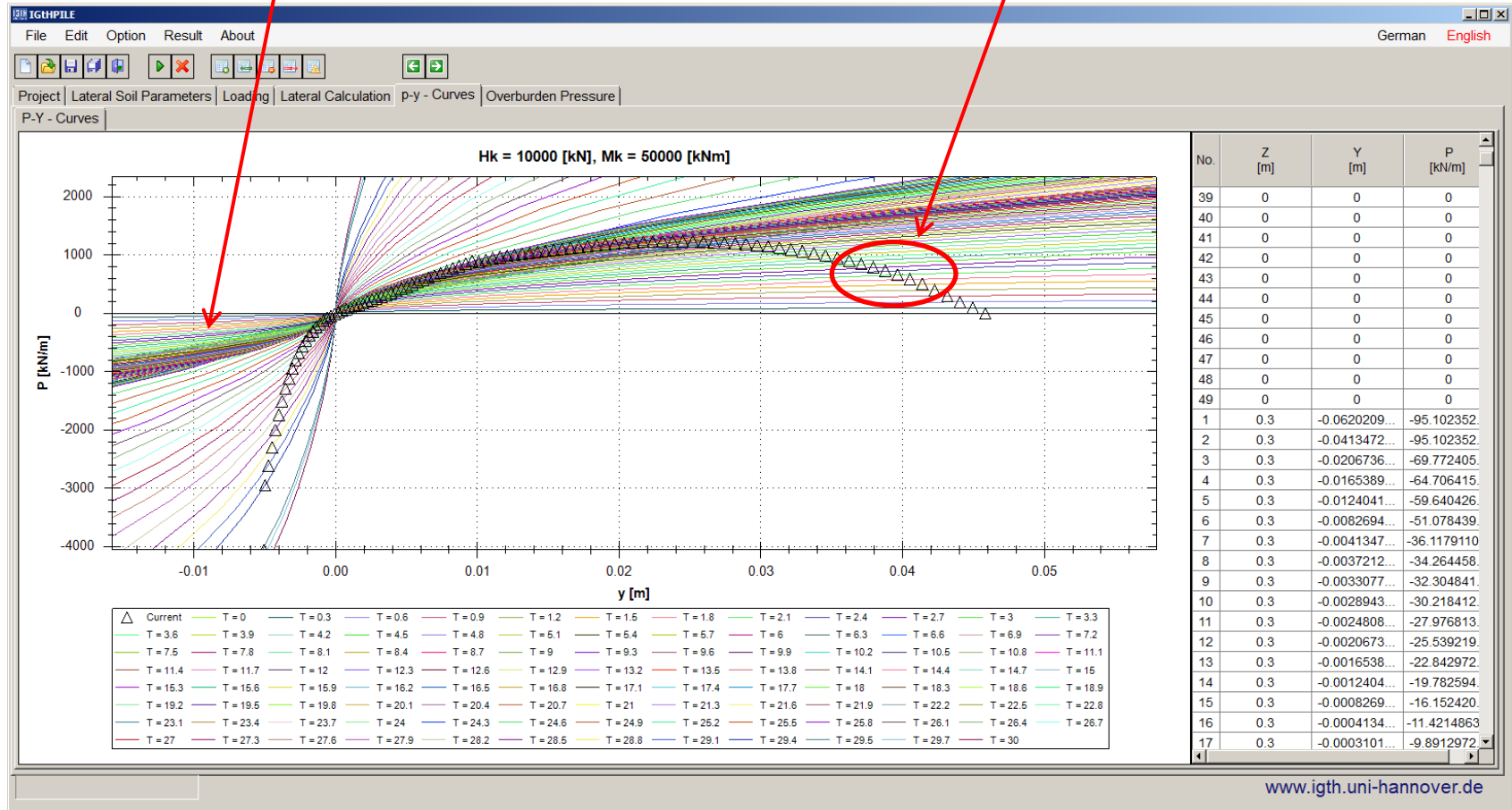
No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – p-y Curves

p-y curves with stretching factors
for method: Thieken et al. (2015)

p-y values for applied loading



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Laterally Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

ULS design proof according to
German standard DIN 1054:2010-05

IGtH D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Load Cases (ULS-DIN 1054)

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☒ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Results:

$H_k = 10000$ [kN]
 $M_k = 50000$ [kNm]
Iterations = 17 \rightarrow Calculating time = 0.15 [s]

$H_k = 20000$ [kN]
 $M_k = 60000$ [kNm]
Iterations = 18 \rightarrow Calculating time = 0.11 [s]
See information box! = 05/01/2015 13:39:45

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ_s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

ULS design proof according to DIN 1054:2010-05

Characteristic, permanent loading

Characteristic, variable loading

The screenshot shows the 'Load Cases (ULS-DIN 1054)' window. The 'Axial Load' table is empty. The 'Lateral Load' table contains one entry:

No.	$H_{0,k}$ [kN]	$M_{0,k}$ [kNm]	$H_{0,k}$ [kN]	$M_{0,k}$ [kNm]
1	20000	100000	10000	50000

The 'Partial Safety Factors (GEO-2)' section shows default values for BS-P:

- Compression Resistance (γ_i): 1.4 [-]
- Tension Resistance ($\gamma_{s,t}$): 1.5 [-]
- Permanent Effect (γ_{ϕ}): 1.35 [-]
- Favourable Permanent Effect ($\gamma_{\phi,adv}$): 1 [-]
- Unfavourable Variable Effect (γ_{ϕ}): 1.5 [-]
- Soil-Weight (Effect): ☐

The 'Einwirkung' section lists characteristic loads:

- $V_{0,k}$: Characteristic vertical Load, Permanent
- $H_{0,k}$: Characteristic horizontal Load, Permanent
- $M_{0,k}$: Characteristic Moment, Permanent
- $V_{0,k}$: Characteristic vertical Load, Variable
- $H_{0,k}$: Characteristic horizontal Load, Variable
- $M_{0,k}$: Characteristic Moment, Variable

Diagram on the right shows a pile with lateral load H_k and moment M_k at the top, with corresponding displacements u_y and θ_y .

Partial safety factors - DIN values by default

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Laterally Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Variable loading existing:

Determination of $B_{G+Q,k}$

→ Load: $H_{G,k} + H_{Q,k} / M_{G,k} + M_{Q,k}$

Determination of $B_{Q,k}$

→ Load: $H_{Q,k} / M_{Q,k}$

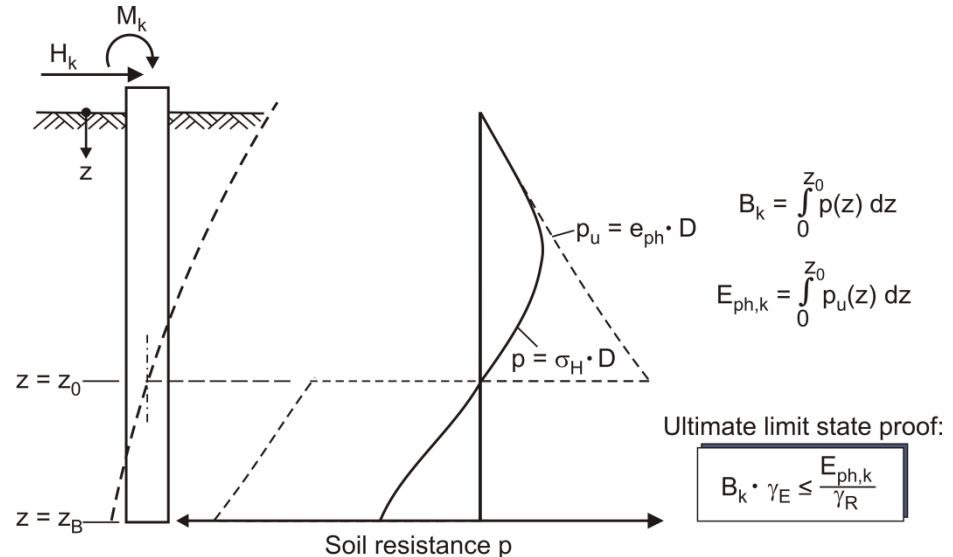
Determination of $B_{G,k}$

→ $B_{G,k} = B_{G+Q,k} - B_{Q,k}$

Design proof:

$$B_{G,d} + B_{Q,d} \leq E_{ph,d}$$

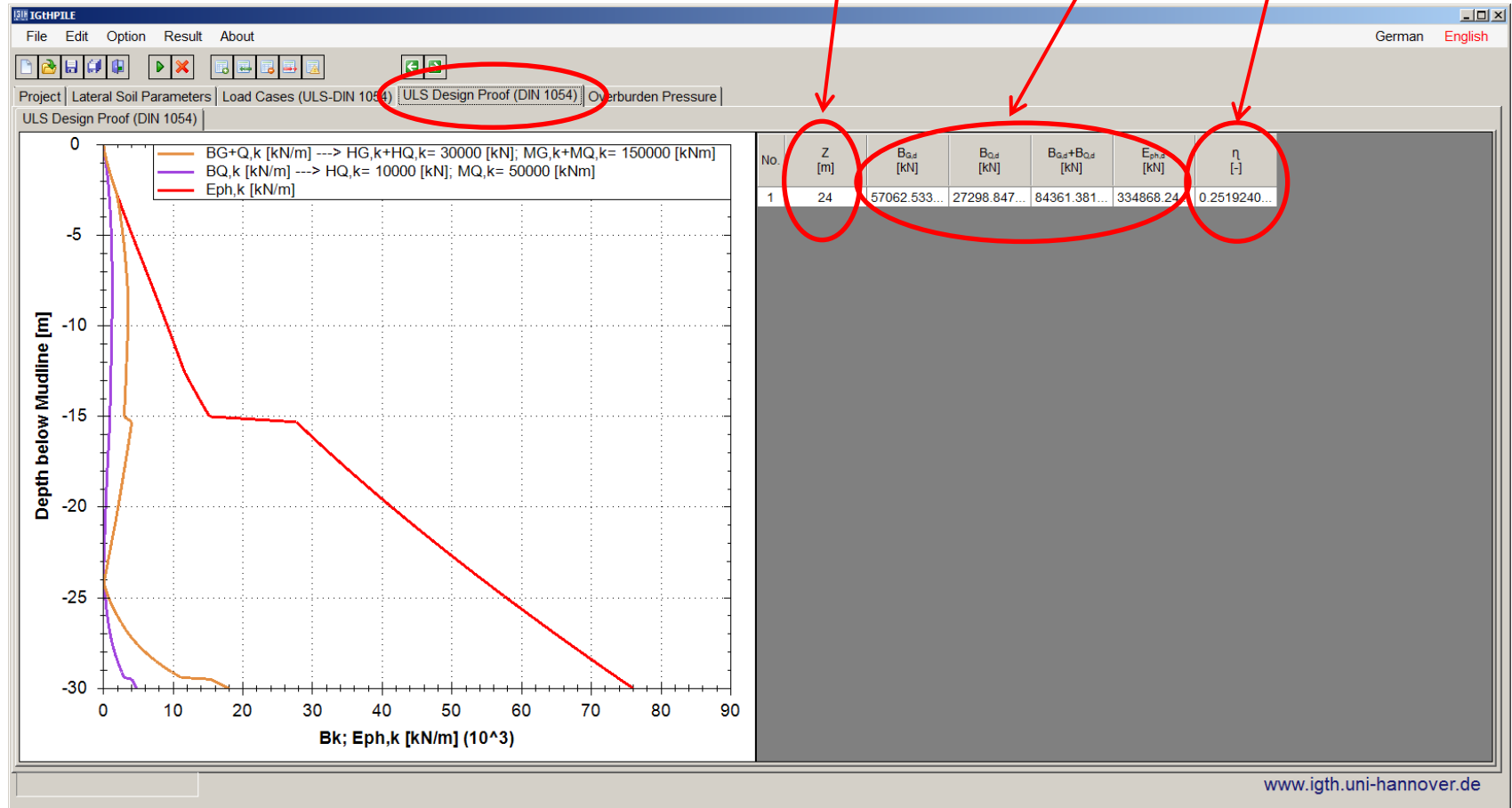
$$B_{G,k} \cdot \gamma_G + B_{Q,k} \cdot \gamma_Q \leq \frac{E_{ph,k}}{\gamma_R}$$



Regarding the suitability of the ULS design proof according to DIN 1054 please see:

Thieken, K., Achmus, M., Schmoor, K.A. (2014): "On the ultimate limit state design proof for laterally loaded piles", Geotechnik 37 (1), pp. 19-31.

Laterally Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054



Laterally Loaded Piles – Minimum Pile Length

Insert loading of interest,
start calculation

Reducing pile length to minimum

The screenshot shows the IGtHPile V 3.0 software interface. The 'Loading' tab is selected. The 'Project' section on the left contains the following information:

- Project Name: Windfarm xy
- Project Number: 123456
- Location: North Sea
- Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
- Editor: Hans Mustermann
- Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

The 'Axially Loaded Piles' section contains the following options:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

The 'Laterally Loaded Piles' section contains the following options:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☒ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☒ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

The 'Settings' section contains the following options:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

The 'Pile Section' table at the bottom shows the following data:

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.55734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

The 'Pile Material' table at the bottom shows the following data:

No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ_s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

The website address www.igth.uni-hannover.de is displayed at the bottom right.

Laterally Loaded Piles – Minimum Pile Length

Find minimum pile length for tolerable head displacement / head rotation

Data for pile length z displayed in vertical list



www.igth.uni-hannover.de

Laterally Loaded Piles – Load-Displacement Curve

Generate load-displacement curve

Stop calculation at certain pile head displacement

D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About

Project Lateral Soil Parameters

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☒ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☒ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☒ Deflection ≤ 0.1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{top} [m]	Z _{bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{annular} [m²]	A _{circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.00732740...	1.83971665794...	19.6349540849...	5.47978003734...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.56734435...	1.53938040025...	19.6349540849...	4.62198965177...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.52297164...	1.23653086845...	19.6349540849...	3.74248432645...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	ν _s [kN/m²]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.3543...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.2283...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Load-Displacement Curve

Define initial horizontal load H , horizontal load increment and horizontal load eccentricity

Pile head moment $M = H \cdot 10 \text{ m}$

IGtH D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	K _{sp} [kN/m²]	E _{ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Es} ; a _W [-]	G _{ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Go} [-]	v [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _U Top [kN/m²]	C _U Bottom [kN/m²]	ε ₅₀ [-]	J [-]
1	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	0	15	9.76	35		40000	0.6	99430.53	0.5	0.25	100				
2	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	15	31	10.31	40		70000	0.5	106298.81	0.5	0.2	100				

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Timoshenko-Bear Soil Layers: Standard

Loading: Static

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: 0 [kN] H_{End}: 100 [kN] Number: 1 [-]

M_{Start}: 0 [kNm] M_{End}: 100 [kNm] Number: 1 [-]

Load Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: 0 [kN] Load Eccentricity: 10 [m]

Increment: 100 [kN]

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ': Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

K: Initial Stiffness Coefficient

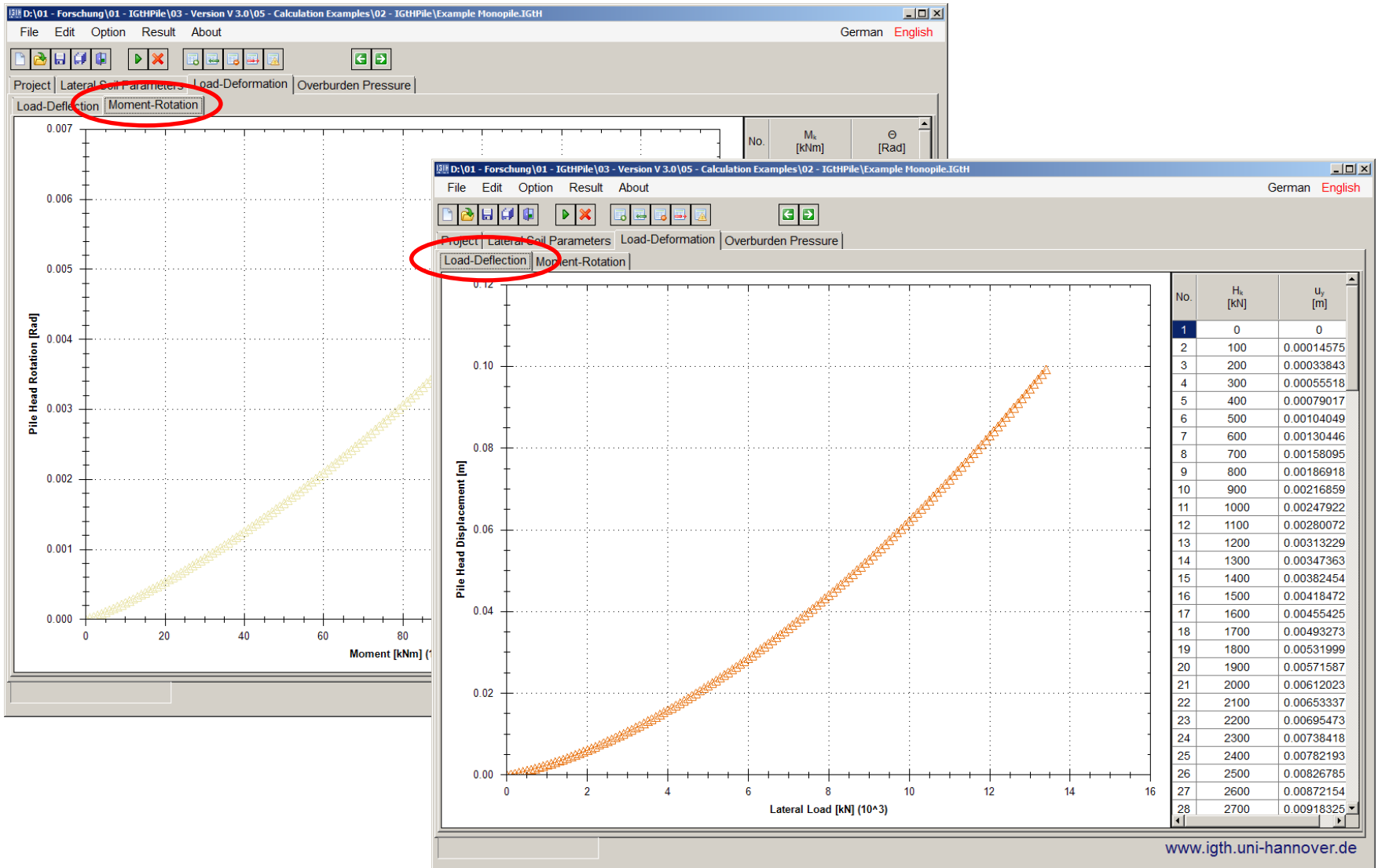
E_{ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus

λ_{Es} ; a_W: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus ; Exponent of Wiemann Method

C_U: Reference Value of Dynamic Shear Modulus

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Load-Displacement Curve



Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

Generate stiffness matrices
for single load eccentricity

Stop calculation at certain
pile head displacement

IGtH D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGTH

File Edit Option Result About

German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☒ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☒ Deflection ≤ 0.02 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.0073274...	1.8397166579...	19.634954084...	5.4797800373...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.5573443...	1.5393804002...	19.634954084...	4.6219896517...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.5229716...	1.2365308684...	19.634954084...	3.7424843264...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ _s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.354...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.228...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Delta H \\ \Delta M \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} K_{22} & K_{23} \\ K_{32} & K_{33} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \Delta u_y \\ \Delta \Theta \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} H_2 - H_1 \\ M_2 - M_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} K_{22} & K_{23} \\ K_{32} & K_{33} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_{y2} - u_{y1} \\ \Theta_2 - \Theta_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

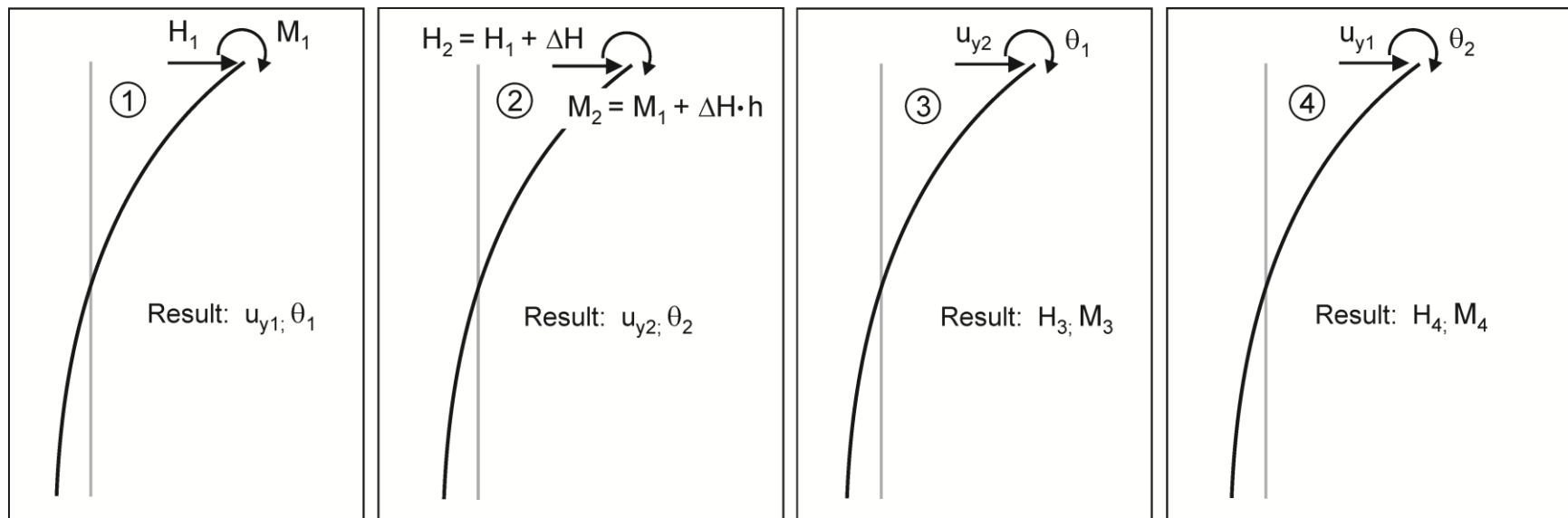
with: $\Delta H = 1\text{E-6} \cdot H_{\text{inc}}$

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: [kN] Load Eccentricity: [m]

Increment: [kN]

Calculation procedure for generating stiffness matrices (1) → (4)



$$K_{22} = \frac{H_3 - H_1}{u_{y2} - u_{y1}}$$

$$K_{23} = \frac{H_4 - H_1}{\theta_2 - \theta_1}$$

$$K_{32} = \frac{M_3 - M_1}{u_{y2} - u_{y1}}$$

$$K_{33} = \frac{M_4 - M_1}{\theta_2 - \theta_1}$$

Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

Define initial horizontal load H, horizontal load increment and horizontal load eccentricity

Pile head moment $M = H \cdot 10 \text{ m}$

IGtHPile German English

File Edit Option Result About

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading Lateral Calculation Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	K _{sp} [kN/m²]	E _{s,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{es} , a _w [-]	G _{0,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{so} [-]	v [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	ε _{so} [-]	J [-]
1	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	0	15	9.76	35		40000	0.6	89430.53	0.5	0.25	100				
2	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	15	31	10.31	40		70000	0.5	106298.81	0.5	0.2	100				

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Timoshenko-Bear Soil Layers: Standard Loading: Static

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: 0 [kN] H_{End}: 100 [kN] Number: 1 [-]
M_{Start}: 0 [kNm] M_{End}: 100 [kNm] Number: 1 [-]

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: 0 [kN] Load Eccentricity: 10 [m]
Increment: 100 [kN]

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)
Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number
Method: Calculation Method
Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
γ': Soil Unit Weight
φ': Internal Friction Angle
k: Initial Stiffness Coefficient
E_{s,ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus
λ_{es}, a_w: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus; Exponent of Wiermann Method
C_U: Reference Value of Undrained Shear Modulus

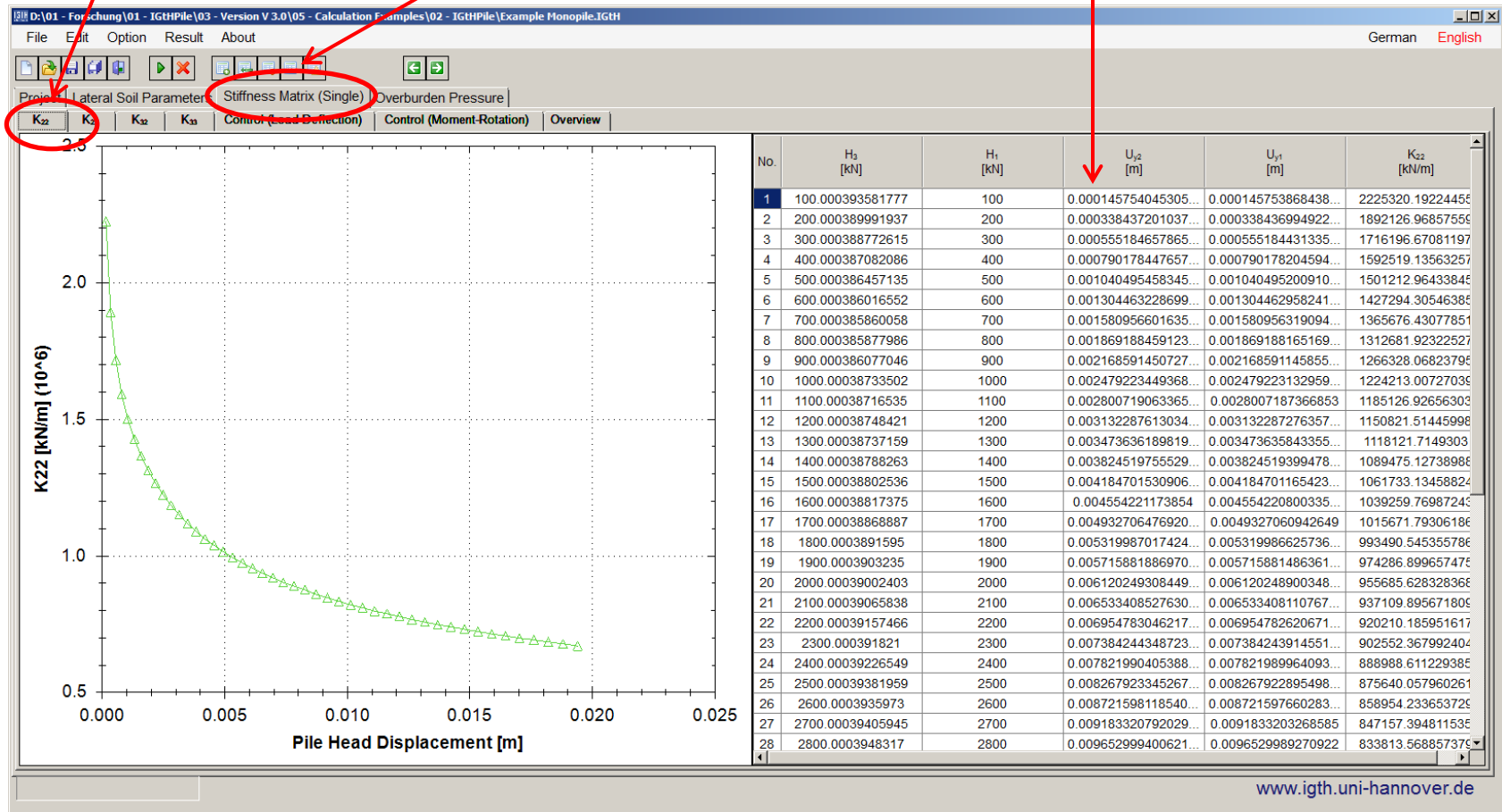
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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

Choose matrix entry

Show stiffness matrix

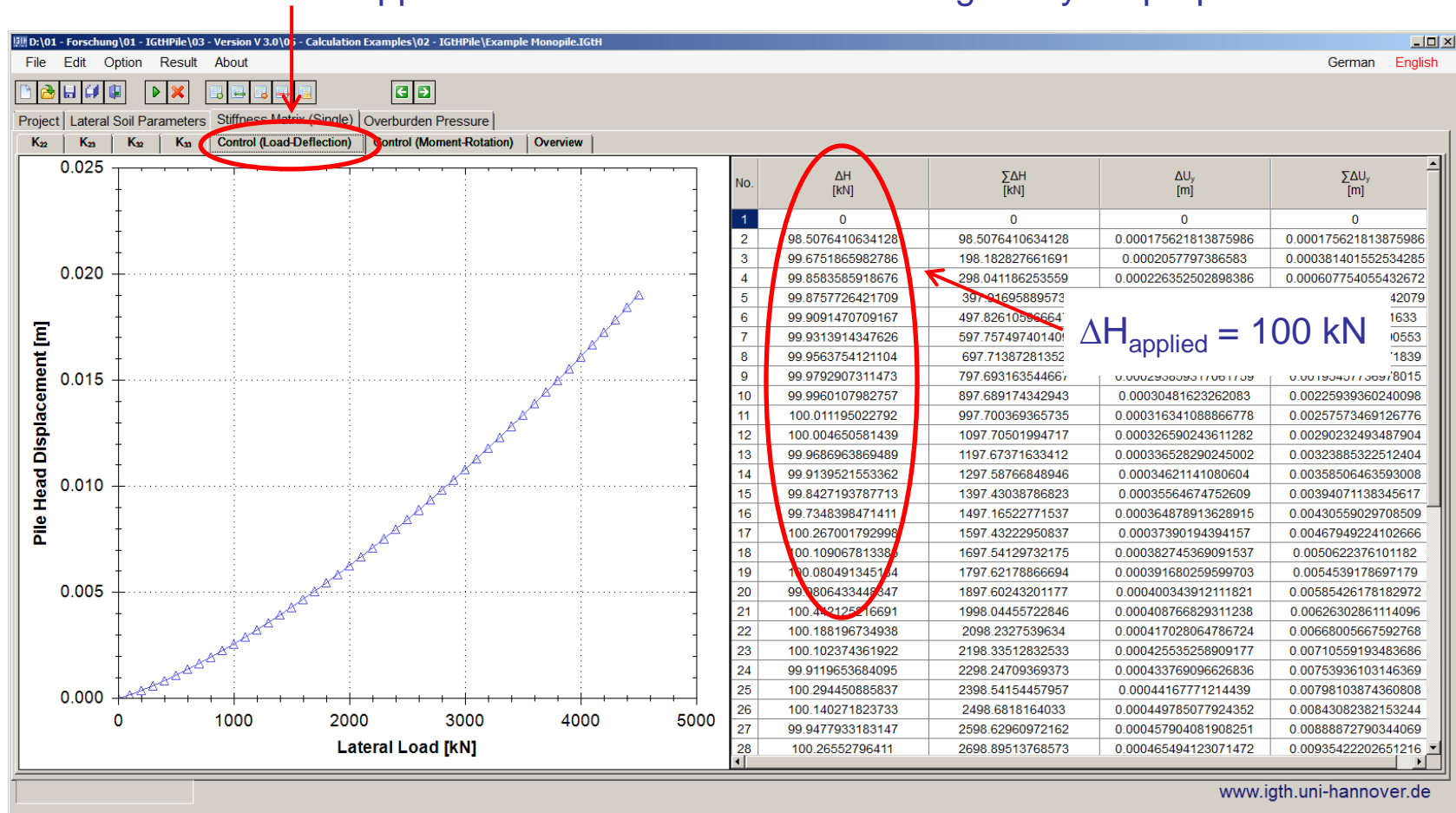
Values in tabular form



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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

Note: The matrices are valid for tangential calculations. Therefore, the calculation accuracy depends on the applied load increment. The control windows depict the load-deflection curve and the moment-rotation curve based on the multiplied stiffness matrix. Make sure that the deviation to the applied load increment is small enough for your purpose.



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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Single)

Overview of all relevant calculation values (for post processing)

IGtH V 3.0 - IGtHPile V 3.0 - Calculation Examples - IGtHPile V 3.0 - IGtHPile V 3.0 - IGtHPile V 3.0

File Edit Option Result About

German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Stiffness Matrix (Single) Overburden Pressure

K₂₂ K₂₃ K₃₂ K₃₃ Control (Load-Deflection) Control (Moment-Rotation) Overview

No.	H ₁ [kN]	H ₂ [kN]	ΔH ₁₂ [kN]	M ₁ [kNm]	M ₂ [kNm]	ΔM ₁₂ [kNm]	U _{y1} [m]	U _{y2} [m]	ΔU _{y12} [m]	Θ ₁ [Rad]	Θ ₂ [Rad]	ΔΘ ₁₂ [Rad]	K ₂₂ [kN/m]	K ₂₃ [kN/Rad]	K ₃₂ [kN/m]	K ₃₃ [kNm/Rad]
1	100	100.0001	0.00010000...	1000	1000.001	0.00099999...	0.00014575...	0.00014575...	1.76866368...	1.76174544...	1.76174741...	1.97197299...	2225320.19...	-14887984...	-14887973...	184239887...
2	200	200.0001	0.00010000...	2000	2000.001	0.00099999...	0.00033843...	0.00033843...	3.83048270...	3.83048485...	3.83048485...	2.14904435...	1892126.96...	-13493198...	-13493863...	175947203...
3	300	300.0001	0.00010000...	3000	3000.001	0.00099999...	0.00055518...	0.00055518...	2.26529665...	6.04113872...	6.04114099...	2.26677051...	1716196.67...	-12737626...	-12738771...	171413786...
4	400	400.0001	0.00010000...	4000	4000.001	0.00099999...	0.00079017...	0.00079017...	2.43062733...	8.35544534...	8.35544770...	2.35930579...	1592519.13...	-12166021...	-12167497...	167729305...
5	500	500.0001	0.00010000...	5000	5000.001	0.00100000...	0.00104049...	0.00104049...	2.57435310...	0.00010754...	0.00010754...	2.43842416...	1501212.96...	-11744943...	-11747069...	165016196...
6	600	600.0001	0.00010000...	6000	6000.001	0.00100000...	0.00130446...	0.00130446...	2.70457671...	0.00013228...	0.00013228...	2.50901080...	1427294.30...	-11396391...	-11398813...	162714072...
7	700	700.0001	0.00010000...	7000	7000.001	0.00100000...	0.00158095...	0.00158095...	2.82540852...	0.00015770...	0.00015770...	2.57375609...	1365676.43...	-11103044...	-11105616...	160751692...
8	800	800.0001	0.00010000...	8000	8000.001	0.00100000...	0.00186918...	0.00186918...	2.93954007...	0.00018373...	0.00018373...	2.63431583...	1312681.92...	-10847573...	-10850446...	159018508...
9	900	900.0001	0.00010000...	9000	9000.001	0.00100000...	0.00216859...	0.00216859...	3.04872273...	0.00021036...	0.00021036...	2.69177684...	1266328.06...	-10622753...	-10626086...	157480563...
10	1000	1000.0001	0.00010000...	10000	10000.001	0.00100000...	0.00247922...	0.00247922...	3.16409119...	0.00023762...	0.00023762...	2.75880181...	1224213.00...	-10409703...	-10413868...	155659696...
11	1100	1100.0001	0.00010000...	11000	11000.001	0.00100000...	0.00280071...	0.00280071...	3.26679937...	0.00026547...	0.00026547...	2.81108451...	1185126.92...	-10208732...	-10213162...	154234068...
12	1200	1200.0001	0.00010000...	12000	12000.001	0.00100000...	0.00313228...	0.00313228...	3.36677575...	0.00029382...	0.00029382...	2.86160397...	1150821.51...	-10039711...	-10043451...	153087052...
13	1300	1300.0001	0.00010000...	13000	13000.001	0.00100000...	0.00347363...	0.00347363...	3.46464302...	0.00032267...	0.00032267...	2.91047660...	1118121.71...	-9868666.9...	-9872461.2...	151856970...
14	1400	1400.0001	0.00010000...	14000	14000.001	0.00100000...	0.00382451...	0.00382451...	3.56051156...	0.00035199...	0.00035199...	2.95810278...	1089475.12...	-9726171.1...	-9730749.3...	150898807...
15	1500	1500.0001	0.00010000...	15000	15000.001	0.00100000...	0.00418470...	0.00418470...	3.65482690...	0.00038177...	0.00038177...	3.00443560...	1061733.13...	-9581027.5...	-9585413.9...	149858314...
16	1600	1600.0001	0.00010000...	16000	16000.001	0.00100000...	0.00455422...	0.00455422...	3.73518665...	0.00041201...	0.00041201...	3.04307033...	1039259.76...	-9463032.6...	-9467923.2...	149041126...
17	1700	1700.0001	0.00010000...	17000	17000.001	0.00100000...	0.00493270...	0.00493270...	3.82655244...	0.00044269...	0.00044269...	3.08745941...	1015671.79...	-9342205.8...	-9347113.8...	148201141...
18	1800	1800.0001	0.00010000...	18000	18000.001	0.00100000...	0.00531998...	0.00531998...	3.91688058...	0.00047378...	0.00047378...	3.13100593...	993490.545...	-9225986.5...	-9231974.8...	147389382...
19	1900	1900.0001	0.00010000...	19000	19000.001	0.00100000...	0.00571588...	0.00571588...	4.00609575...	0.00050530...	0.00050530...	3.17401420...	974286.899...	-9136434.9...	-9143225.7...	146861212...
20	2000	2000.0001	0.00010000...	20000	20000.001	0.00100000...	0.00612024...	0.00612024...	4.08100673...	0.00053721...	0.00053721...	3.20898852...	955685.628...	-9026721.0...	-9034223.6...	146002504...
21	2100	2100.0001	0.00010000...	21000	21000.001	0.00100000...	0.00653340...	0.00653340...	4.16862360...	0.00056954...	0.00056954...	3.25051255...	937109.895...	-8931060.2...	-8938243.4...	145340903...
22	2200	2200.0001	0.00010000...	22000	22000.001	0.00100000...	0.00695478...	0.00695478...	4.25546552...	0.00060226...	0.00060226...	3.29157303...	920210.185...	-8848376.1...	-8855532.6...	144815216...
23	2300	2300.0001	0.00010000...	23000	23000.001	0.00100000...	0.00738424...	0.00738424...	4.34172385...	0.00063536...	0.00063536...	3.33174789...	902552.367...	-8749737.9...	-8756910.7...	144076224...
24	2400	2400.0001	0.00010000...	24000	24000.001	0.00100000...	0.00782198...	0.00782198...	4.41295069...	0.00066884...	0.00066884...	3.36471024...	888988.611...	-8676841.6...	-8684062.0...	143563311...
25	2500	2500.0001	0.00010000...	25000	25000.001	0.00100000...	0.00826792...	0.00826792...	4.49769031...	0.00070271...	0.00070271...	3.40446107...	875640.057...	-8621214.5...	-8627770.0...	143310013...
26	2600	2600.0001	0.00010000...	26000	26000.001	0.00100000...	0.00872159...	0.00872159...	4.58257227...	0.00073693...	0.00073693...	3.44310585...	858954.233...	-8517643.4...	-8524623.1...	142452352...
27	2700	2700.0001	0.00010000...	27000	27000.001	0.00100000...	0.00918332...	0.00918332...	4.65171411...	0.00077152...	0.00077152...	3.47473664...	847157.394...	-8453080.3...	-8459812.3...	141986343...
28	2800	2800.0001	0.00010000...	28000	28000.001	0.00100000...	0.00965299...	0.00965299...	4.73529264...	0.00080647...	0.00080647...	3.51296175...	833813.568...	-8383535.6...	-8389828.9...	141513250...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Generate stiffness matrices for
several load eccentricities
simultaneously

Project: Lateral Soil Parameters

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☒ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.0073274...	1.8397166579...	19.634954084...	5.4797800373...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.5573443...	1.5393804002...	19.634954084...	4.6219896517...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.5229716...	1.2365308684...	19.634954084...	3.7424843264...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m ²]	V _s [kN/m ²]	v [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.354...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.228...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Define field of stiffness matrices

Project: Lateral Soil Parameters

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	K _{h,PI} [kN/m²]	E _{s,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Es} ; α _W [-]	G _{0,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{G0} [-]	ν [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m²]	ε ₅₀ [-]	J [-]
1	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	0	15	9.76	35		40000	0.6	89430.53	0.5	0.25	100				
2	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	15	31	10.31	40		70000	0.5	106298.81	0.5	0.2	100				

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Timoshenko-Bear Soil Layers: Standard

Loading: Static

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: 0 [kN] Load Eccentricity: 10 [m]

Increment: 100 [kN]

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: 0 [kN] H_{End}: 1000 [kN] Number: 10 [-]

M_{Start}: 0 [kNm] M_{End}: 10000 [kNm] Number: 10 [-]

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ': Internal Friction Angle
 k: Initial Stiffness Coefficient
 E_{s,ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus
 λ_{Es} ; α_W: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus ; Exponent of Wiemann Method
 G_{0,ref}: Reference Value of Dynamic Shear Modulus

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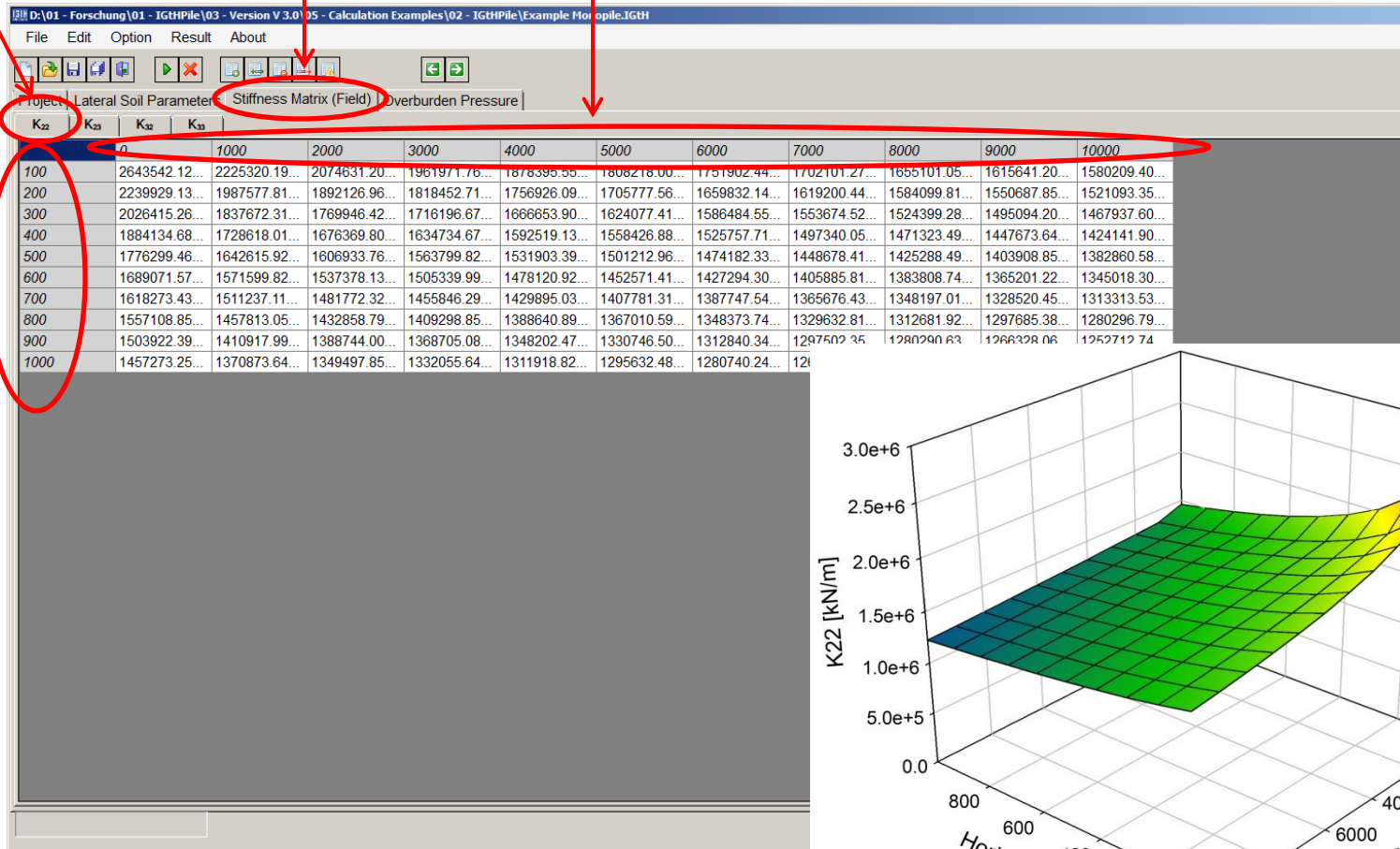
Laterally Loaded Piles – Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Matrix entry

Results

Moment

Horizontal load



Laterally Loaded Piles – Scour

Note: The scour function is available for all calculation types

Choose calculation type

Scour

IGtH D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 12:34:33
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Monopile for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☒ Scour
- Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	5	0.12	1251.0073274...	1.8397166579...	19.634954084...	5.4797800373...
2	2	10	20	5	0.1	2093.5573443...	1.5393804002...	19.634954084...	4.6219896517...
3	2	20	30	5	0.08	2522.5229716...	1.2365308684...	19.634954084...	3.7424843264...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	v [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.354...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.228...

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Scour

Define scour and limit depth for effect on effective stresses

IGtH - Forschung \01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0 \5 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Monopile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Lateral Soil Parameters Loading

A line is deleted at the end of the table!

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	K _{AP1} [kN/m²]	E _{s,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{Es} ; a _W [-]	G _{0,ref} [kN/m²]	λ _{g0} [-]	v [-]	P _{ref} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	ε ₅₀ [-]	J [-]
1	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	0	15	9.76	35		40000	0.6	89430.53	0.5	0.25	100				
2	SAND (THIEKEN ET AL. 2015)	15	31	10.31	40		70000	0.5	106298.81	0.5	0.2	100				

Additional Information:

Beam Model: Timoshenko-Bear Soil Layers: Standard

Loading: Static

Load-Displacement Curve / Stiffness Matrix (Single):

Initial Load: 0 [kN] Load Eccentricity: 10 [m]

Increment: 100 [kN]

Stiffness Matrix (Field):

H_{Start}: 0 [kN] H_{End}: 1000 [kN] Number: 10 [-]

M_{Start}: 0 [kNm] M_{End}: 10000 [kNm] Number: 10 [-]

Lateral Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ': Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

K: Initial Stiffness Coefficient

E_{s,ref}: Reference Value of Soil Stiffness Modulus

λ_{Es} ; a_W: Exponent of Stiffness Modulus ; Exponent of Wiemann Method

C_U: Reference Value of Dynamic Shear Modulus

Scour (API RP 2A):

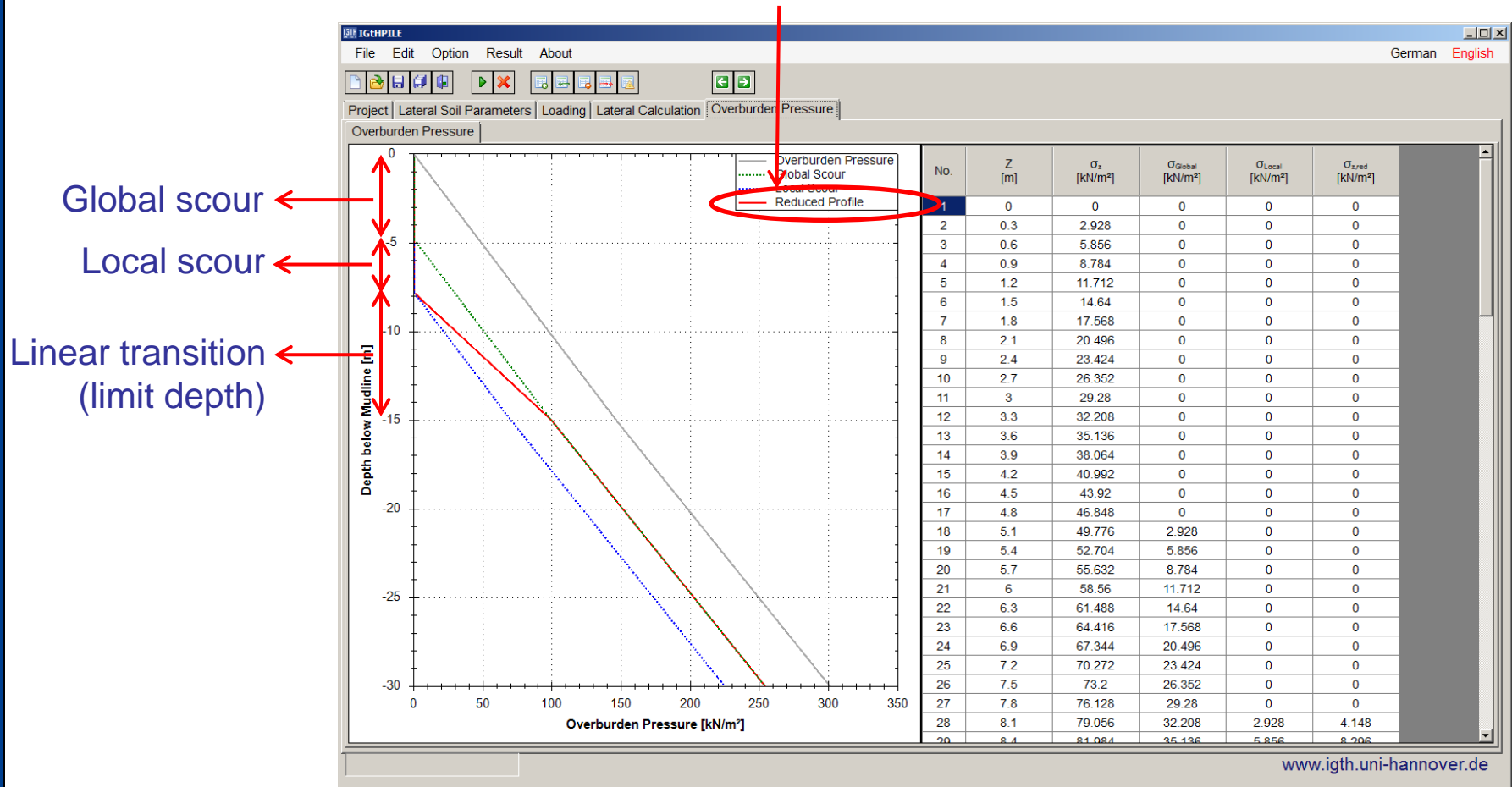
Global Scour: 5 [m] Limit Depth: 7 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 3 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

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Laterally Loaded Piles – Scour

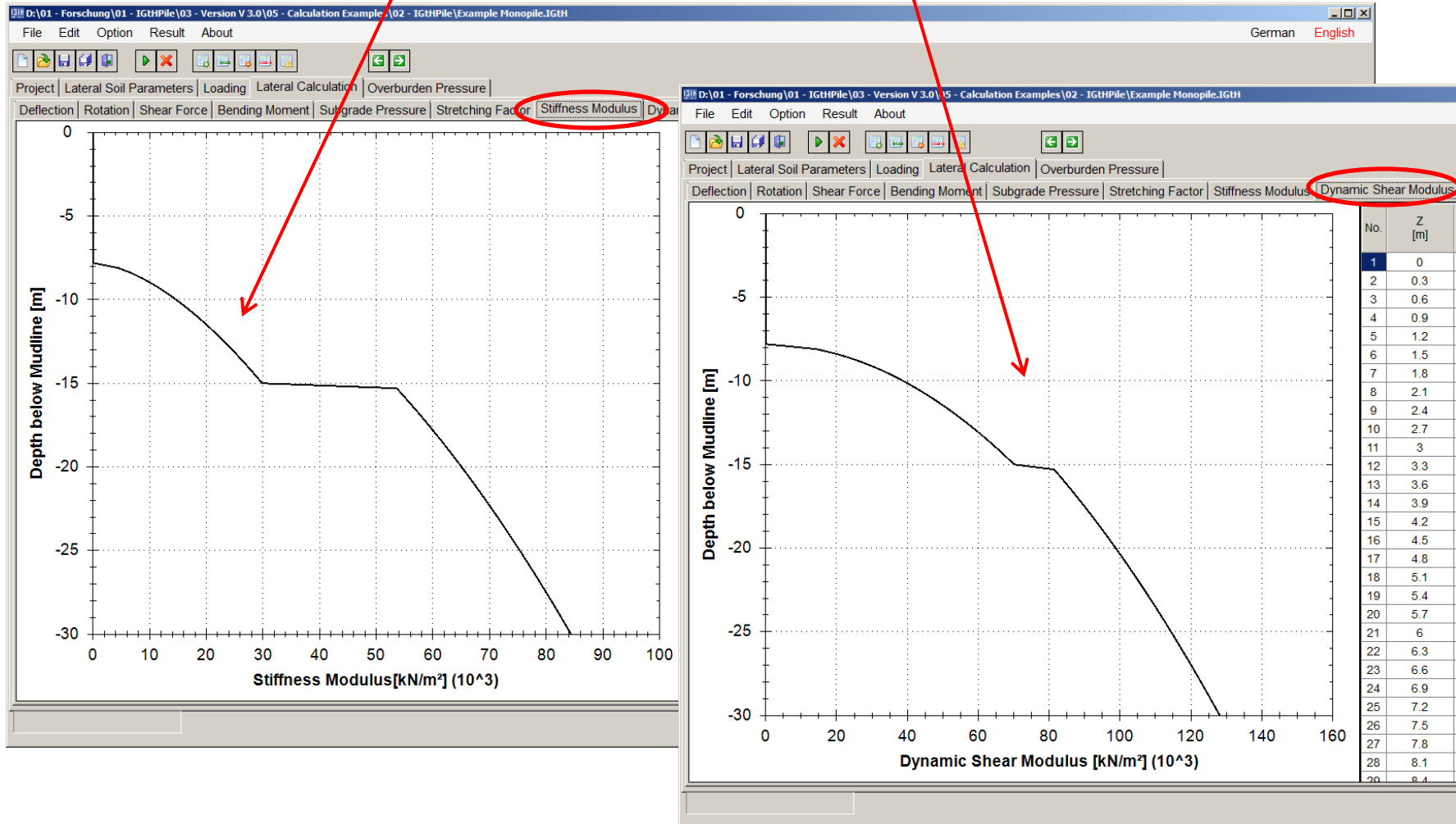
Overburden pressure
considered in calculations



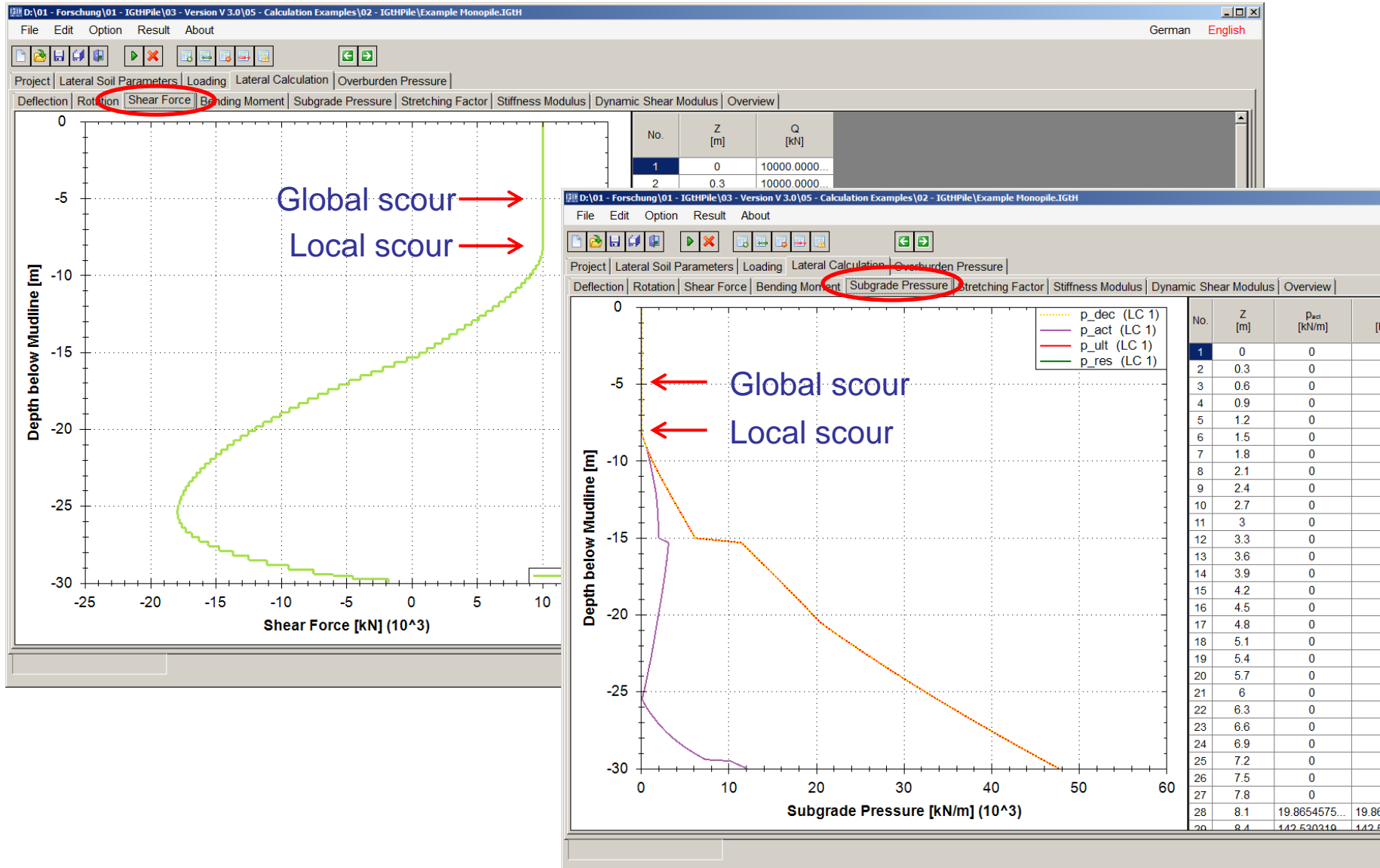
www.igth.uni-hannover.de

Laterally Loaded Piles – Scour

Note: Decrease in overburden pressure also reduce soil stiffness modulus E_s and dynamic shear modulus G_0 if $\lambda \neq 0.0$!!!



Laterally Loaded Piles – Scour



Part 2: Axially Loaded Piles

Axially Loaded Piles – Generate Project

Generate project

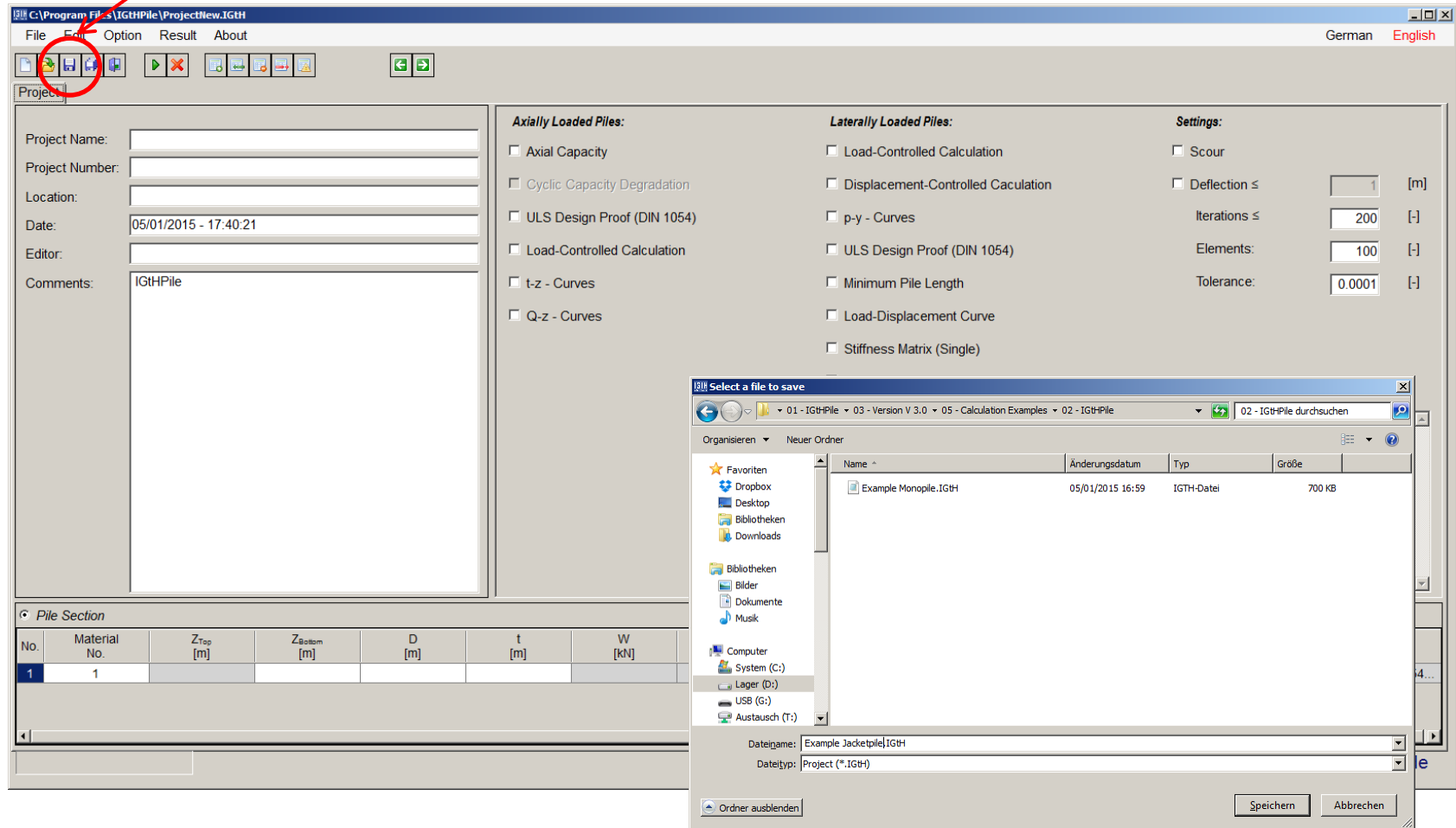
The screenshot shows the IGtHPile software interface. A red circle highlights the 'Generate project' button (represented by a document icon) in the top toolbar. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Project Information:** Fields for Projektname, Projektnummer, Standort, Datum, Bearbeiter, and Kommentar.
- Axial belasteter Pfahl:** Checkboxes for Axiale Tragfähigkeit, Zyklische Tragfähigkeitsreduktion, Grenzlastnachweis (DIN 1054), Lastgesteuerte Berechnung, t-z - Kurven, and Q-z - Kurven.
- Lateral belasteter Pfahl:** Checkboxes for Lastgesteuerte Berechnung, Verschiebungsgesteuerte Berechnung, p-y - Kurven, Grenzlastnachweis (DIN 1054), Minimale Einbindelänge, Last-Verschiebungslinie, Steifigkeitsmatrix (Single), and Steifigkeitsmatrix (Feld).
- Einstellungen:** Checkboxes for Kolk, Verschiebung \leq [m], Iterationen \leq [-], Elemente: [-], and Toleranz: [-].
- Pfahlsektion:** A large empty box for the pile section.
- Pfahlmaterial:** A large empty box for the pile material.

The bottom right corner of the interface displays the website www.igth.uni-hannover.de.

Axially Loaded Piles – Save Project

Save project



Axially Loaded Piles – Insert Pile Data

Add, insert or delete rows for pile sections or pile material, respectively

Describe project

Control parameter

IGtH V 3.0 - IGtHPile V 3.0 - Calculation Examples \02 - IGtHPile\Example Jacketpile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About

Project Axial Soil Parameters Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

Project Name: Windfarm xy
 Project Number: 123456
 Location: North Sea
 Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21
 Editor: Hans Mustermann
 Comments: Jacketpfahl für Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Timoshenko Beam

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	40	3.15	0.028	746.9812604648...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	Y _s [kN/m²]	v [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	12677165.35433...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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Axially loaded piles – Choose Between Calculation Types

Define soil parameters

Choose calculation type

The screenshot shows the IGtHPile software interface. The 'Project' tab is active, showing 'Axial Soil Parameters'. The 'Project Name' is 'Windfarm xy', 'Project Number' is '123456', 'Location' is 'North Sea', 'Date' is '05/01/2015 - 17:40:21', 'Editor' is 'Hans Mustermann', and 'Comments' is 'Jacketpahl for Wind Turbine xy'. The 'Axially Loaded Piles' section is circled in red, showing options for 'Axial Capacity', 'Cyclic Capacity Degradation', 'ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)', 'Load-Controlled Calculation', 't-z - Curves', and 'Q-z - Curves'. The 'Laterally Loaded Piles' section shows options for 'Load-Controlled Calculation', 'Displacement-Controlled Calculation', 'p-y - Curves', 'ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)', 'Minimum Pile Length', 'Load-Displacement Curve', 'Stiffness Matrix (Single)', and 'Stiffness Matrix (Field)'. The 'Settings' section shows options for 'Scour', 'Deflection', 'Iterations', 'Elements', and 'Tolerance'. The 'Pile Section' table is visible at the bottom.

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.793113276311...	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.793113276311...	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	42	3.15	0.028	784.3303234881...	0.274625463406...	7.793113276311...	0.334619730203...

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Axially Loaded Piles – Choose of Capacity Method

Eight capacity methods available

Capacity settings

Displacement settings

Capacity and displacement settings

Software interface for IGtHPile V 3.0, showing the 'Axial Capacity' tab. The interface includes a table of capacity methods, input fields for capacity and displacement settings, and a legend for axial soil parameters.

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cu} [°]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔL _y [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007) Sand (β) (API 2007) Sand (β = VERY LOOSE) (API 2000) Sand (β = LOOSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = MEDIUM DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (JARDINE 2005) Sand (SIMPLIFIED ICP-05) (API 2007) Sand (OFF SHORE UWA-05) (API 2007) Sand (FUGRO-05) (API 2007) Sand (NGI-05) (API 2007) CLAY (API 2007) CLAY (JARDINE 2005)																1	1

Capacity Settings:

- Axial Capacity: DiamCPT: 0.036 [m], ICP-Base: Undrained, Roughness: 0.02 [mm], Limit Skin Friction: ☒ Ten/Com ☒ In/Out, End Bearing Capacity: ☐ GL-COWT 2012
- Axial Displacement: API (Behaviour): Plugged, API t_{res}: 0.7 [-], ☒ F_β in Q-z - Curves
- Settings: ☐ Pile-Weight, ☐ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):

- ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top: 0 [m]
- ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom: 0 [m]

Axial Soil Parameters:

- No.: Layer Number
- Method: Calculation Method
- Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
- Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
- γ': Soil Unit Weight
- φ': Internal Friction Angle
- β: Friction Coefficient
- f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
- N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
- N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

Scour (API RP 2A):

- Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)
- Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

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Axially Loaded Piles – Sand (API 2007) Method

Input via CPT data

Self-defined β -values

Input via β -values
according API 2007

D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Jacketpile.IGTH

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Project Axial Soil Parameters Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m ³]	ϕ' [°]	β [-]	f_{lim} [kN/m ²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m ²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m ²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m ²]	δ_{cv} [°]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m ²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m ²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔI_{py} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Oc) (API 2007) Sand (β) (API 2007) Sand (β = VERY LOOSE) (API 2000) Sand (β = LOOSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = MEDIUM DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007) Sand (JARDINE 2005) Sand (SIMPLIFIED ICP-05) (API 2007) Sand (OFF SHORE UWA-05) (API 2007) Sand (FUGRO-05) (API 2007) Sand (NGI-05) (API 2007) CLAY (API 2007) CLAY (JARDINE 2005)																1	1

Axial Capacity:
 DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]
 ICP -Base: Undrained
 Roughness: 0.02 [mm]
 Limit Skin Friction:
☒ Ten/Com ☒ In/Out
 End Bearing Capacity:
☐ GLCOWT 2012

Axial Displacement:
 API (Behaviour): Plugged
 API t_{ess}: 0.7 [-]
☒ F_{ij} in Q-z - Curves

Settings:
☐ Pile-Weight
☐ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom
 0 [m] 0 [m]

Scour (API RP 2A):
 Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)
 Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Soil Parameters:
 No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ' : Soil Unit Weight
 ϕ' : Internal Friction Angle
 β : Friction Coefficient
 f_{lim} : Limiting Value of Friction
 N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
 N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – References

Methods	Reference
Sand (Q_c) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (β) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (β = VERY LOOSE) (API 2000)	(R.1)
Sand (β = LOOSE) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (β = MEDIUM DENSE) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (JARDINE 2005)	(R.3)
Sand (SIMPLIFIED ICP-05) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (OFFSHORE UWA-05) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (FUGRO-05) (API 2007)	(R.2)
Sand (NGI-05) (API 2007)	(R.2)
CLAY (API 2007)	(R.2)
CLAY (JARDINE 2005)	(R.3)

References:

- (R.1) API 2000: “Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms- Working Stress Design”, API Recommended Practice 2A-WSD (RP 2A-WSD), 21st edition, American Petroleum Institute (API), Dallas, 2000.
- (R.2) API 2007: “Errata and Supplement 3 - API Recommended Practice 2A-WSD, Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing, Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms – Working Stress Design”, American Petroleum Institute (API), Dallas, 2007.
- (R.3) Jardine, J.; Chow, F.; Overy, R.; Standing, J. (2005): “ICP design methods for driven piles in sand and clays”, London, Thomas Telford, 2005.

Axially Loaded Piles – Insert Soil Data

Arbitrary combinations

Insert soil data
in white fields

By default

Reduction of capacity in
tension

Project: [Axial Soil Parameters] | Axial Capacity | Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{ov} [°]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔI _{vy} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Reduction of inner skin friction

Axial Capacity:

DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]

ICP -Base: Undrained

Roughness: 0.02 [mm]

Limit Skin Friction:

☒ Ten/Com ☒ In/Out

End Bearing Capacity:

☐ GL COWT 2012

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Displacement:

API (Behaviour): Plugged

API t_{res}: 0.7 [-]

☐ F_{ij} in Q-z - Curves

Settings:

☐ Pile-Weight

☐ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):

☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top

☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom

Axial Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ': Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

β: Friction Coefficient

f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction

N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient

N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – Assigned Soil Parameters

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Project [Axial Soil Parameters] Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cv} [°]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δ _{ky} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Sand (Jardine 2005)
Sand (Simplified ICP-05)
Clay (Jardine 2005)

Axial Capacity:
DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]
ICP -Base: Undrained
Roughness: 0.02 [mm]
Limit Skin Friction:
☒ Ten/Com ☒ In/Out
End Bearing Capacity:
☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement:
API (Behaviour): Plugged
API t_{res}: 0.7 [-]

Settings:
☐ Pile-Weight
☐ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom
0 [m] 0 [m]

Axial Soil Parameters:
No.: Layer Number
Method: Calculation Method
Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
γ': Soil Unit Weight
φ': Internal Friction Angle
β: Friction Coefficient
f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

Scour (API RP 2A):
[] Scour Level (Global Scour)
[] Scour Level (Local Scour)

Clay (Jardine 2005)

Sand (Jardine 2005)

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Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Start / Stop
calculation

IGtHPile V 3.0 - Calculation Examples \02 - IGtHPile \Example Jacketpile.IGtH

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Project [Axial Soil Parameters] Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{ov} [°]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δl _{sy} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Calculation finished

IGtHPile

See information box!

OK

Axial Capacity: DiamCPT: 0.036 [m] ICP -Base: Undrained Roughness: 0.02 [mm] Limit Skin Friction: ☒ Ten/Com ☒ In/Out End Bearing Capacity: ☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement: API (Behaviour): Plugged API t_{res}: 0.7 [-] ☐ F_β In Q-z - Curves

Settings: ☐ Pile-Weight ☐ Soil-Weight

Scour (API RP 2A): Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour) ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number
Method: Calculation Method
Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
γ': Soil Unit Weight
φ': Internal Friction Angle
β: Friction Coefficient
f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Calculation of axial capacity:

- In case of compression load

a) unplugged

$$R_{c,k} = F_{,c} + F_{i,c} + Q_b$$

b) plugged

$$R_{c,k} = F_{,c} + Q_b$$

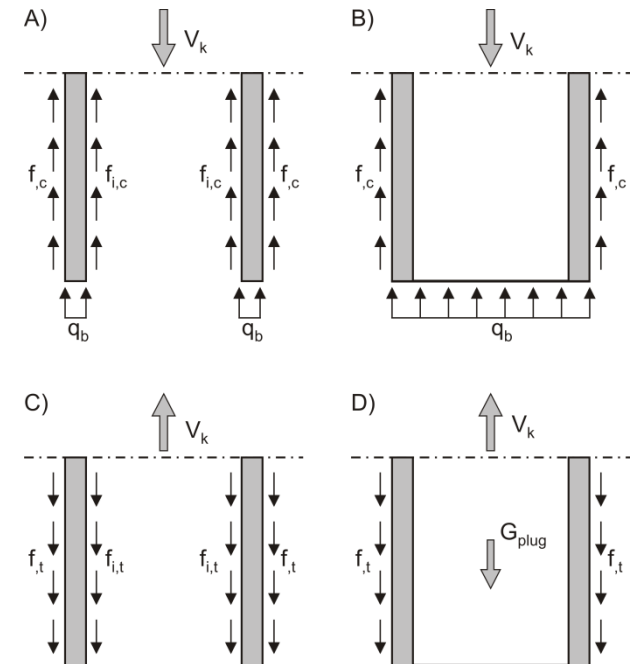
- In case of tension load

c) unplugged

$$R_{t,k} = F_{,t} + F_{i,t}$$

d) plugged

$$R_{t,k} = F_{,t} + G_{plug}$$



with: $F_{,c} = \int f_{,c} dz$

$$F_{i,c} = \int f_{i,c} dz$$

$$Q_b = q_b \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} [D^2 - (D - 2t)^2]$$

$$Q_b = q_b \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} D^2$$

Outer Skin Friction in Compression

Inner Skin Friction in Compression

Tip Resistance (unplugged)

Tip Resistance (plugged)

$$F_{,t} = \int f_{,t} dz$$

$$F_{i,t} = \int f_{i,t} dz$$

$$G_{plug}$$

Outer Skin Friction in Tension

Inner Skin Friction in Tension

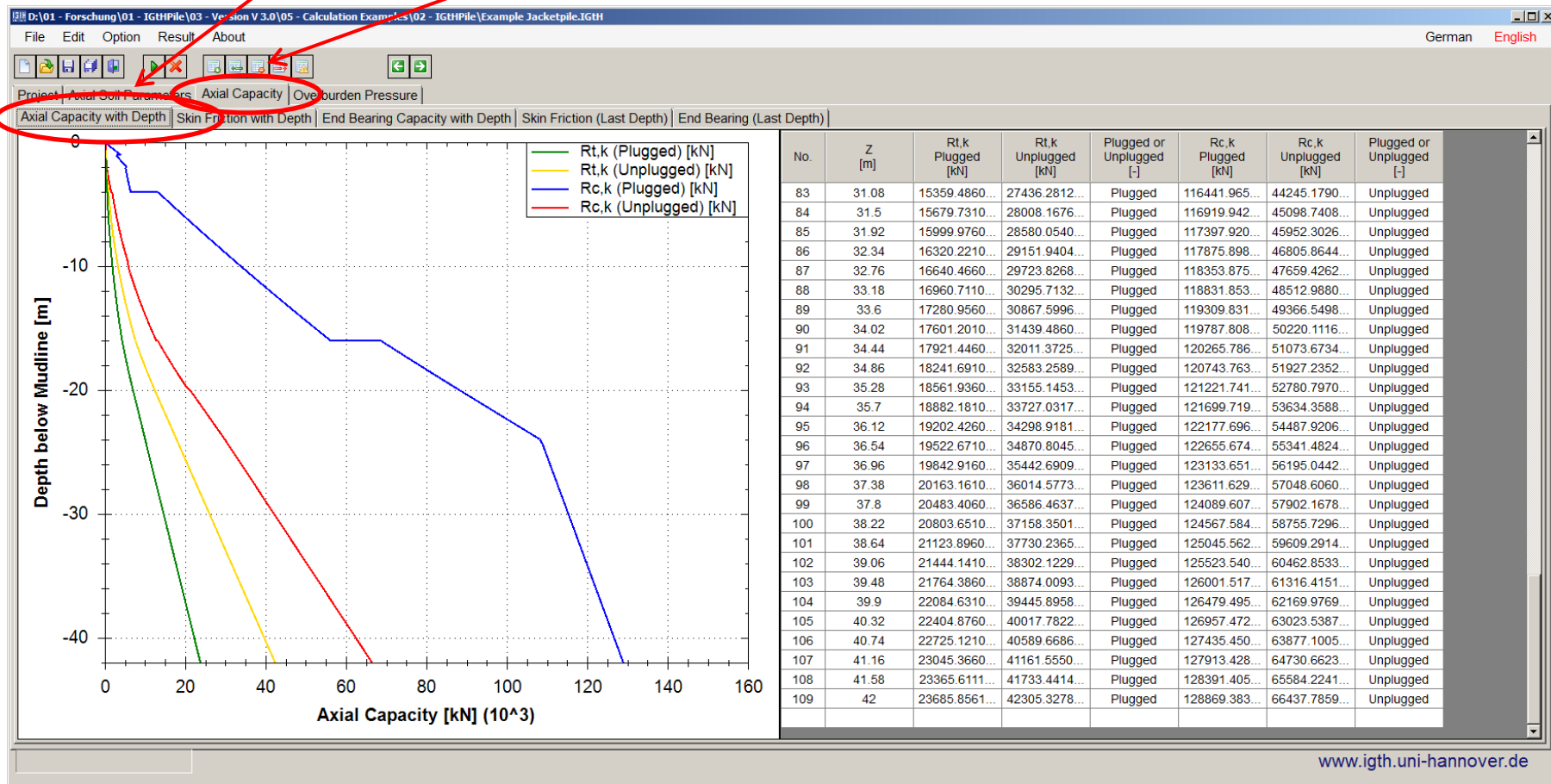
Weight of Soil Plug

Note: The inner skin friction $f_{i,c}$ and $f_{i,t}$ is zero for the CPT methods.

Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Total axial capacity
with depth

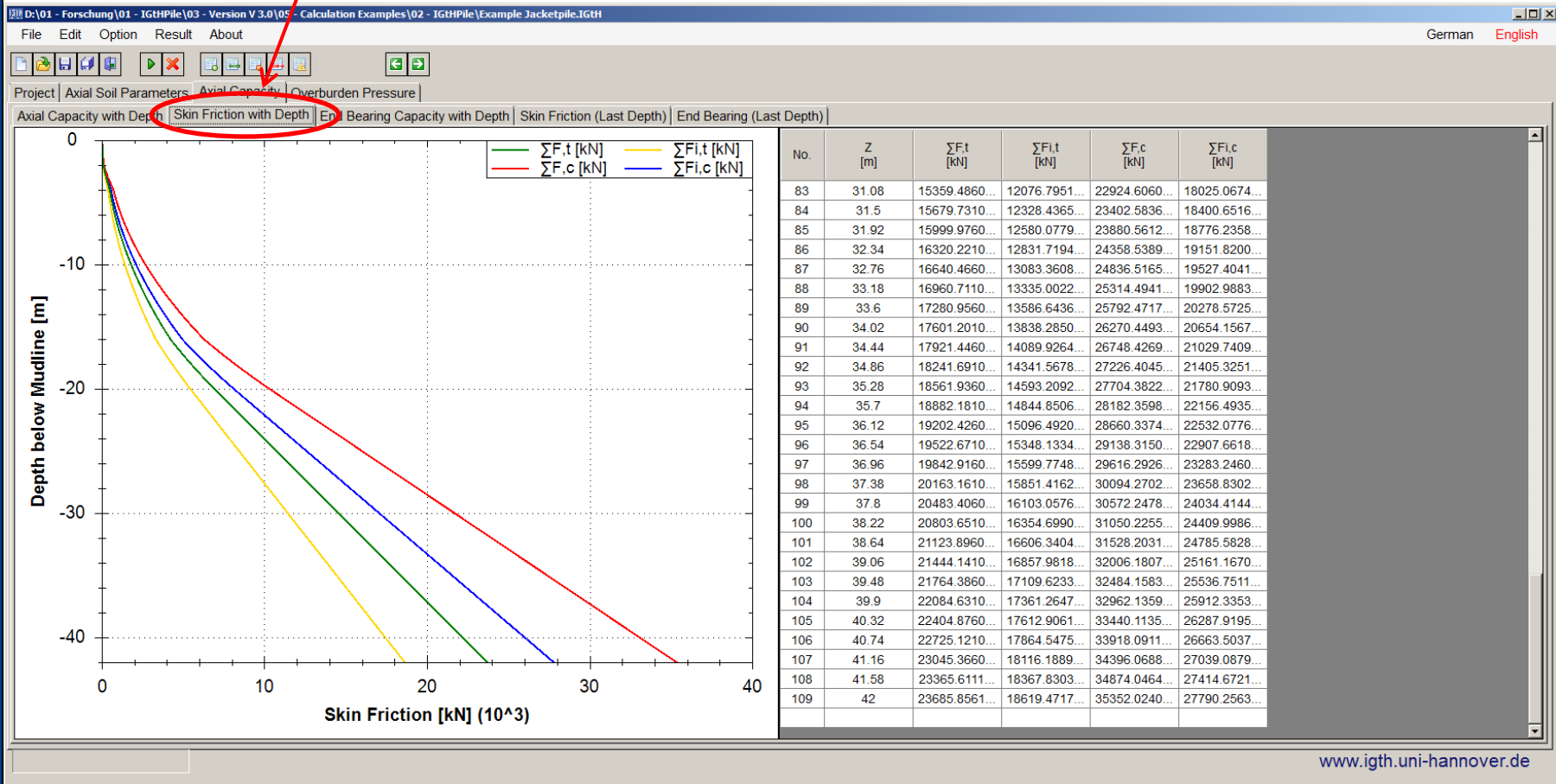
Calculation output
with depth



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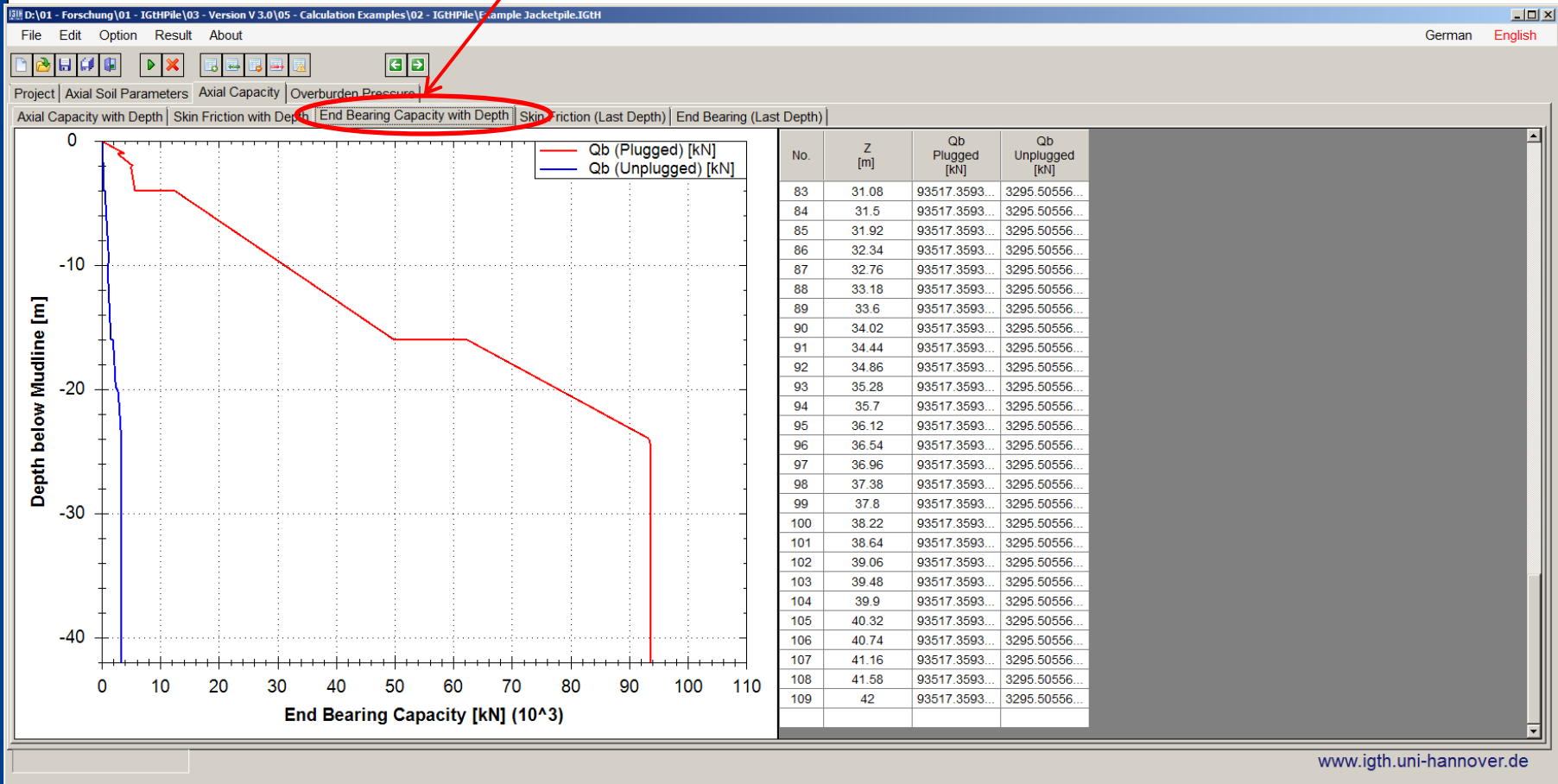
Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Skin friction force with depth



Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

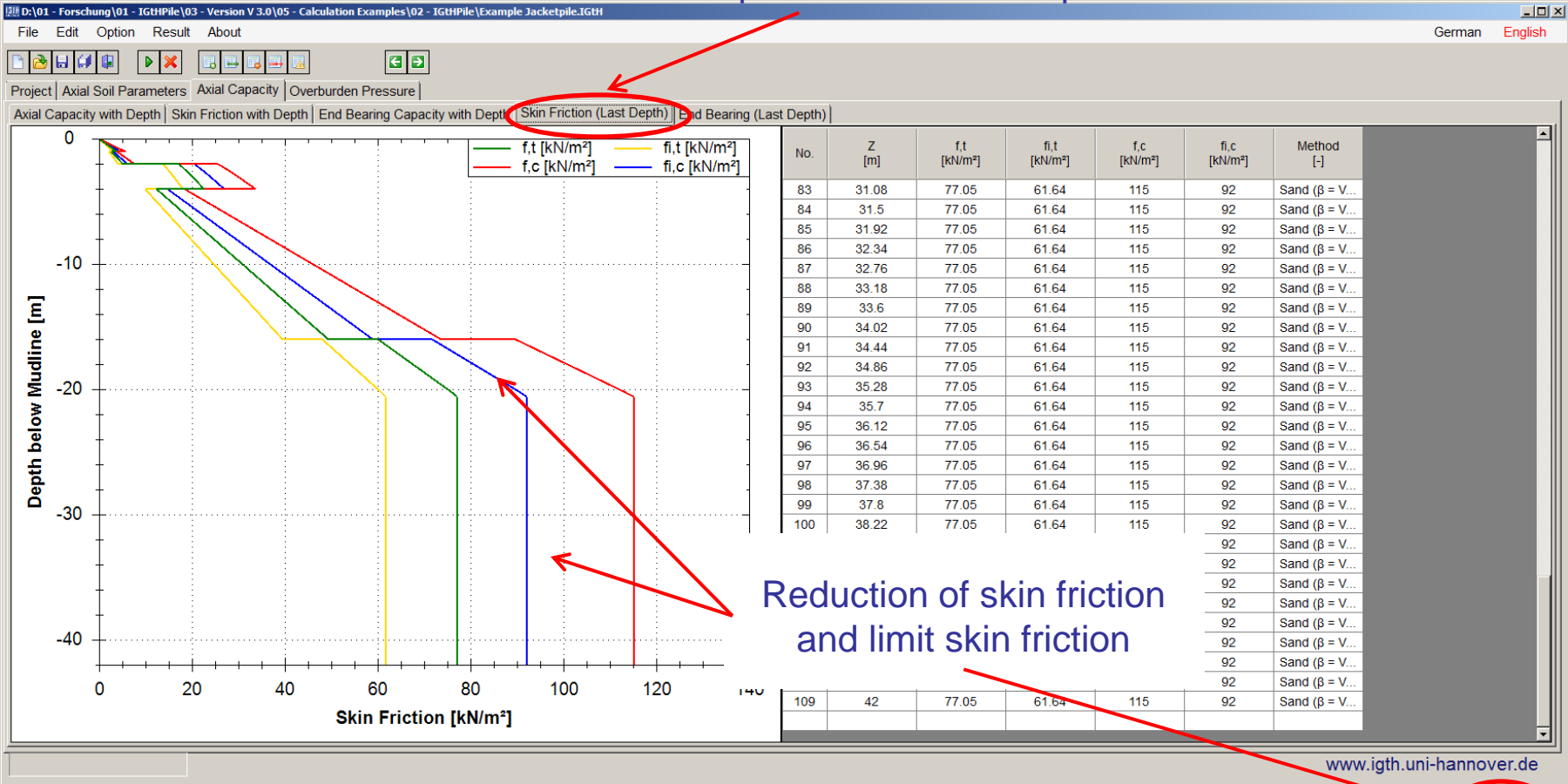
End bearing capacity with depth



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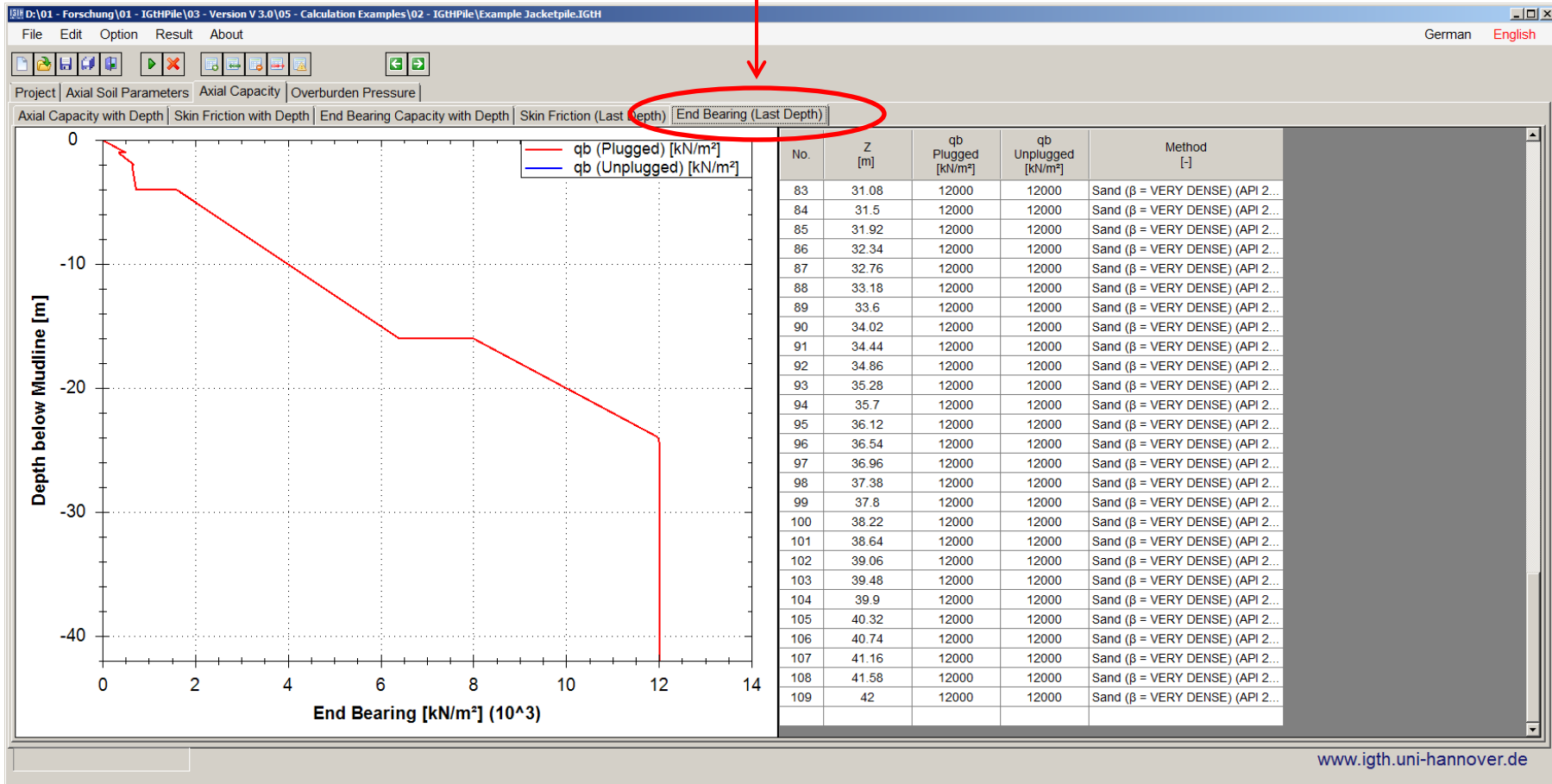
Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Skin friction on pile shaft for last depth

[illegible]

Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

End bearing for last depth



Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Deactivate effect on
limit skin friction

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Project Axial Soil Parameters Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ° [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{sv} [°]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δ _{lv} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (B) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	15	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity:
 DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]
 ICP -Base: Undrained
 Roughness: 0.02 [mm]
 Limit Skin Friction:
☒ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out
 End Bearing Capacity:
☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement:
 API (Behaviour): Plugged
 API t_{es}: 0.7 [-]
☐ F₁₂ in Q-z - Curves

Settings:
☐ Pile-Weight
☐ Soil-Weight

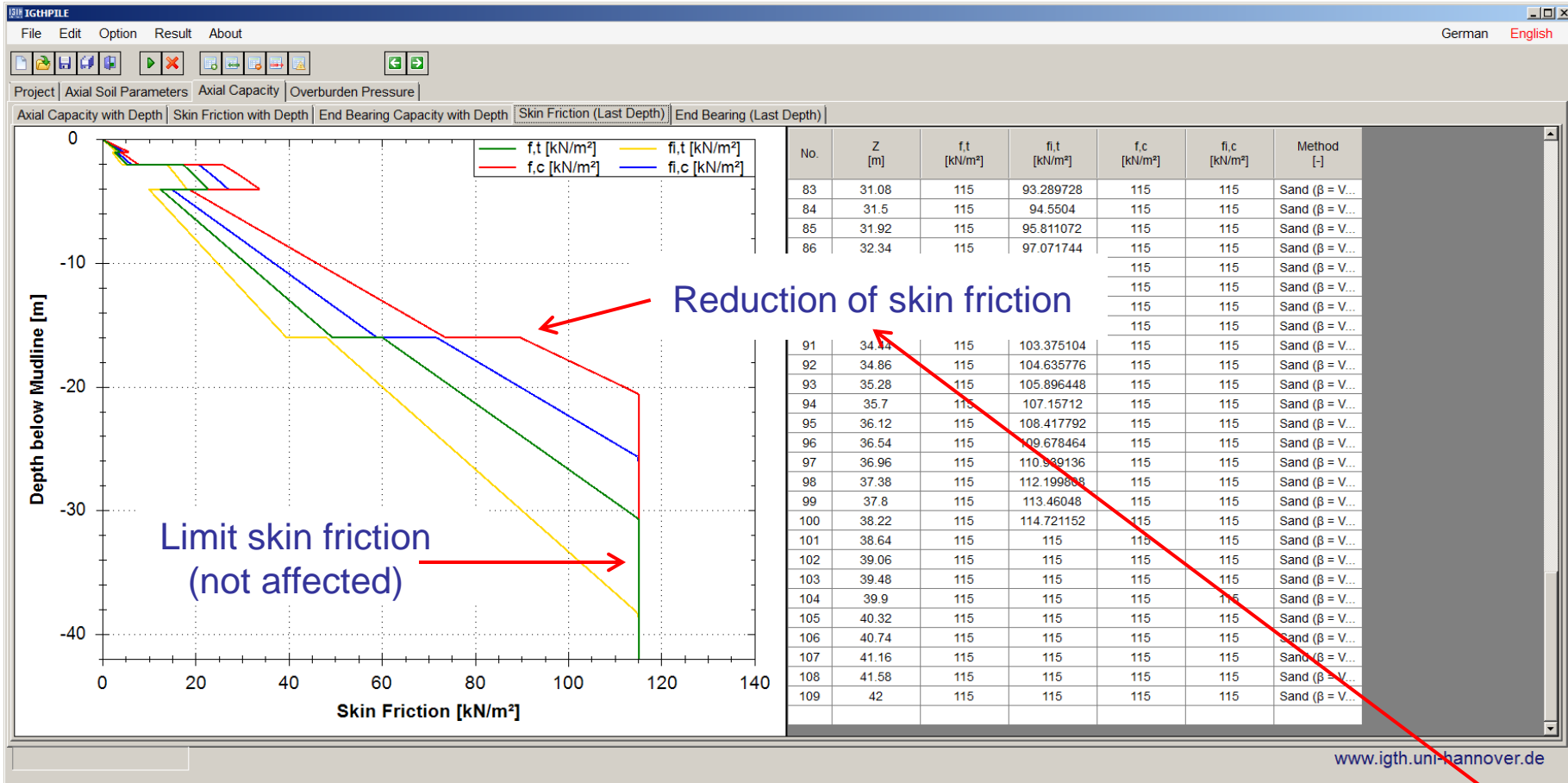
Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom
 0 [m] 0 [m]

Axial Soil Parameters:
 No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ°: Internal Friction Angle
 β: Friction Coefficient
 f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
 N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
 N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

Scour (API RP 2A):
 Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)
☒ Level (Local Scour)
 Local Scour: 0 [m]

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Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity



No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{System} [m]	Y' [kN/m²]	ψ [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,System} [kN/m²]	δ _{int} [°]	C _{U,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U,System} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δ _{int} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	67	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.560166...	114.8	50	12000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.461880...	95.7	40	9600								0.67	0.8

Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Consideration of inner soil-weight

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Project Axial Soil Parameters Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cv} [°]	Cu _{Top} [kN/m²]	Cu _{Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δi _{sy} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity: DiamCPT: 0.036 [m] ICP -Base: Undrained Roughness: 0.02 [mm] Limit Skin Friction: ☐ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out End Bearing Capacity: ☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement: API (Behaviour): Plugged API t_{es}: 0.7 [-] ☐ F_β in Q-z - Curves

Settings: ☐ Pile-Weight ☒ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012): ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top 0 [m] ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom 0 [m]

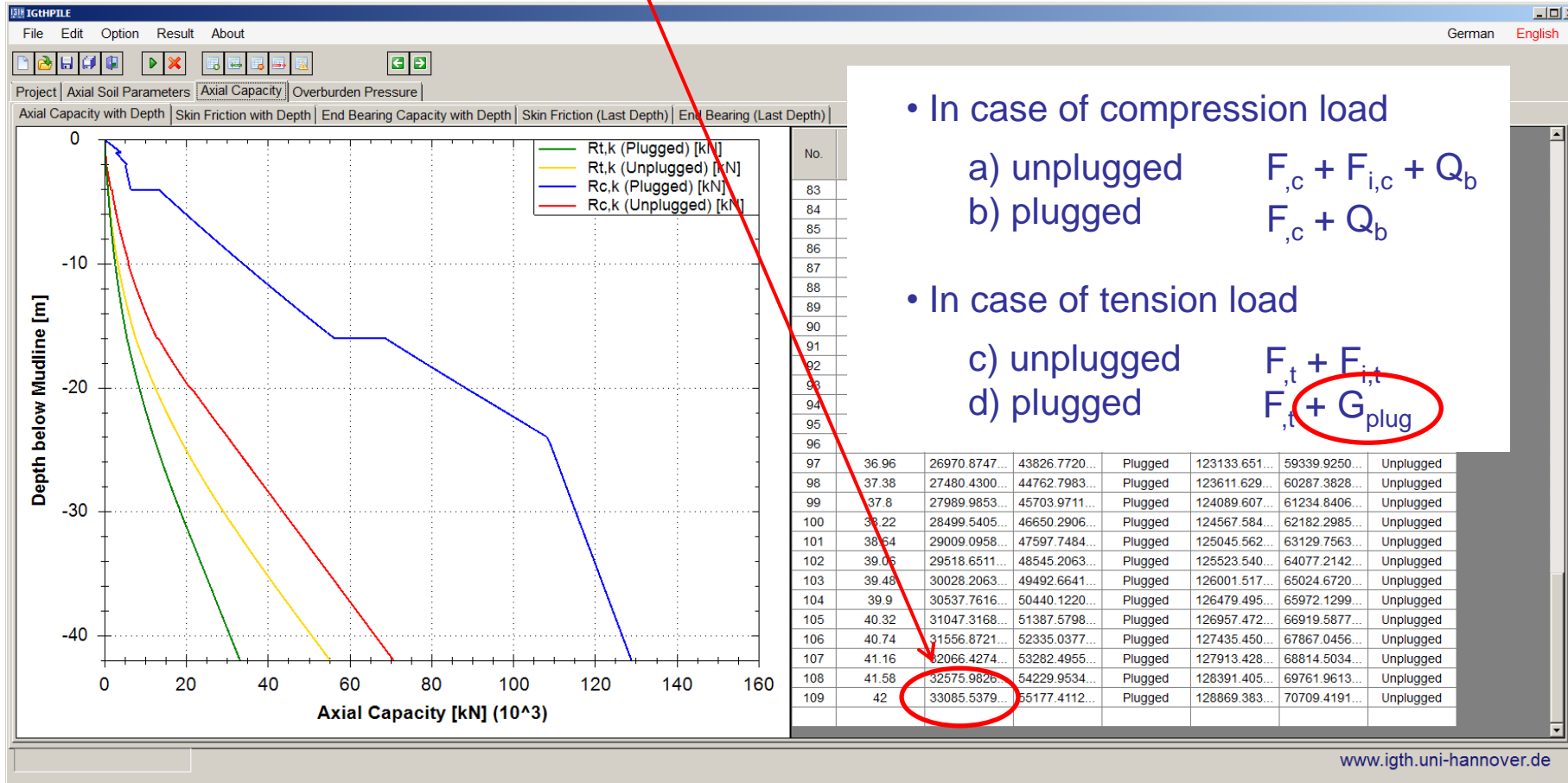
Scour (API RP 2A): Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour) ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Soil Parameters:
 No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ': Internal Friction Angle
 β: Friction Coefficient
 f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
 N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
 N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – Axial Capacity

Consideration of inner soil weight



- In case of compression load

a) unplugged

$$F_{,c} + F_{i,c} + Q_b$$

b) plugged

$$F_{,c} + Q_b$$

- In case of tension load

c) unplugged

$$F_{,t} + F_{i,t}$$

d) plugged

$$F_{,t} + G_{\text{plug}}$$

Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

ULS design proof according to
DIN 1054:2010-05

IGtH - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Jacketpile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Axial Soil Parameters Load Cases (ULS-DIN 1054)

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Jacketpfahl for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☒ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	40	3.15	0.028	746.9812604648...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ_s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.35433...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Characteristic,
permanent loading

Characteristic,
variable loading

IGtHPile

File Edit Option Result About

Project | Axial | Soil Parameters | Load Cases (ULS-DIN 1054)

Axial Load:

No.	V_{Gk} [kN]	V_{Qk} [kN]
1	12000	3000
2	-5000	-1500

$V_k; u_z$ (+)

Lateral Load:

No.	H_{Gk} [kN]	M_{Gk} [kNm]	H_{Qk} [kN]	M_{Qk} [kNm]

$M_k; \theta_y$ (+)
 $H_k; u_y$ (+)

Partial Safety Factors (GEO-2): Default values: BS-P

Compression Resistance (γ_i): 1.4 [-]
 Tension Resistance (γ_{ti}): 1.5 [-]
 Permanent Effect (γ_d): 1.35 [-]
 Favourable Permanent Effect ($\gamma_{d,int}$): 1 [-]
 Unfavourable Variable Effect (γ_d): 1.5 [-]
 Soil-Weight (Effect): ☐

Partial Safety Factors (GEO-2): Default values: BS-P

Soil Resistance (γ_s): 1.4 [-]
 Permanent Effect (γ_d): 1.35 [-]
 Unfavourable Variable Effect (γ_d): 1.5 [-]

Einwirkung

V_{Gk} : Characteristic vertical Load, Permanent
 H_{Gk} : Characteristic horizontal Load, Permanent
 M_{Gk} : Characteristic Moment, Permanent
 V_{Qk} : Characteristic vertical Load, Variable
 H_{Qk} : Characteristic horizontal Load, Variable
 M_{Qk} : Characteristic Moment, Variable

Partial safety factors -
DIN values by default

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ULS design proof according to DIN 1054

- In case of compression load:

a) unplugged

$$(V_{G,k} + G_{\text{pile}}) \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q \leq (F_{,c} + F_{i,c} + Q_b) / \gamma_t$$

b) plugged

$$(V_{G,k} + G_{\text{pile}}) \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q \leq (F_{,c} + Q_b) / \gamma_t$$

- In case of tension load:

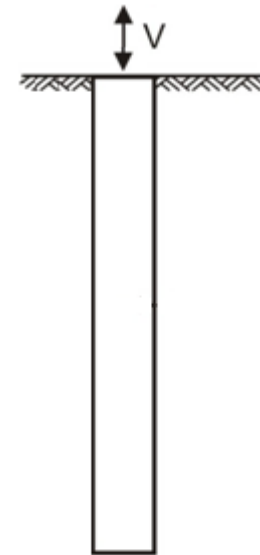
c) unplugged

$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - G_{\text{pile}} \gamma_{G,\text{inf}} \leq (F_{,t} + F_{i,t}) / \gamma_{s,t}$$

d) plugged

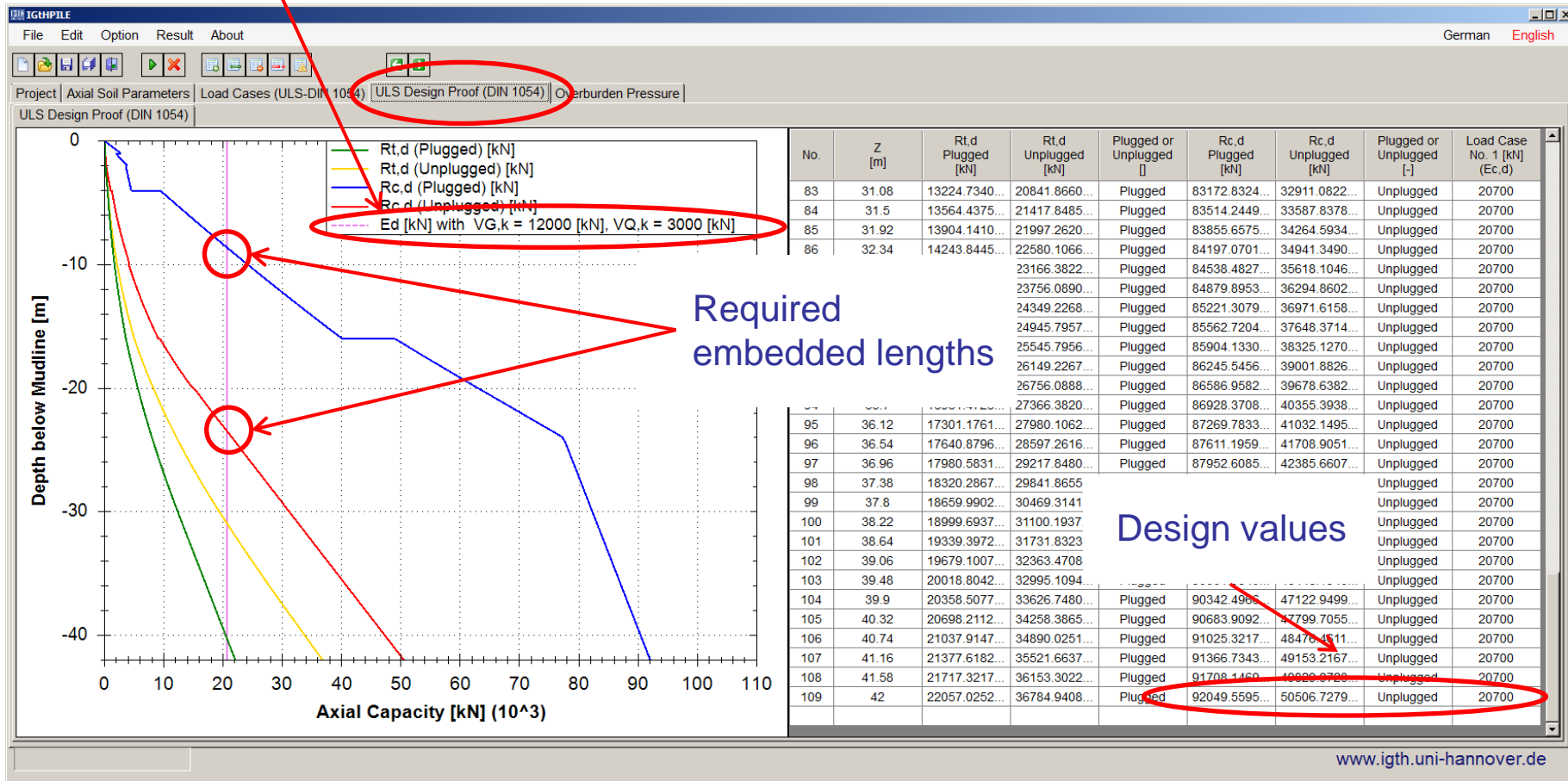
$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - G_{\text{pile}} \gamma_{G,\text{inf}} \leq (F_{,t} + G_{\text{plug}}) / \gamma_{s,t} \quad (\text{with soil-weight as resistance})$$

$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - (G_{\text{pile}} + G_{\text{plug}}) \gamma_{G,\text{inf}} \leq (F_{,t}) / \gamma_{s,t} \quad (\text{with soil-weight as effect})$$



Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

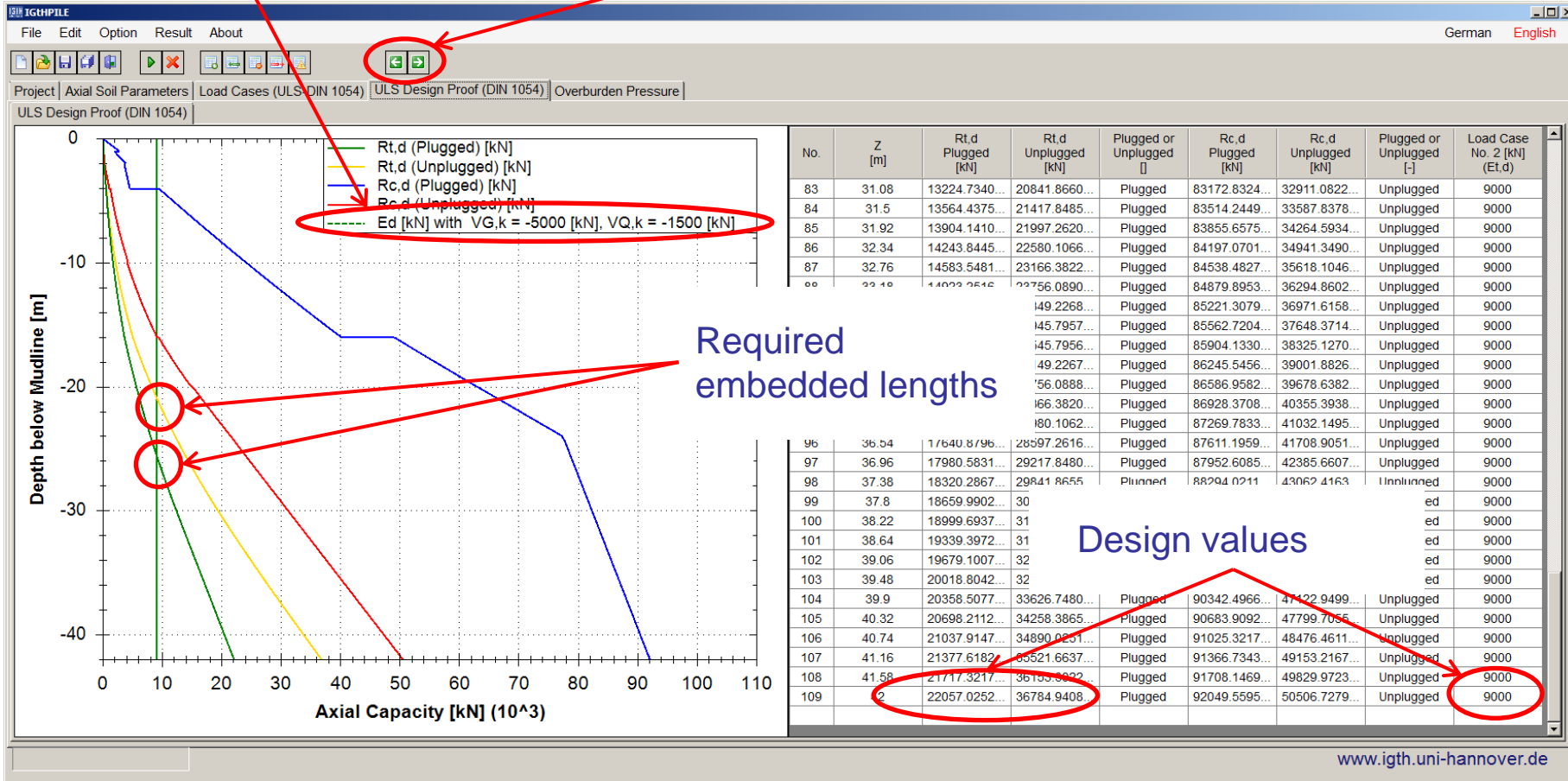
Load case: Compression



Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Load case: Tension

Change load case



Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

IGtHPile

File Edit Option Result About

Project: Axial Soil Parameters | **Load Cases (ULS-DIN 1054)** | ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054) | Overburden Pressure

Axial Load:

No.	$V_{G,k}$ [kN]	$V_{Q,k}$ [kN]
1	12000	3000
2	-5000	-1500

$V_k; u_z (+)$

Lateral Load:

No.	$H_{G,k}$ [kN]	$M_{G,k}$ [kNm]	$H_{Q,k}$ [kN]	$M_{Q,k}$ [kNm]

$M_k; \theta_y (+)$
 $H_k; u_y (+)$

Partial Safety Factors (GEO-2): Default Values: BS-P

Compression Resistance (γ_i): 1.4 [-]
 Tension Resistance (γ_{st}): 1.5 [-]
 Permanent Effect (γ_d): 1.35 [-]
 Favourable Permanent Effect ($\gamma_{d,inf}$): 1 [-]
 Unfavourable Variable Effect (γ_d): 1.5 [-]

Soil-Weight (Effect): ☒ **Soil weight as effect**

Partial Safety Factors (GEO-2): Default Values: BS-P

Soil Resistance (γ_{sk}): 1.4 [-]
 Permanent Effect (γ_d): 1.35 [-]
 Unfavourable Variable Effect (γ_d): 1.5 [-]

Einwirkung

$V_{G,k}$: Characteristic vertical Load, Permanent
 $H_{G,k}$: Characteristic horizontal Load, Permanent
 $M_{G,k}$: Characteristic Moment, Permanent
 $V_{Q,k}$: Characteristic vertical Load, Variable
 $H_{Q,k}$: Characteristic horizontal Load, Variable
 $M_{Q,k}$: Characteristic Moment, Variable

In case of tension load

c) unplugged

$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - G_{pile} \gamma_{G,inf} \leq (F_{,t} + F_{i,t}) / \gamma_{s,t}$$

d) plugged with

$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - G_{pile} \gamma_{G,inf} \leq (F_{,t} + G_{plug}) / \gamma_{s,t} \quad (\text{with soil-weight as resistance})$$

$$V_{G,k} \gamma_G + V_{Q,k} \gamma_Q - (G_{pile} + G_{plug}) \gamma_{G,inf} \leq F_{,t} / \gamma_{s,t} \quad (\text{with soil-weight as effect})$$

ver.de

Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Considered load case: Tension



Design Values

Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Consideration of pile-weight

Project: Axial Soil Parameters | Axial Capacity | Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cv} [°]	Cu _{Top} [kN/m²]	Cu _{Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔI _{vy} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity:

DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]

ICP-Base: Undrained

Roughness: 0.02 [mm]

Limit Skin Friction:

☐ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out

End Bearing Capacity:

☐ GLCOWT 2012

Scour (API RP 2A):

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Displacement:

API (Behaviour): Plugged

API t_{es}: 0.7 [-]

☐ F_{ij} in Q-z - Curves

Settings:

☒ Pile-Weight

☒ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):

☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom

0 [m] 0 [m]

Axial Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ': Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

β: Friction Coefficient

f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction

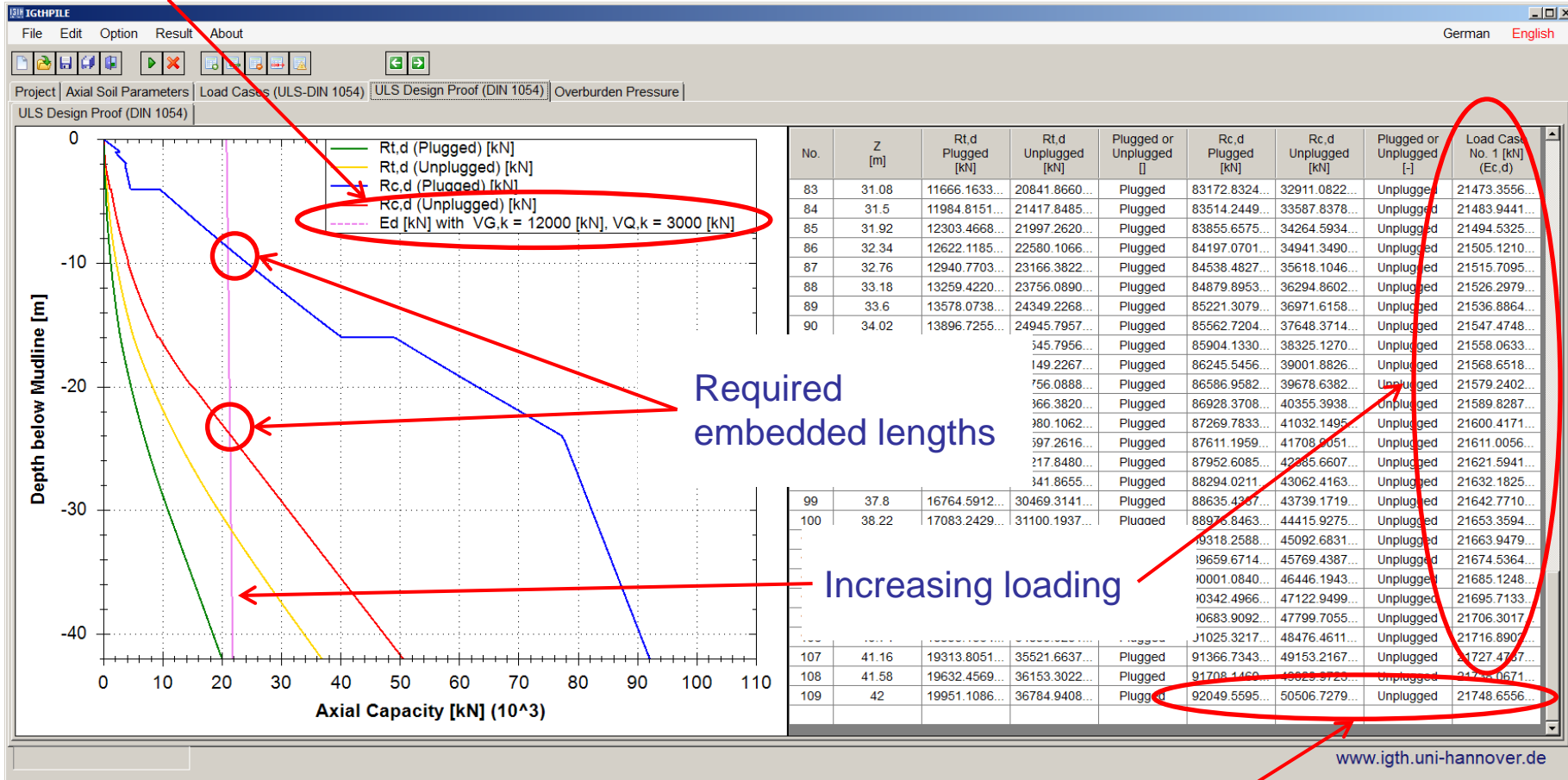
N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient

N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

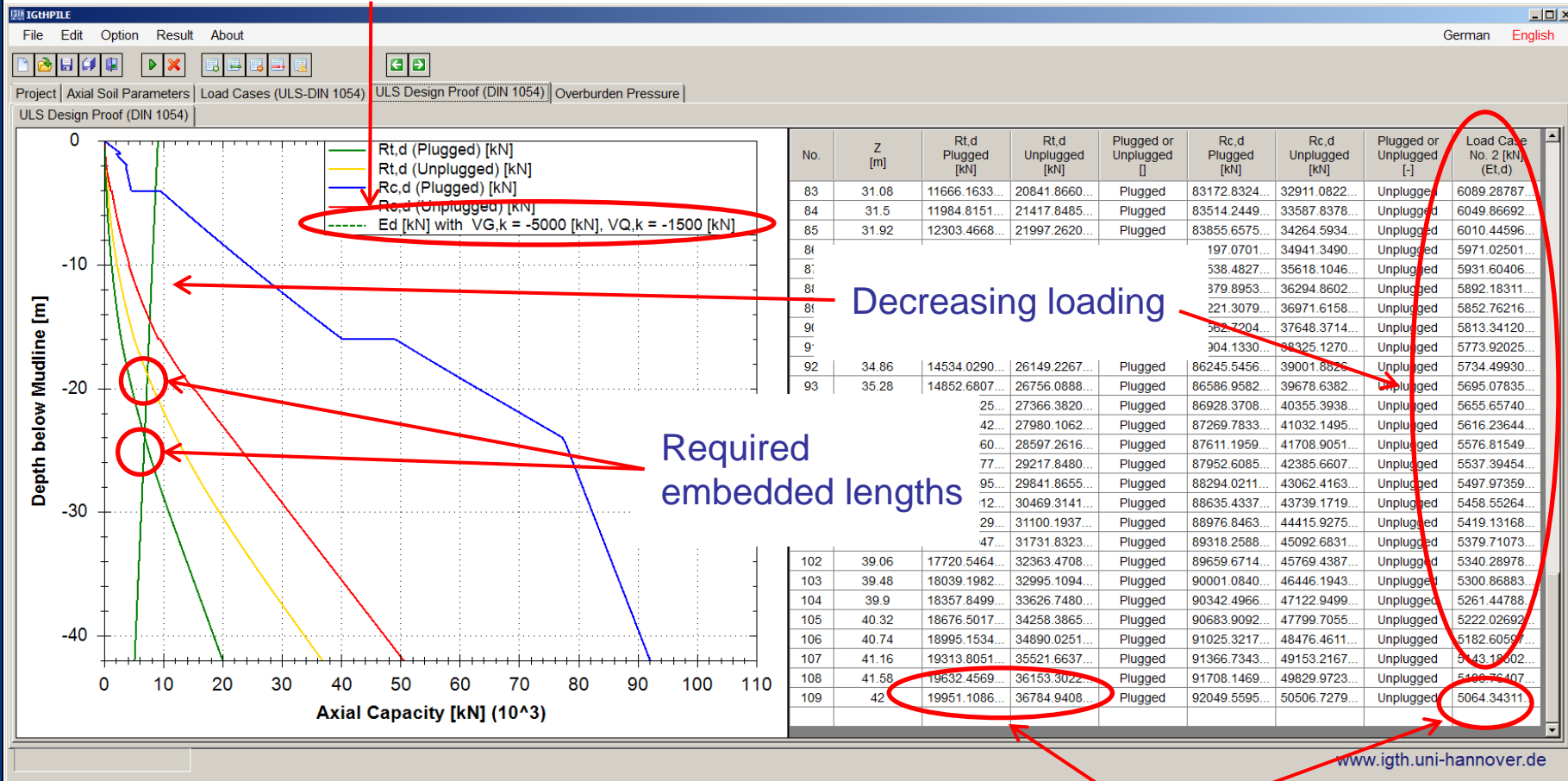
Considered load case: Compression



Design Values

Axially Loaded Piles – ULS Design Proof acc. to DIN 1054

Considered load case: Tension



Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Load-controlled calculation

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File Edit Option Result About

German English

Project Axial Soil Parameters Loading

Project Name: Windfarm xy

Project Number: 123456

Location: North Sea

Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21

Editor: Hans Mustermann

Comments: Jacketpfahl für Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection \leq 1 [m]
- Iterations \leq 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	42	3.15	0.028	784.3303234881...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

Pile Material

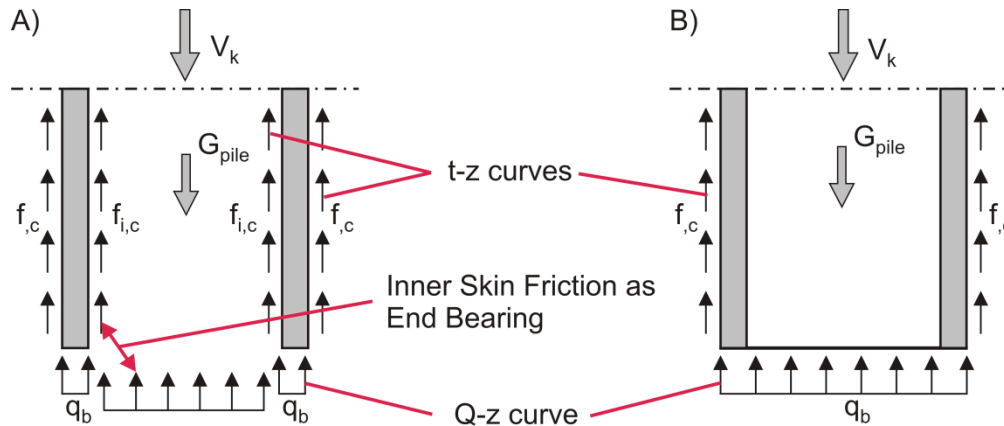
No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ_s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.35433...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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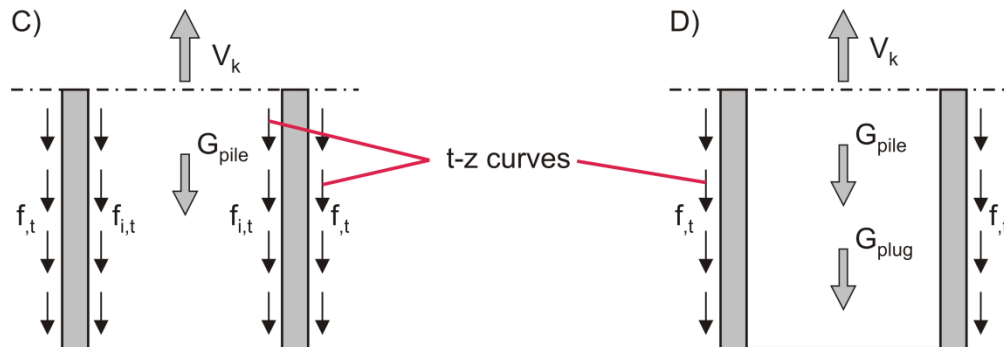
Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Resistance forces assigned to t-z and Q-z curves

- In case of compression loads:



- In case of tension loads:



Note: The inner skin friction $f_{i,c}$ and $f_{i,t}$ is zero for the CPT methods.

Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Bearing behavior: Plugged Residual resistance for cohesive soils

D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Jacketpile.IGTH

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Project Axial Soil Parameters Axial Capacity Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{c,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cv} [°]	C _{u,Top} [kN/m²]	C _{u,Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	Δ _{ky} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity:
 DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]
 ICP -Base: Undrained
 Roughness: 0.02 [mm]
 Limit Skin Friction:
☐ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out
 End Bearing Capacity:
☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement:
 API (Behaviour): Plugged
 API t_{res}: 0.7 [-]
☐ F_β in Q-z - Curves

Settings:
☒ Pile-Weight
☒ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top
☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom
 0 [m] 0 [m]

Scour (API RP 2A):
 Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)
 Local Scour: 0 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Soil Parameters:
 No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ': Internal Friction Angle
 β: Friction Coefficient
 f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction
 N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient
 N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Insert pile head loading

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File Edit Option Result About

Project Axial Soil Parameters **Loading**

Axial Load:

No.	[kN]
1	5500

Lateral Load:

No.	H_k [kN]	M_k [kNm]
-----	------------	-------------

Load

V_k : Vertical Load
 H_k : Horizontal Load
 M_k : Moment
Total Rotation Fixity: inf

Displacement

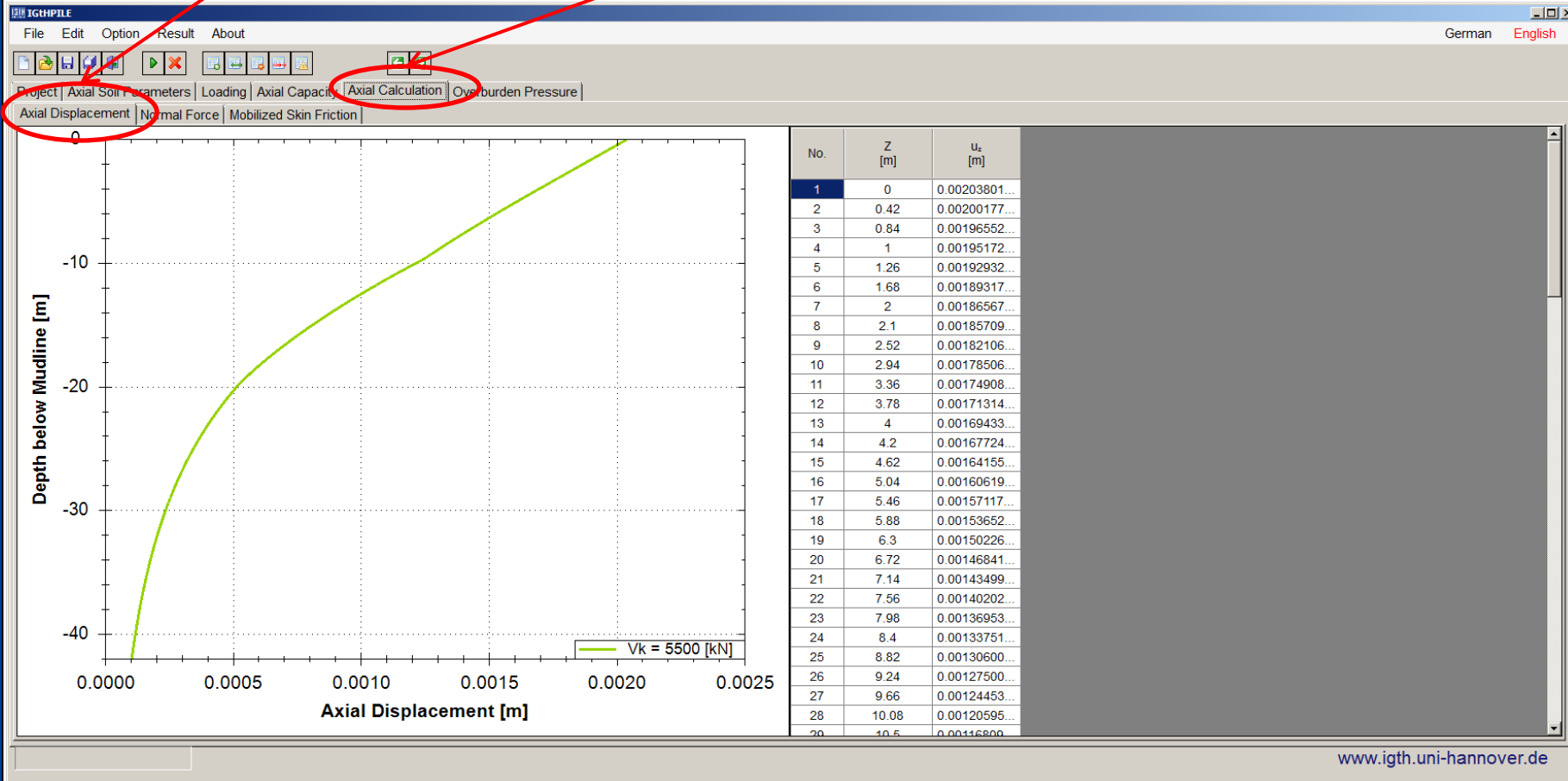
u_z : Vertical Displacement
 u_y : Horizontal Displacement
 Θ : Rotation

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Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Axial displacement

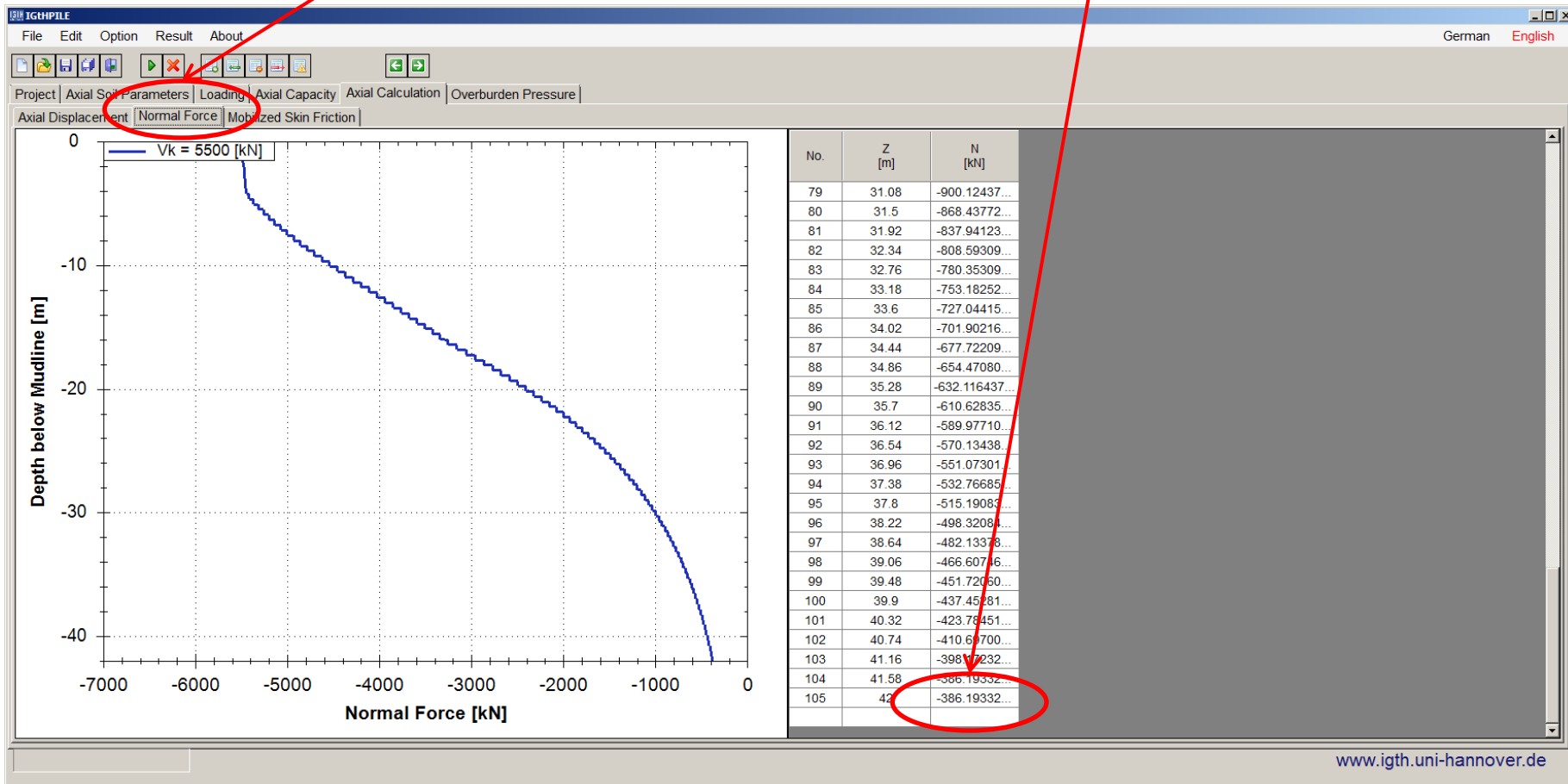
Calculation output



Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

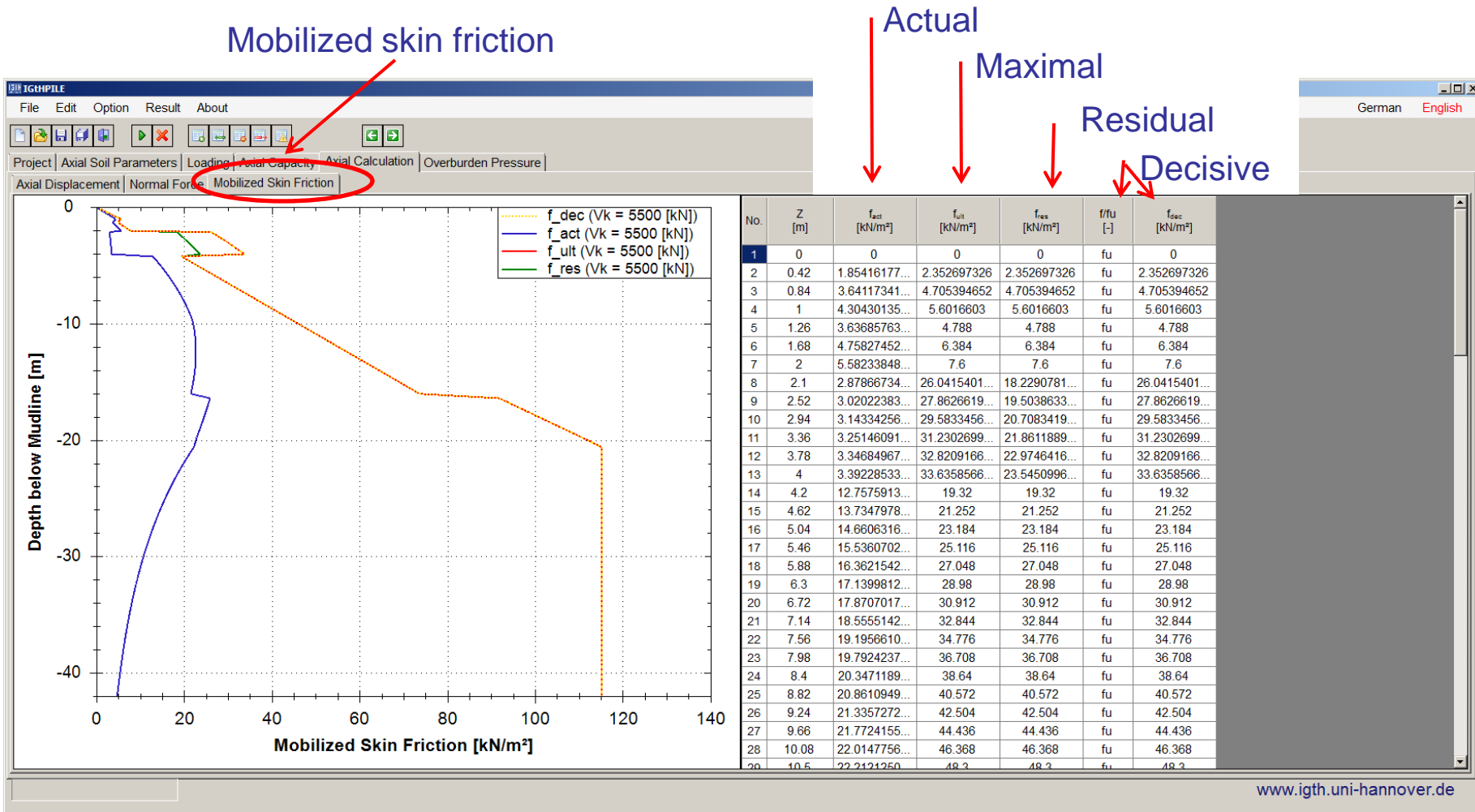
Normal force

End bearing force



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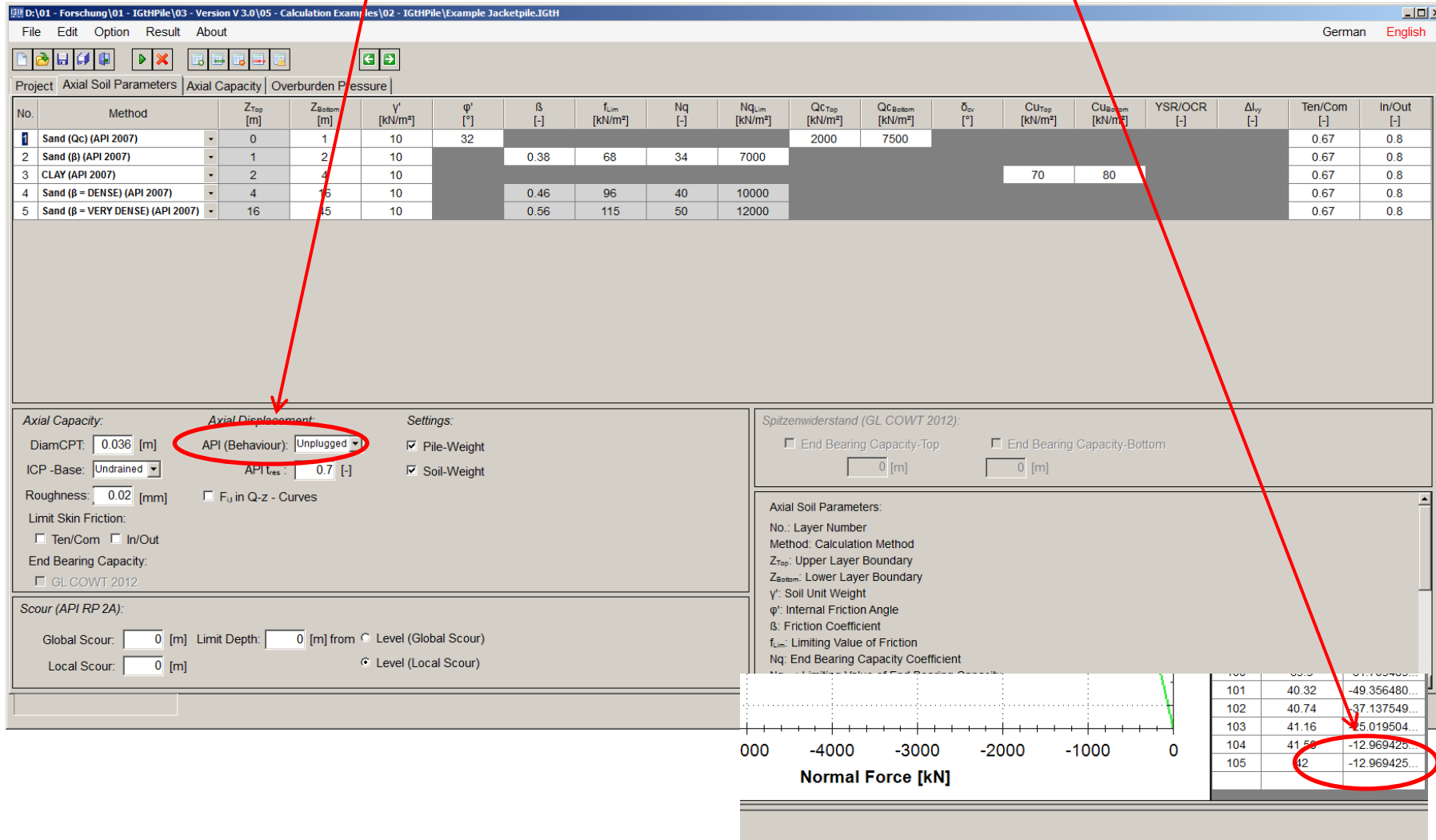
Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation



Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

Bearing behavior: Unplugged

End bearing force



Axially Loaded Piles – Load-Controlled Calculation

The inner skin friction is considered in the Q-z curve and not in the t-z curves

End Bearing Force

D:\01 - Forschung\01 - IGtHPile\03 - Version V 3.0\05 - Calculation Examples\02 - IGtHPile\Example Jacketpile.IGtH

File Edit Option Result About German English

Project Axial Soil Parameters Loading Axial Capacity Axial Calculation Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{C Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{C Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{lv} [°]	C _{U Top} [kN/m²]	C _{U Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔI _{sv} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity: DiamCPT: 0.036 [m] ICP -Base: Undrained Roughness: 0.02 [mm] Limit Skin Friction: ☐ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out End Bearing Capacity: ☐ GL COWT 2012

Axial Displacement: API (Behaviour): Unplugged API t_{ess}: 0.7 [-] ☒ F_{ult} in Q-z - Curves

Settings: ☒ Pile-Weight ☒ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012): ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top ☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom 0 [m] 0 [m]

Axial Soil Parameters:
 No.: Layer Number
 Method: Calculation Method
 Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary
 Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary
 γ': Soil Unit Weight
 φ': Internal Friction Angle
 β: Friction Coefficient
 f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction

Global Scour: 0 [m] Limit Depth: 0 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour) ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Local Scour: 0 [m]

Normal Force [kN]

101	40.32	-201.33334...
102	40.74	-242.24449...
103	41.16	-283.15564...
104	41.58	-324.06679...
105	42	-204.63635...

Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

Presentation of t-z and Q-z curves

IGtHPile

File Edit Option Result About

German English

Project: Axial Soil Parameters

Project Name: Windfarm xy

Project Number: 123456

Location: North Sea

Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21

Editor: Hans Mustermann

Comments: Jacketpfahl for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☒ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☒ t-z - Curves
- ☒ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m ²]	A _{Circle} [m ²]	I [m ⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	42	3.15	0.028	784.3303234881...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

Pile Material

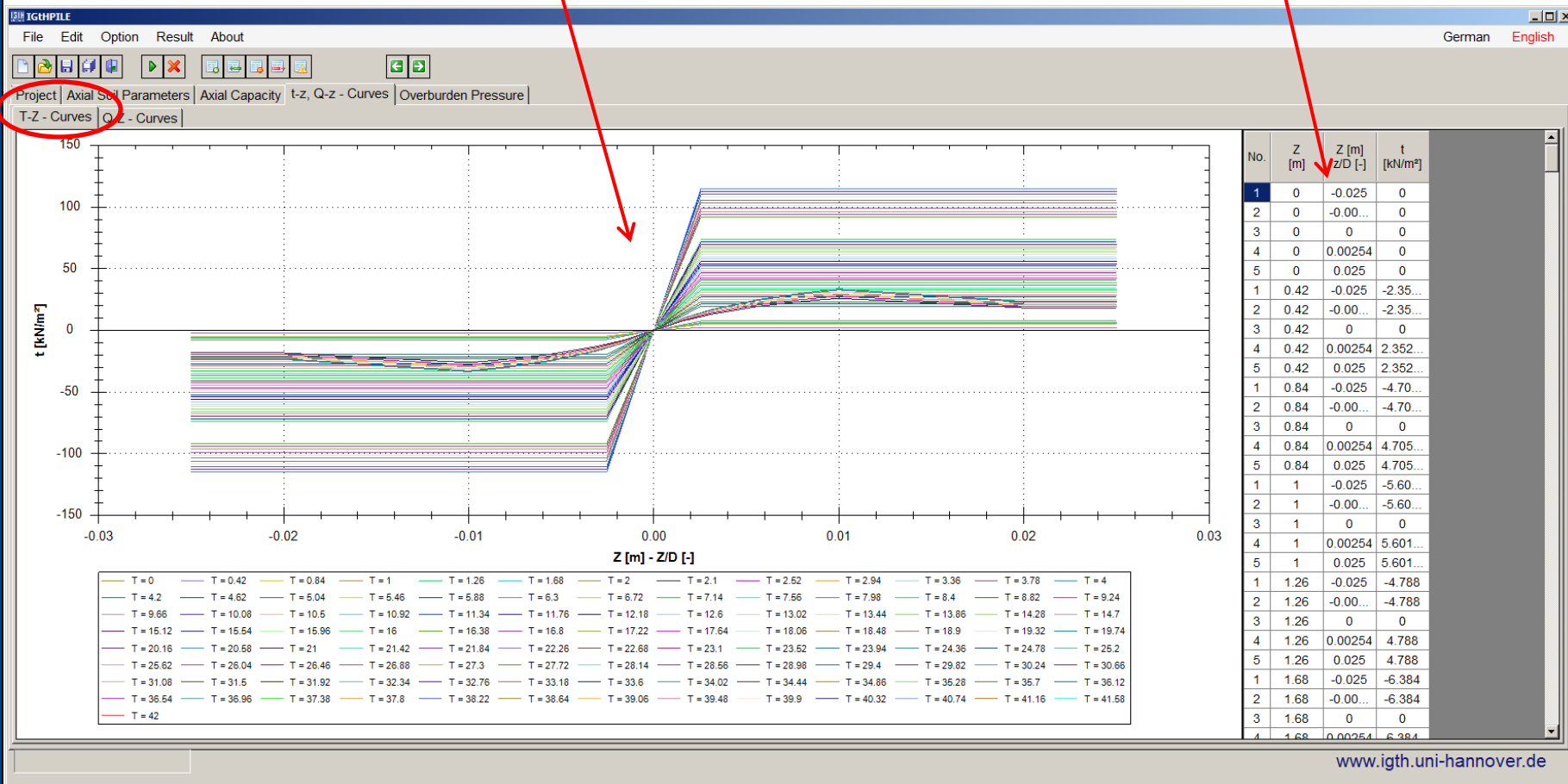
No.	E [kN/m ²]	γ _s [kN/m ³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m ²]
1	2100000000	68	0.27	82677165.35433...
2	2200000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

Graphical presentation of t-z curves

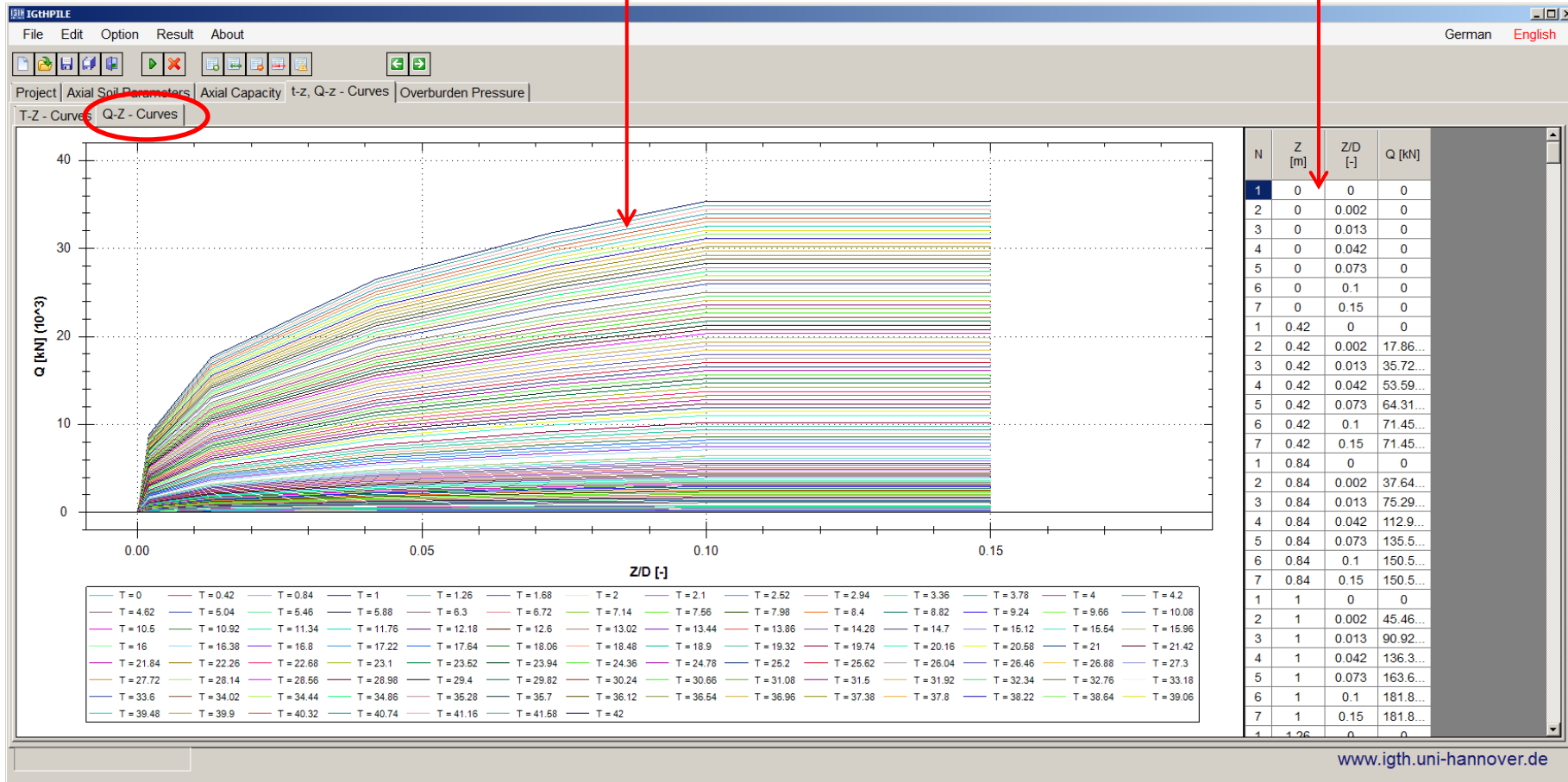
Data of t-z curves displayed in vertical list



Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

Graphical presentation of Q-z curves

Data of Q-z curves displayed in vertical list



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Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

Presentation of t-z and Q-z curves with
t-z and Q-z values for applied loading

IGtHPile

File Edit Option Result About

Project | Axial Soil Parameters | Loading

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Jacketpfahl for Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☒ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☒ t-z - Curves
- ☒ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☐ Scour
- ☐ Deflection ≤ 1 [m]
- Iterations ≤ 200 [-]
- Elements: 100 [-]
- Tolerance: 0.0001 [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{Annular} [m²]	A _{Circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	42	3.15	0.028	784.3303234881...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

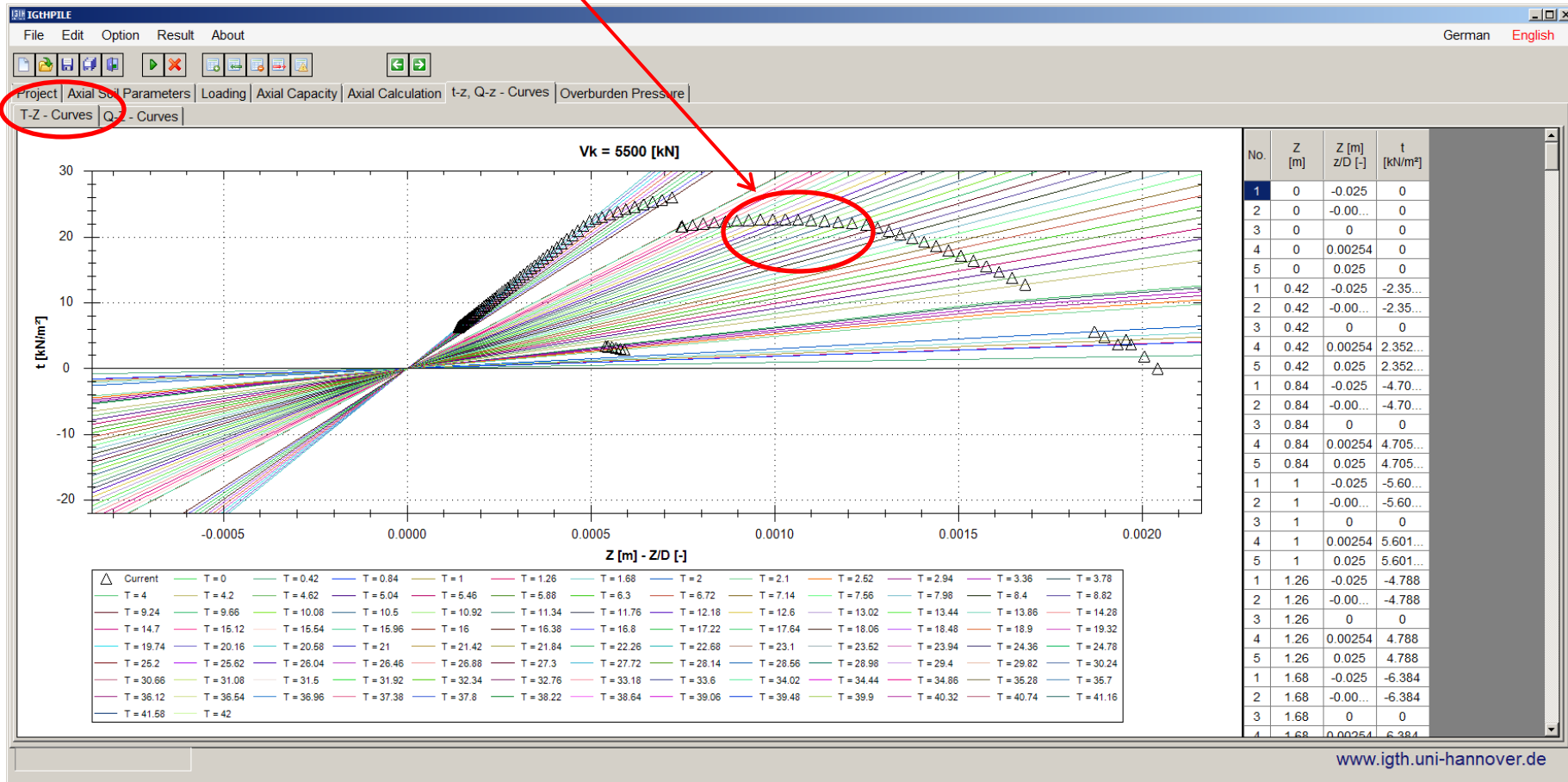
Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	2100000000	68	0.27	82677165.35433...
2	2200000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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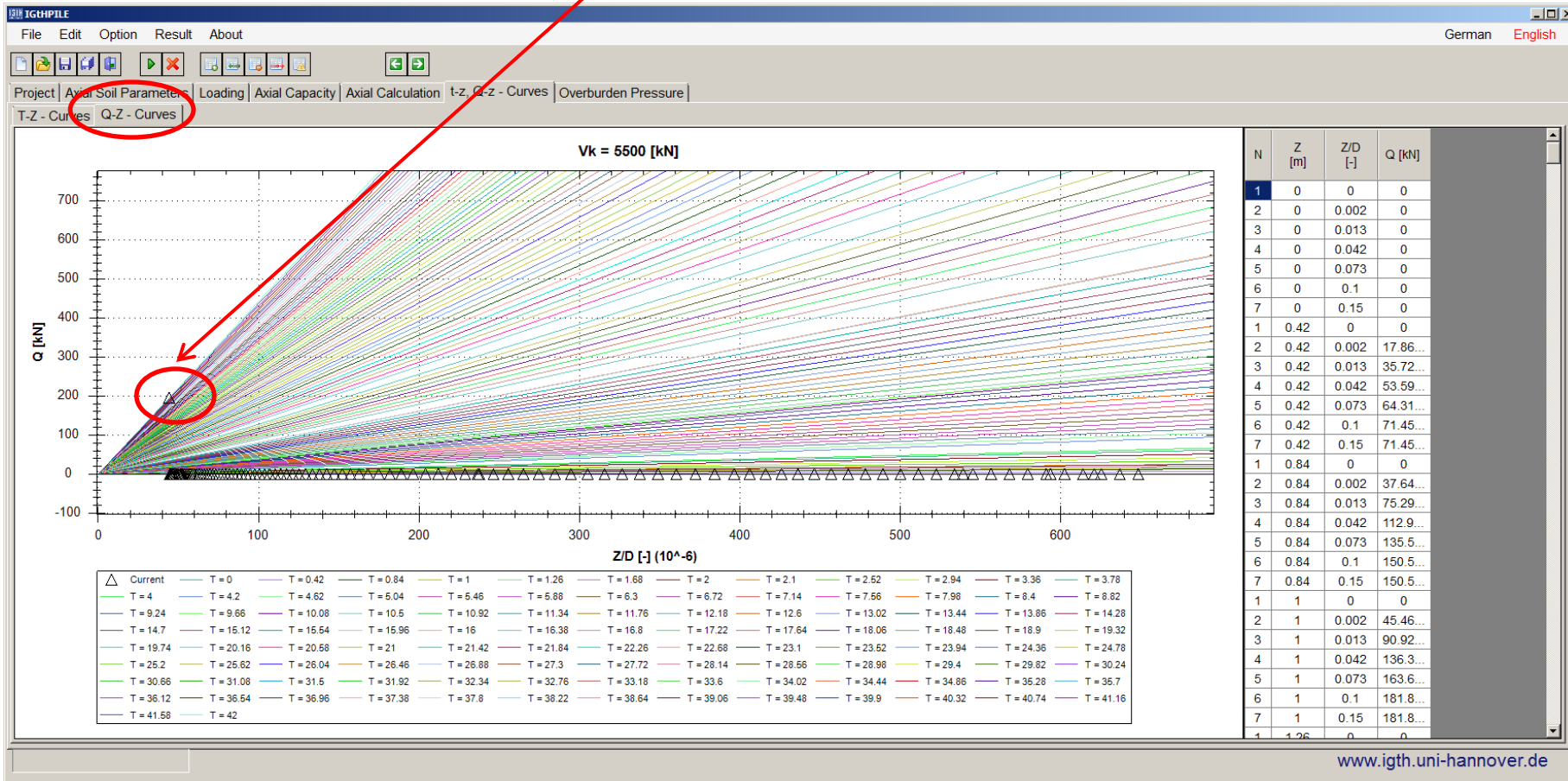
Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

t-z values for applied loading



Axially Loaded Piles – t-z and Q-z Curves

Q-z value for applied loading



Axially Loaded Piles – Scour

Note: The scour function is available for all calculation types

Choose calculation type Scour

File Edit Option Result About

The project is stored without request with the name of the current opened file

Project | Axial Soil Parameters | Loading

Project Name: Windfarm xy
Project Number: 123456
Location: North Sea
Date: 05/01/2015 - 17:40:21
Editor: Hans Mustermann
Comments: Jacketpfahl für Wind Turbine xy

Axially Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Axial Capacity
- ☐ Cyclic Capacity Degradation
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☒ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ t-z - Curves
- ☐ Q-z - Curves

Laterally Loaded Piles:

- ☐ Load-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ Displacement-Controlled Calculation
- ☐ p-y - Curves
- ☐ ULS Design Proof (DIN 1054)
- ☐ Minimum Pile Length
- ☐ Load-Displacement Curve
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Single)
- ☐ Stiffness Matrix (Field)

Settings:

- ☒ Scour
- Deflection ≤ [m]
- Iterations ≤ [-]
- Elements: [-]
- Tolerance: [-]

Pile Section

No.	Material No.	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	D [m]	t [m]	W [kN]	A _{annular} [m²]	A _{circle} [m²]	I [m⁴]
1	1	0	10	3.15	0.031	206.5550674164...	0.303757452082...	7.79311327631118	0.369411663715...
2	1	10	20	3.15	0.024	320.5449922503...	0.235694847242...	7.79311327631118	0.287914572666...
3	1	20	42	3.15	0.028	784.3303234881...	0.274625463406...	7.79311327631118	0.334619730203...

Pile Material

No.	E [kN/m²]	γ _s [kN/m³]	ν [-]	G _s [kN/m²]
1	210000000	68	0.27	82677165.35433...
2	220000000	68	0.27	86614173.22834...

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Axially Loaded Piles – Scour

Define scour and limit depth for effect on effective stresses

Project: Axial Soil Parameters | Loading | Axial Capacity | Axial Calculation | Overburden Pressure

No.	Method	Z _{Top} [m]	Z _{Bottom} [m]	γ' [kN/m³]	φ' [°]	β [-]	f _{lim} [kN/m²]	N _q [-]	N _{q,lim} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,Top} [kN/m²]	Q _{C,Bottom} [kN/m²]	δ _{cv} [°]	Cu _{Top} [kN/m²]	Cu _{Bottom} [kN/m²]	YSR/OCR [-]	ΔI _{vy} [-]	Ten/Com [-]	In/Out [-]
1	Sand (Qc) (API 2007)	0	1	10	32					2000	7500						0.67	0.8
2	Sand (β) (API 2007)	1	2	10		0.38	68	34	7000								0.67	0.8
3	CLAY (API 2007)	2	4	10									70	80			0.67	0.8
4	Sand (β = DENSE) (API 2007)	4	16	10		0.46	96	40	10000								0.67	0.8
5	Sand (β = VERY DENSE) (API 2007)	16	45	10		0.56	115	50	12000								0.67	0.8

Axial Capacity:

DiamCPT: 0.036 [m]

ICP -Base: Undrained

Roughness: 0.02 [mm]

Limit Skin Friction:

☐ Ten/Com ☐ In/Out

End Bearing Capacity:

☐ GLCOWT 2012

Axial Displacement:

API (Behaviour): Unplugged

API t_{ss}: 0.7 [-]

☒ F_u in Q-z - Curves

Settings:

☒ Pile-Weight

☒ Soil-Weight

Spitzenwiderstand (GL COWT 2012):

☐ End Bearing Capacity-Top

☐ End Bearing Capacity-Bottom

0 [m] 0 [m]

Scour (API R-2A):

Global Scour: 5 [m] Limit Depth: 7 [m] from ☐ Level (Global Scour)

Local Scour: 3 [m] ☒ Level (Local Scour)

Axial Soil Parameters:

No.: Layer Number

Method: Calculation Method

Z_{Top}: Upper Layer Boundary

Z_{Bottom}: Lower Layer Boundary

γ': Soil Unit Weight

φ': Internal Friction Angle

β: Friction Coefficient

f_{lim}: Limiting Value of Friction

N_q: End Bearing Capacity Coefficient

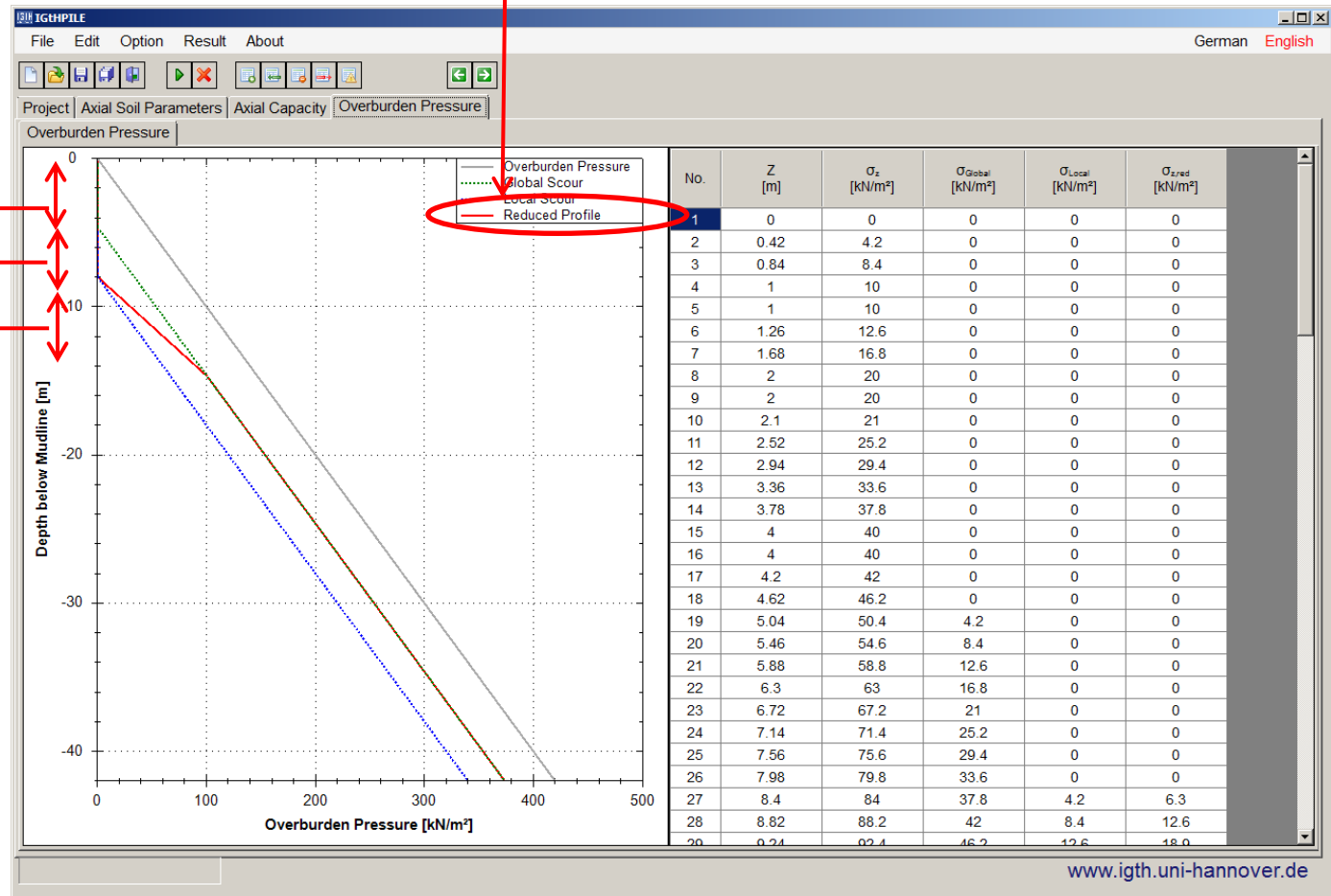
N_{q,lim}: Limiting Value of End Bearing Capacity

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Axially Loaded Piles – Scour

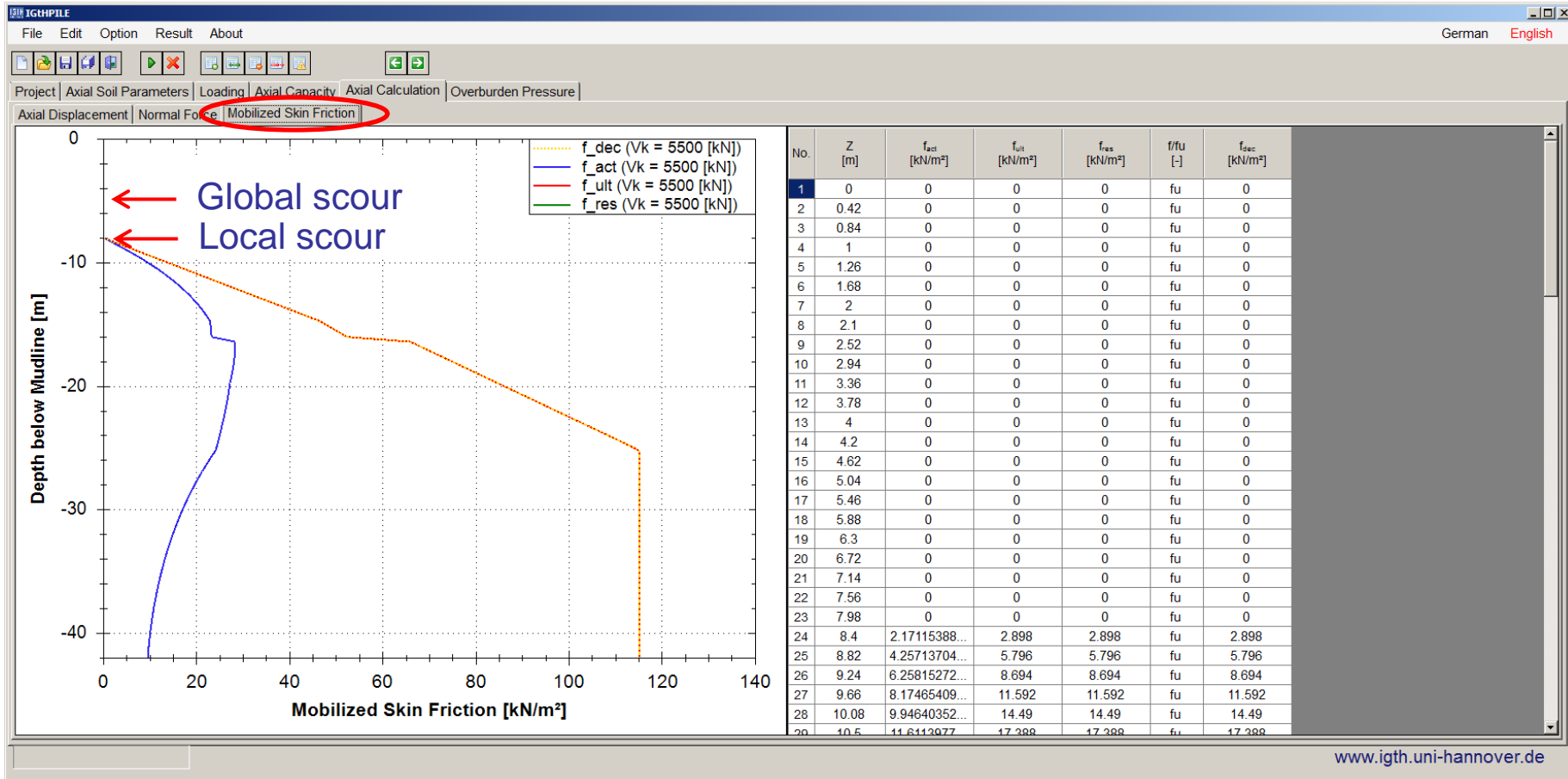
Overburden pressure
considered in calculations

Global scour
Local scour
Linear transition
(limit depth)



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Axially Loaded Piles – Scour



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Special thanks to:



Federal Ministry for
Economic Affairs and
Energy (BMWi)